

UR 75 Industrial Cellular Router User Guide

Xiamen Ursalink Technology Co., Ltd.

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www.ursalink.com

Preface

Thanks for choosing Ursalink UR75 industrial cellular router. The UR75 industrial cellular router delivers tenacious connection over network with full-featured design such as automated failover/failback, extended operating temperature, dual SIM cards, hardware watchdog, VPN, Gigabit Ethernet and beyond. This guide describes how to configure and operate the UR75 industrial cellular router. You can refer to it for detailed functionality and router configuration.

Readers

This guide is mainly intended for the following users:

- Network Planners
- On-site technical support and maintenance personnel
- Network administrators responsible for network configuration and maintenance

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Products Covered

This guide explains how to configure the following devices:

• Ursalink UR75 Industrial Cellular Router

Related Documents

Document	Description
Ursalink UR75 Datasheet	Datasheet for the Ursalink UR75 industrial cellular router.
Ursalink UR75 Quick Start Guide	Quick Installation guide for the Ursalink UR75 series industrial cellular router.

Declaration of Conformity

UR75 is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of the CE, FCC, and RoHS.





For assistance, please contact Ursalink technical support: Email: support@ursalink.com Tel.: 86-592-5023060 Fax: 86-592-5023065

Revision History

Date	Doc Version	Description
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Chapter 1 Product Introduction

1.1 Overview

Ursalink UR75 is an industrial cellular router with embedded intelligent software features that are designed for multifarious M2M/IoT applications. Supporting global WCDMA and 4G LTE, UR75 provides drop-in connectivity for operators and makes a giant leap in maximizing uptime.

Adopting high-performance and low-power consumption industrial platform of 64-bit CPU and wireless module, the UR75 is capable of providing wire-speed network with a typical 4 W power consumption and ultra-small package to ensure the extremely safe and reliable connection to the wireless network.

Meanwhile, the UR75 also supports Gigabit Ethernet ports, serial port (RS232/RS485) and I/O (input/output), which enables you to scale up M2M application combining data and video in limited time and budget.

The UR75 is particularly ideal for smart grid, digital media installations, industrial automation, telemetry equipment, medical device, digital factory, finance, payment device, environment protection, water conservancy and so on.





1.2 Advantages

Benefits

- Built-in industrial strong CPU, big memory; SSD/Micro SD card is available to support further development and customized requirements
- Gigabit Ethernet is applied to all models of Ursalink routers for lightning transmission of data
- Dual SIM cards for backup between multiple carriers networking and global 3G/LTE options make it easy to get connected
- Embed Ursalink SDK (Python 2.7/C) for secondary development
- Flexible modular design provides users with different connection modules like Ethernet, I/O, serial port, Wi-Fi, GPS for connecting diverse field assets
- Rugged enclosure, optimized for DIN rail or shelf mounting
- 3-year warranty included

Security & Reliability

- Automated failover/failback between Ethernet and Cellular (dual SIM)
- Enable unit with security frameworks like IPsec/OpenVPN/GRE/L2TP/PPTP/ DMVPN
- Embed hardware watchdog, able to automatically recover from various failure, ensure highest level of availability
- Establish a secured mechanism on centralized authentication and authorization of device access by supporting AAA (TACACS+, Radius, LDAP, local authentication) and multiple levels of user authority
- -

Easy Maintenance

- Ursalink DeviceHub provides easy setup, mass configuration, and centralized management of remote devices
- The user-friendly web interface design and more than one option of upgrade help administrator to manage the device as easy as pie
- WEB GUI and CLI enable the admin to achieve simple management and quick configuration among a large quantity of devices
- Efficiently manage the remote routers on the existing platform through the industrial standard SNMP

Capabilities

- Link remote devices in an environment where communication technologies are constantly changing
- Industrial 64-bit ARM Cortex-A53 processor, high-performance operating up to 800MHz with low power consumption below 1W, and 256 MB memory available to support more applications
- Support max. 512GB SSD interface
- Support rich protocols like SNMP, MQTT, Modbus bridging, RIP, OSPF
- Support wide operating temperature ranging from -40°C to 70°C/-40°F to 158°F

1.3 Specifications

Cellular Interfaces	
Connectors	$2 \times 50 \Omega$ SMA (Center pin: female)
SIM Slots	2
Wi-Fi Interface (Optional)	
Connectors	$2 \times 50 \Omega$ SMA (Center pin: female)
Standards	IEEE 802.11b/g/n/ac
Tx Power	802.11b: 15dBm ± 2dBm@11Mbp
	802.11g: 13dBm ± 2dBm@54Mbps
	802.11gn HT20: 12dBm ± 2dBm@MCS7
	802.11gn HT40: 11dBm ± 2dBm@MCS7
	802.11an HT20: 11dBm ± 2dBm@MCS7
	802.11an HT40: 10dBm ± 2dBm@MCS7
	802.11ac(HT80): 4dBm ± 2dBm@MCS9
Rx Sensitivity	802.11b: ≤ -76dBm@54Mbps
	802.11g: ≤ -65dBm@54Mbps
	802.11gn HT20: ≤ -64dBm@MCS7
	802.11gn HT40: ≤ -61dBm@MCS7
	802.11an HT20: ≤ -64dBm@MCS7
	802.11an HT40: ≤ -61dBm@MCS7
	802.11ac (HT80): ≤ -51dBm@MCS9
Modes	Access point, support for multiple SSID, support AP and Client
	mode
Security	WPA/WPA2 authentication, WEP/TKIP/AES encryption
Hardware System	
CPU 800MHz, 64-bit ARM Cortex-A53	
Memory	64 MB Flash, 256 MB DDR3 RAM
Storage	$1 \times$ Micro SD, $1 \times$ M.2 slot supports SATA M.2 SSD (22 x 42 mm) up to
	512 GB
Ethernet	
Ports	5 × RJ-45
Physical Layer	10/100/1000 Base-T (IEEE 802.3)
Data Rate	10/100/1000 Mbps (auto-sensing)
Interface	Auto MDI/MDIX

Serial InterfacePorts1 × RS232 + 1 × RS485 or 2 × RS232 or 2 × RS485ConnectorTerminal blockBaud Rate300bps to 230400bpsBaud Rate(4) pin screw down terminal blockDigta2 × D 2Connector(4) pin screw down terminal blockDigta2 × D 2 × 2 × DSoftwareVENPVPN TunnelNYRRP, HTTP, HTTPS, DNS, ARP, QOS, SNTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH, etc.VPN TunnelDMYPN/IPsc/OpenVPN/PPTP/12TP/GREAccess AuthenticationCHAP/AP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPV2Kexess AuthenticationCHAP/AP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPV2Access AuthenticationCHAP/AP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPV2Kexess AuthenticationCHAP/AP/MS-CHAPV2MaagementWeb, CLI, SMS, On-demand dial upAAARadius, TACACS+, LDAP, Local AuthenticationMultiple levels of user authorityReliabilityVencomptomTransparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTP)Iput Voltage9-48 VDCPower Supply and ConsumptionSpical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical Characteristics132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in)Ingress Protection132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in)Ingress Protection132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in)Ingensions132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in)Ingress Protection132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in)Ingensions132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in)Ingensions132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in)Ingensions132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.7	Mode	Full or half duplex (auto-sensing)	
ConnectorTerminal blockBaud Rate300bps to 230400bpsBaud Rate300bps to 230400bpsConnector(4) pin screw down terminal blockDigital2 × Dl + 2 × DOSoftwareVRP, PPPoE, SNMP v1/v2c/v3, TCP, UDP, DHCP, RIPv1/v2, OSPF, DDNS, VRRP, HTTP, HTTPS, DNS, ARP, QOS, SNTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH, etc.VPN TunnelDMVPN/IPsec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP/GREAccess AuthenticationCHAP/PAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPV2FirewallACL/DMZ/Port Mapping/MAC BindingManagementWeb, CLI, SMS, On-demand dial upAAARadius, TACACS+, LDAP, Local AuthenticationMultilevel AuthorityMultiple levels of user authorityReliabilityVRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM BackupSerial Port2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal blockInput Voltage9-48 VDCPower ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical Characteristics132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in)Ingress Protection1920Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Serial Interface		
Bauk Rate 3000ps to 2304000ps Bauk Rate 3000ps to 2304000ps IO Connector (4) pin screw down terminal block Digital 2 × DI + 2 × DO Software Vertice PPP, PPOE, SNMP v1/v2c/v3, TCP, UDP, DHCP, RIPv1/v2, OSPF, DDNS, VRRP, HTTP, HTTPS, DNS, ARP, QOS, SNTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH, etc. VPN Tunnel DMVPN/IPsec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP/GRE Access Authentication CHAP/PAP/MS-CHAP/VAS-CHAPV2 Firewall ACL/DMZ/Port Mapping/MAC Binding Management Web, CLI, SMS, On-demand dial up AAA Radius, TACACS+, LDAP, Local Authentication Multiple levels of user authority Multiple levels of user authority Reliability VRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM Backup Serial Port Transparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTP) Onnector 2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal block Input Voltage 948 VDC Power Somption Typical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W) Physical Characteristics Input sol 3.2 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in) Ingress Protection I32 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in) Mounting Desktop, wall or DIN rail mounting	Ports	1 × RS232 + 1 × RS485 or 2 × RS232 or 2 × RS485	
IO Connector [4] pin screw down terminal block Digital 2 × DI + 2 × DO Software PPP, PPOE, SNMP V1/V2C/V3, TCP, UDP, DHCP, RIPV1/V2, OSPF, DDNS, VRP, HTTP, HTTPS, DNS, ARP, QOS, SNTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH, etc. VPN Tunnel DMVPN/IPsec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP/GRE Access Authentication CHAP/PAP/MS-CHAP/VS-CHAPV2 Firewall ACL/DMZ/Port Mapping/MAC Binding Management Web, CLI, SMS, On-demand dial up AAA Radius, TACACS+, LDAP, Local Authentication Multilevel Authority Multiple levels of user authority Reliability VRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM Backup Serial Port Transparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTU to Modbus TCP) Power Supply and Consumption Typical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W) Physical Characteristics Input Voltage Ingress Protection IP30 Housing & Weight Metal, 492 g (1.08 lb) Dimensions 132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in) Mounting Desktop, wall or DIN rail mounting Others Ix POWER, 1 x WLAN, 1 x STATUS, 1 x VPN, 1 x SIM2, 3 x Signal strength	Connector	Terminal block	
Connector(4) pin screw down terminal blockDigital2 × DI + 2 × DOSoftwareNetwork ProtocolsPPP, PPPoE, SNMP v1/v2c/v3, TCP, UDP, DHCP, RIPv1/v2, OSPF, DDNS, VRRP, HTTP, HTTPS, DNS, ARP, QOS, SNTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH, etc.VPN TunnelDMVPN/IPsec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP/GREAccess AuthenticationCHAP/AP/MS-CHAP/V3-CHAPV2FirewallACL/DMZ/Port Mapping/MAC BindingManagementWeb, CLI, SMS, On-demand dial upAAARadius, TACACS+, LDAP, Local AuthenticationMultilevel AuthorityMultiple levels of user authorityReliabilityVRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM BackupSerial PortTransparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTU to Modbus TCP)Power Supply and ConsumptionPypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical CharacteristicsIP30Ingress ProtectionIP30Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthersI × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, a × Slind, 1 × Slind, 3 × Signal strength	Baud Rate	300bps to 230400bps	
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Access AuthenticationCHAP/PAP/MS-CHAP/V3FirewallACL/DMZ/Port Mapping/MAC BindingManagementWeb, CLI, SMS, On-demand dial upAAARadius, TACACS+, LDAP, Local AuthenticationMultilevel AuthorityMultiple levels of user authorityReliabilityVRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM BackupSerial PortTransparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTU to Modbus TCP)Power Supply and Consumption2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal blockInput Voltage9-48 VDCPower ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical Characteristics1930Ingress ProtectionIP30MountingMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions1.32 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 x RESETLED Indicators1 x POWER, 1 x WLAN, 1 x STATUS, 1 x VPN, i x SIM1, 1 x SIM2, 3 x Signal strength		VRRP, HTTP, HTTPS, DNS, ARP, QOS, SNTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH, etc.	
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ManagementWeb, CLI, SMS, On-demand dial upAAARadius, TACACS+, LDAP, Local AuthenticationMultilevel AuthorityMultiple levels of user authorityReliabilityVRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM BackupSerial PortTransparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTU to Modbus TCP)Power Supply and ConsumptionValueConnector2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal blockInput Voltage9-48 VDCPower ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical CharacteristicsIP30Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, a × Signal strength	Access Authentication	CHAP/PAP/MS-CHAP/MS-CHAPV2	
AAARadius, TACACS+, LDAP, Local AuthenticationMultilevel AuthorityMultiple levels of user authorityReliabilityVRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM BackupSerial PortTransparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTU to Modbus TCP)Power Supply and Consumption2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal blockInput Voltage9-48 VDCPower ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical Characteristics1930Ingress Protection1920 (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 × 103.8 × 45 mm (5.20 × 4.09 × 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, a × Signal strength	Firewall	ACL/DMZ/Port Mapping/MAC Binding	
Multilevel AuthorityMultiple levels of user authorityReliabilityVRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM BackupReliabilityTransparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTU to Modbus TCP)Power Supply and Consumption2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal blockConnector2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal blockInput Voltage9-48 VDCPower ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical Characteristics1930Ingress ProtectionIP30Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 × RESETReset Button1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, a × Signal strength	Management	Web, CLI, SMS, On-demand dial up	
ReliabilityVRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM BackupSerial PortTransparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTU to Modbus TCP)Power Supply and Consumptio2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal blockInput Voltage9-48 VDCPower ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical Characteristics1930Ingress Protection1930Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 x RESETLED Indicators1 x POWER, 1 x WLAN, 1 x STATUS, 1 x VPN, 1 x SIM1, 1 x SIM2, 3 x Signal strength	AAA	Radius, TACACS+, LDAP, Local Authentication	
Serial PortTransparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTU to Modbus TCP)Power Supply and Consumption2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal blockInput Voltage9-48 VDCPower ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical Characteristics1930Ingress ProtectionIP30Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Multilevel Authority	Multiple levels of user authority	
The trace to the	Reliability	VRRP, WAN Failover, Dual SIM Backup	
Power Supply and ConsumptionConnector2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal blockInput Voltage9-48 VDCPower ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical CharacteristicsIngress ProtectionIngress ProtectionIP30Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Serial Port	Transparent (TCP Client/Server, UDP), Modbus Gateway (Modbus RTU	
Connector2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal blockInput Voltage9-48 VDCPower ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical CharacteristicsIP30Ingress ProtectionIP30Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength		to Modbus TCP)	
Input Voltage9-48 VDCPower ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical CharacteristicsPhysical CharacteristicsIngress ProtectionIP30Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 × RESETReset Button1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Power Supply and Consumpt	ion	
Power ConsumptionTypical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)Physical CharacteristicsIngress ProtectionIP30Ingress ProtectionMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthersI x RESETReset Button1 x RESETLED Indicators1 x POWER, 1 x WLAN, 1 x STATUS, 1 x VPN, 1 x SIM1, 1 x SIM2, 3 x Signal strength	Connector	2-pin with 5.08 mm terminal block	
Physical CharacteristicsIngress ProtectionIP30Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 × RESETReset Button1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Input Voltage	9-48 VDC	
Ingress ProtectionIP30Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthers1 × RESETReset Button1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Power Consumption	Typical 4.0 W (Max 6.7 W)	
Housing & WeightMetal, 492 g (1.08 lb)Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthersI x RESETReset Button1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Physical Characteristics		
Dimensions132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthersI × RESETReset Button1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Ingress Protection	IP30	
MountingDesktop, wall or DIN rail mountingOthersI × RESETReset Button1 × RESETLED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Housing & Weight	Metal, 492 g (1.08 lb)	
Others I × RESET Reset Button 1 × RESET LED Indicators 1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Dimensions	132 x 103.8 x 45 mm (5.20 x 4.09 x 1.77 in)	
Reset Button 1 × RESET LED Indicators 1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Mounting	Desktop, wall or DIN rail mounting	
LED Indicators1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN, 1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Others		
1 × SIM1, 1 × SIM2, 3 × Signal strength	Reset Button	1 × RESET	
	LED Indicators	1 × POWER, 1 × WLAN, 1 × STATUS, 1 × VPN,	
Built-in Watchdog, RTC, Timer		$1 \times SIM1$, $1 \times SIM2$, $3 \times Signal strength$	
	Built-in	Watchdog, RTC, Timer	

Certifications	RoHS, CE, FCC
EMC	IEC 61000-4-2 Level 3
	IEC 61000-4-3 Level 3
	IEC 61000-4-4 Level 4
	IEC 61000-4-5 Level 4
	IEC 61000-4-6 Level 3
	IEC 61000-4-8 Level 4
Environmental	
Operating Temperature	-40°C to +70°C (-40°F to +158°F) Reduced cellular performance above
operating remperature	60°C
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
Ethernet Isolation	1.5 kV RMS
Relative Humidity	0% to 95% (non-condensing) at 25°C/77°F

1.4 Dimensions (mm)



Figure 1-2

Chapter 2 Installation

2.1 General Packing List

Before you begin to install the UR75 router, please check the package contents to verify that you have received the items below.



If any of the above items is missing or damaged, please contact your Ursalink sales representative.

2.2 Product Overview

A. Front Panel



- ① Main Cellular Antenna Connector
- 2 Reset Button
- ③ LED Indicator Area POWER: Power Indicator STATUS: Status Indicator WLAN: Wi-Fi Indicator VPN: VPN Indicator SIM 1: SIM 1 Status Indicator SIM 2: SIM 2 Status Indicator ▼: Signal Strength Indicator
- Ethernet Port Indicator
 Orange for data transmission;
 Green for network rate
- 5 AUX Cellular Antenna Connector
- 6 WLAN 2: Wi-Fi Antenna Connector 2
- ⑦ Serial Port & I/O
- 8 GPS Antenna Connector
- 9 WLAN 1: Wi-Fi Antenna Connector 1

B. Left Side Panel



SIM Card Slot
 Power Connector
 Grounding Stud

2.3 LED Indicators

LED	Indication	Status	Description
	Power	On	The power is switched on
POWER	Status	Off	The power is switched off
	Custom	Crean Light	Static: Start-up
STATUS	System	Green Light	Blinking slowly: the system is running properly
	Status	Red Light	The system goes wrong
VPN	VPN	Green Light	VPN is connected

	Status	Off	VPN is disconnected
		Green Light	Static: Wi-Fi is enabled
	WLAN Status		Blinking slowly: sending or receiving data via Wi-Fi
(Wi-Fi)	Status	Off	Wi-Fi is disabled
		Off	SIM1 or SIM2 is registering or fails to register (or there are no
			SIM cards inserted)
			Blinking slowly: SIM1 or SIM2 has been registered and is
SIM1/SIM	SIM Card		ready for dial-up
2	Status		Blinking rapidly: SIM1 or SIM2 has been registered and is
			dialing up now
			Static: SIM1 or SIM2 has been registered and dialed up
			successfully
		Off	No signal
			Static/Off/Off: weak signal with 1-10 ASU (please check if the
			antenna is installed correctly or move the antenna to a
Signal	Signal		suitable location to get better signal)
Strength 1/2/3	1/2/3		Static/Static/Off: normal signal with 11-20 ASU. (average
			signal strength)
			Static/Static/Static: strong signal with 21-31 ASU (signal is
			good)

2.4 Ethernet Port Indicators

Indicator	Status	Description
	On	Connected
Link Indicator (Orange)	Blinking	Transmitting data
	Off	Disconnected
	On	1000 Mbps mode
Rate Indicator (Green)	Off	100 Mbps mode

2.5 PIN Definition





PIN	RS232	RS485	DI	DO	Description
1	TXD				Transmit Data
2	RXD				Receive Data
3		А			Data +
4		В			Data -
5	GND		GND		Ground
6			IN1		Digital Input1
7			IN2		Digital Input2
8				OUT1	Digital Output1
9				OUT2	Digital Output2
10				COM	Common Ground

V+ V-				
	PIN	Description		
	11	Positive		
	12	Negative		

2.6 Reset Button

Function	Description				
Function	STATUS LED Action				
Reboot	Blinking	Press and hold the reset button for about 5-15 seconds.			
Rebool	Static Green	Release the button and wait for system to reboot.			
	Blinking	Press and hold the reset button for more than 15 seconds.			
Reset	Static Green → Rapidly Blinking	Release the button and wait.			
	$Off \rightarrow Blinking$	The router is now reset to factory defaults.			

2.7 SIM Card Installation

A. Push the yellow button on left panel of the router, and then you will see the SIM card slot popping out directly.



B. Put SIM card onto the slot, and then insert the slot back into the hole.



2.8 Micro SD card/ SSD Installation

2.8.1 Micro SD Card Installation

A. Unscrew the cover on left panel of the router and then take it off.

B. Insert Micro SD card.





C. Close the cover and screw it back to the router.



2.8.2 SSD Installation

Before installing SSD, please turn off the power.

A. Unscrew the enclosure, and then remove the cover.



B. Unscrew the main-board, find the interface on the rear side of the main-board and then insert SSD.



C. Screw the main-board on the cabinet and close the cover.



2.9 Antenna Installation

Rotate the antenna into the antenna connector accordingly.

The external cellular antenna should be installed vertically always on a site with a good cellular signal.



Note: UR75 router supports dual antennas with "Main" and "AUX" connectors. "Main" interface is for data receiving and transmission. "AUX" interface is for enhancing signal strength, which cannot be used separately.

2.10 Mounting the Router

The router can be placed on a desktop or mounted to a wall or a DIN rail.

2.10.1 Wall Mounting (Measured in mm)

Use 2 pcs of M3×6 flat head Phillips screws to fix the wall mounting kit to the router, and then use 2 pcs of M3 drywall screws to mount the router associated with the wall mounting kit on the wall.

Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N. m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.



2.10.2 DIN Rail Mounting (Measured in mm)

Use 2 pcs of M3×6 flat head Phillips screws to fix the DIN rail to the router, and then hang the DIN rail on the mounting bracket. It is necessary to choose a standard bracket.



Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N. m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.



2.11 Connect the Router to a Computer

Please connect PC to any port among GE 1/1-GE1/4 of UR75 router with Ethernet cable directly.



2.12 Installation of Power Supply and Protective Grounding

2.12.1 Power Supply Installation

- A. Take out the terminal from the router and unscrew the bolt on terminal.
- B. Screw down the bolt after inserting power cable into the terminal.



If you insert wires into the reverse holes, the router will not start and you must switch the wires into the correct holes.

2.12.2 Protective Grounding Installation

- 1. Remove the grounding nut.
- 2. Connect the grounding ring of the cabinet's grounding wire onto the grounding stud and screw up the grounding nut.



The router must be grounded when deployed. According to operating environment, the ground wire should be connected with grounding stud of router

2.13 Examine

- 1. Double check antenna connection.
- 2. Double check if SIM card is inserted and become available.
- 3. Power on the UR75 industrial cellular router and check indicators status.
- (1) If Status LED blinks slowly, the system is running properly.
- (2) If SIM1 or SIM2 indicator is static green, the router is connected to network already.

Chapter 3 Access to Web GUI

This chapter explains how to access to Web GUI of the UR75 router.

3.1 PC Configuration for Web GUI Access to Router

Please connect PC to any port among GE 1/1-GE 1/4 of UR75 router directly. PC can obtain an IP address, or you can configure a static IP address manually.

The following steps are based on Windows 10 operating system for your reference.

(Note: as remote access is disabled by default, you can't access to the router's Web GUI when you connect PC to GE 0 of the router. But it will function properly if you enable it on the Web GUI.)





Ethernet Properties X		
	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties X	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties X
Vetworking Sharing	General Alternate Configuration	General
Connect using:	You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports	You can get IP settings assigned 192, 168, 1, 20 ts
Intel(R) 82567LM Gigabit Network Connection	this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.	this capability. Otherwise, you ne 192.108.1.20 r for the appropriate IP settings. 255.255.255.0
Configure This connection uses the following items:	Obtain an IP address automatically	Obtain an IP address autor 192.168.1.1
Client for Microsoft Networks	O Use the following IP address:	Use the following IP address:
☑ 🕎 File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks	IP address:	IP address: 192 . 168 . 1 . 20
Gos Packet Scheduler Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Subnet mask:	Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Microsoft Net Adapter Multiplexor Protocol	Default gateway:	Default gateway: 192 . 168 . 1 . 1
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Obtain DNS server address automatically	Obtain DNS server address automatically
	O Use the following DNS server addresses:	Use the following DNS server addresses:
Install Uninstall Properties	Preferred DNS server:	Preferred DNS server: 192.168.1.1
Description	Alternate DNS server:	Alternate DNS server:
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.		192,168, 1,1
a maanna unannan laasa taraa mahaa yoo yoo yoo yoo yoo yoo yoo yoo yoo y	Validate settings upon exit Advanced	Validate settings upon exit
OK Cancel	OK Cancel	OK Cancel
) Double Click "Internet	(6) Method 1: click "Obtain an IP	Method 2: click "Use the following
Double click internet	Wethou I. Click Obtain an IP	Wethou 2. click Ose the following
Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	" address automatically";	IP address" to assign a static IP
,	address acconducting,	0
to configure IP address and		manually within the same subnet of
DNS server.		the router.

(Note: remember to click "OK" to finish configuration.)

3.2 Access to Web GUI of Router

Ursalink router provides Web-based configuration interface for management. If this is the first time you configure the router, please use the default settings below.

Username: admin Password: password

IP Address: 192.168.1.1

DHCP Server: Enabled

- 1. Start a Web browser on your PC (Chrome and IE are recommended), type in the IP address, and press Enter on your keyboard.
- 2. Enter the username, password, and click "Login".

(C) (D) (C) http://192.168.1.1/login.hu D - C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C)	
	Password
	Login

If the SIM card is connected to cellular network with public IP address, you can access WEB GUI remotely via the public IP address when remote access is enabled.



 When you login with the default username and password, you will be asked to modify the password. It's suggested that you change the password for the sake of security. Click "Cancel" button if you want to modify it later.

4. After you login the Web GUI, you can view system information and perform configuration on the router.

URSAL	.INK								
Status		Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS
Network	Þ	System Information	ation						
		Model		UR75					
System	•	Partnumber		W11-S1122-GF	PS				
Industrial	•	Serial Number		621274843088					
Industrial		Firmware Version	li i	1.1.0.28					
Maintenance	×	Hardware Versior	t)	0120					
		Local Time		2018-03-16 09	21:58				
APP	>	Uptime		10:56:59					
		CPU Load		19%					
		RAM (Capacity/A	wailable)	256MB/68MB(26.56%)				
		Flash (Capacity//	Available)	64MB/37MB(5	7.81%)				
							N	lanual Refresh 🔽	Refresh
							-		

Chapter 4 Web Configuration

4.1 Status

4.1.1 Overview

You can view the system information of the router on this page.

Status	Overview Cellular	Network WLAP
Network	System Information	
	Model	UR75
System	Partnumber	W11-S1122-GPS
Industrial	Serial Number	621274843088
maashar	Firmware Version	1.1.0.28
Maintenance	Hardware Version	0120
	Local Time	2018-03-16 09:21:58
APP	Uptime	10:56:59
	CPU Load	19%
	RAM (Capacity/Available)	256MB/68MB(26.56%)
	Flash (Capacity/Available)	64MB/37MB(57.81%)

Figure 4-1-1-1

System Information			
Item	Description		
Model	Show the model name of router.		
Serial Number	Show the serial number of router.		
Firmware Version	Show the currently firmware version of router.		
Hardware Version	Show the currently hardware version of router.		
Local Time	Show the currently local time of system.		
Uptime	Show the information on how long the router has been running.		
CPU Load	Show the current CPU utilization of the router.		
RAM (Capacity/Available)	Show the RAM capacity and the available RAM memory.		
Flash (Capacity/Available)	Show the Flash capacity and the available Flash memory.		

Table 4-1-1-1 System Information

4.1.2 Cellular

You can view the cellular network status of router on this page.

Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN	Routing	Host List
Modem					
Status		Ready			
Model		EC25			
Current SIM		SIM1			
Signal Level		15asu (-83dBn	ו)		
Register Status		Registered (Ho	ome network)		
IMSI		460019987103	071		
ICCID		89860 <mark>11</mark> 78380	1 <mark>9196629</mark>		
ISP		CHN-UNICOM			
Network Type		LTE			
PLMN ID		46001			
LAC		5922			
Cell ID		812c63d			
IMEI		861107031710	008		

Figure 4-1-2-1

Modem Information	1
Item	Description
Status	Show corresponding detection status of module and SIM card.
Model	Show the model name of cellular module.
Current SIM	Show the current SIM card used.
Signal Level	Show the cellular signal level.
Register Status	Show the registration status of SIM card.
IMSI	Show IMSI of the SIM card.
ICCID	Show ICCID of the SIM card.
ISP	Show the network provider which the SIM card registers on.
Network Type	Show the connected network type, such as LTE, 3G, etc.
PLMN ID	Show the current PLMN ID, including MCC, MNC, LAC and Cell ID.
LAC	Show the location area code of the SIM card.
Cell ID	Show the Cell ID of the SIM card location.
IMEI	Show the IMEI of the module.

Table 4-1-2-1 Modem Information

Network		
Status	Connected	
IP Address	10.53.2 <mark>41</mark> .18	
Netmask	255.255.255.252	
Gateway	10.53.241.17	
DNS	218.104.128.106	
Connection Duration	0 days, 00:04:26	

Figure 4-1-2-2

Network Status				
Item	Description			
Status	Show the connection status of cellular network.			
IP Address	Show the IP address of cellular network.			
Netmask	Show the netmask of cellular network.			
Gateway	Show the gateway of cellular network.			
DNS	Show the DNS of cellular network.			
Connection Duration	Show information on how long the cellular network has been connected.			

Table 4-1-2-2 Network Status

4.1.3 Network

On this page you can check the WAN and LAN status of the router.

Overview	Cellula	r,	Network	VPN	Routing		Host List
WAN							
Port	Status	Туре	IP Address	Netmask	Gateway	DNS	Duration
GE 0	down	Static	192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0			00s

Figure 4-1-3-1

WAN Status	WAN Status				
Item	Description				
Port	Show the name of WAN port.				
	Show the status of WAN port. "up" refers to a status that WAN				
Status	is enabled and Ethernet cable is connected. "down" means				
	Ethernet cable is disconnected or WAN function is disabled.				
Туре	Show the dial-up connection type of WAN port.				
IP Address	Show the IP address of WAN port.				

Netmask	Show the netmask of WAN port.
Gateway	Show the gateway of WAN port.
DNS	Show the DNS of WAN port.
Connection Duration	Show the information on how long the Ethernet cable has been connected on WAN port when WAN function is enabled. Once WAN function is disabled or Ethernet connection is disconnected, the duration will stop.

Table 4-1-3-1 WAN Status

LAN

Name	VLAN ID	IP Address	Netmask	MTU
GE1	2	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	1500

Figure 4-1-3-2

LAN Status				
Item	Description			
Port	Show the name of LAN port.			
VLAN ID	Show the label ID of the VLAN.			
IP Address	Show the LAN port's IP address.			
Netmask	Show the LAN port's netmask.			
MTU	Show the maximum transmission unit of LAN port.			
	Table 4-1-3-2 LAN Status			

4.1.4 WLAN (Only Applicable to Wi-Fi Version)

You can check Wi-Fi status on this page, including the information of access point and client.

Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host List
WLAN Status						
Wireless Status		Enabled				
MAC Address		24:e1:24:f0:00:f3				
Interface Type		AP				
SSID		test				
Channel		36				
Encryption Type		No Encryption				
Status		Up				
IP Address		192.168.232.1				
Netmask		255.255.255.0				
Connected Time		0 days, 01:37:48				

WLAN Status				
ltem	Description			
Wireless Status	Show the wireless status.			
MAC Address	Show the MAC address.			
Interface Type	Show the interface type, such as "AP" or "Client".			
SSID	Show the SSID.			
Channel	Show the wireless channel.			
Authentication Type	Show the authentication type.			
Encryption Type	Show the encryption type.			
Status	Show the connection status.			
IP Address	Show the IP address of the router.			
Netmask	Show the wireless MAC address of the router.			
Gateway	Show the gateway address in wireless network.			
Connection Duration	Show information on how long the Wi-Fi network has been connected.			

Table 4-1-4-1 WLAN Status

Associated Stations

ID Address	MAC Address	Cinnal	RX	Receive	ТХ	Send	Constant of Time
IP Address	MAC Address	Signal	Packets	Rate	Packets	Rate	Connected Time

Figure 4-1-4-2

Associated Stations				
Item	Description			
IP Address	Show the IP address of access point or client.			
MAC Address	Show the MAC address of the access point or client.			
Signal	Show the wireless signal.			
RX Packets	Show the packets size of received data.			
Receive Rate	Show the receive rate of data.			
TX Packets	Show the packets size of transmitted data.			
Send Rate	Show the send rate of data.			
Connection Duration	Show information on how long the Wi-Fi network has been connected.			

Table 4-1-4-2 WLAN Status

4.1.5 VPN

You can check VPN status on this page, including PPTP, L2TP, IPsec, OpenVPN and DMVPN.

Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN Routing	Host List GPS			
PPTP Tunnel							
	Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP			
	pptp_1	Disconnected	120	21			
	pptp_2	Disconnected					
	pptp_3	Disconnected		*			
L2TP Tunnel							
	Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP			
	12tp_1	Disconnected	120	3			
	l2tp_2	Disconnected	1970				
	l2tp_3	Disconnected	50 0 5	1			
		Fi	gure 4-1-5-1				
Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN Routing	Host List GPS			
IPsec Tunnel							
	Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP			
	ipsec_1	Disconnected	- 28	8			
	ipsec_2	Disconnected	- 1	5			
	ipsec_3	Disconnected		5			
OpenVPN Clie	OpenVPN Client						
			Local IP	Remote IP			
	Name	Status	LUCATIF	Remote n			
	Name openvpn_1	Status Disconnected	Locarr	-			

Figure 4-1-5-2

GRE Tunnel				
	Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP
	gre_1	Disconnected	27	8
	gre_2	Disconnected	5	5
	gre_3	Disconnected		
DMVPN Tunn	el			
	Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP
	dmvpn	Disconnected	27	<u>8</u>

Figure 4-1-5-3

VPN Status	
Item	Description
Name	Show the name of the VPN tunnel.
Status	Show the status of the VPN tunnel.
Local IP	Show the local tunnel IP of VPN tunnel.
Remote IP	Show the remote tunnel IP of VPN tunnel.
	Table 4-1-5-1 VPN Status

4.1.6 Routing Information

You can check routing status on this page, including the routing table and ARP cache.

Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN R	outing	Host List	GPS
Routing Table	•					
	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	y Int	terface	Metric
	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.2	3.1	GE0	1
	127.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	-		lo	a.
	192.168.23.0	255.255.255.0			GE0	•
ARP Cache						
	IP		MAC			Interface
	192.168.23.58		00:00:00:00:00:00			GE0
	192.168.23.32		24:e1:24:f0:01:87			GE0
	192.168.23.1		24:e1:24:f0:01:97			GE0

Figure 4-1-6-1

Item	Description				
Routing Table					
Destination	Show the IP address of destination host or destination network.				
Netmask	Show the netmask of destination host or destination network.				
Gateway	Show the IP address of the gateway.				
Interface	Show the outbound interface of the route.				
Metric	Show the metric of the route.				
ARP Cache					
IP	Show the IP address of ARP pool.				
MAC	Show the IP address's corresponding MAC address.				
Interface	Show the binding interface of ARP.				

Table 4-1-6-1 Routing Information

4.1.7 Host List

You can view the host information on this page.

Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS
DHCP Leases						
	IP		MAC		Lease	Remaining Time
MAC Binding						
	<mark>,</mark> IF	b			MAC	



Host List	
Item	Description
DHCP Leases	
IP Address	Show IP address of DHCP client
MAC Address	Show MAC address of DHCP client
Lease Time Remaining	Show the remaining lease time of DHCP client.
MAC Binding	
IP & MAC	Show the IP address and MAC address set in the Static IP list of DHCP service.

Table 4-1-7-1 Host List Description

4.1.8 GPS

When GPS function is enabled and the GPS information is obtained successfully, you can view the latest GPS information including GPS Time, Latitude, Longitude and Speed on this page.

Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS
GPS Status						
GPS Time						
Latitude						
Longitude						
Speed						

Figure 4-1-8-1

GPS Status	
Item	Description
Time for Locating	Show the time for locating.
Latitude	Show the Latitude of the location.
Longitude	Show the Longitude of the location.
Speed	Show the speed of movement.

Table 4-1-8-1 GPS Description

4.2 Network

4.2.1 Interface

4.2.1.1 Port

This section describes how to configure the Ethernet port parameters.

The UR75 industrial cellular router features 5 Gigabit Ethernet ports, named GE 0, GE 1/1, GE 1/2, GE 1/3 and GE 1/4. Among which, GE 0 is set as WAN port by default for accessing to public network and its property cannot be changed. While the rest from GE 1/1 to GE 1/4 are considered as LAN ports by default for connections with local private network. They can be defined as an additional WAN port, however, only one of them could be activated at one time.

Port	Definition	Default Definition	Default IP Address
GE 0	WAN	WAN	192.168.0.1
GE 1/1	LAN or WAN	LAN	192.168.1.1
GE 1/2	LAN or WAN	LAN	192.168.1.1
GE 1/3	LAN or WAN	LAN	192.168.1.1
GE 1/4	LAN or WAN	LAN	192.168.1.1

Status	Port	WAN	LAN	Y	/LAN	Cellu	lar	Loopba	cik		
Network	Port Settin	a									
		Port		Stat	15	Prope	rty	Spee	d	Duple	x
Interface .		GE 0		up		wan	*	auto	•	auto	•
Firewall		GE 1/1		up	•	lan	•	auto	•	auto	•
QoS		GE 1/2		up	٠	lan	٠	auto	٠	auto	•
DU/CD		GE 1/3		up		lan	*	auto	•	auto	,
DHCP		GE 1/4		up		lan	•	auto	•	auto	- R
DDNS											

Table 4-2-1-2 Definition of 5 Ethernet Ports

Figure 4-2-1-1

Port Setting						
Item	Description					
Port	Users can define the Ethernet ports according to their needs.					
Status	Set the status of Ethernet port; select "up" to enable and "down" to disable.					
Property	UR75: Set the Ethernet port's type, as a WAN port or a LAN port.					
Speed	Set the Ethernet port's speed. The options are "auto", "1000 Mbps", "100 Mbps", and "10 Mbps".					
Duplex	Set the Ethernet port's mode. The options are "auto", "full", and "half".					

Table 4-2-1-3 Port Parameters

4.2.1.2 WAN

WAN port can be connected with Ethernet cable to get Internet access. It supports 3 connection types.

- Static IP: configure IP address, netmask and gateway for Ethernet WAN interface.

- DHCP Client: configure Ethernet WAN interface as DHCP Client to obtain IP address automatically.

- **PPPoE**: configure Ethernet WAN interface as PPPoE Client.

URSALIN	K					2 admi
Status	Port	WAN	LAN	VLAN Trunk	Cellular	Loopback
Network 👻	- WAN	_1				
Interface	Enab	le				
Firewall	Port			G	ie o	
QoS	Conn	ection Type		S	Static IP	¥
DHCP	IP Ad	dress		1	92.168.0.1	
	Netm	ask		2	55.255.255.0	
DDNS	Gatev	way				
Link Failover	MTU			1	500	
Routing	Prima	ry DNS Server				
VPN	Seco	ndary DNS Serve	r.			
	Enab	le NAT				

Figure 4-2-1-2

WAN Setting		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Enable WAN function	Enable
Port	The port that is currently set as WAN port.	GE 0
Connection Type	Select from "Static IP", "DHCP Client" and "PPPoE".	Static IP
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit.	1500
Primary DNS Server	Set the primary DNS.	Null

Secondary DNS Server	Set the secondary DNS.	Null
Enable NAT	Enable or disable NAT function. When enabled, a private IP can be translated to a public IP.	Enable

Table 4-2-1-4 WAN Parameters

1. Static IP Configuration

If the external network assigns a fixed IP for the WAN interface, user can select "Static IP" mode.

Port	WAN	LAN	VLAN Trunk	Cellular	Loopback
- WAN	_1				
Enab	le				
Port			GE 0		
Conn	ection Type		Static	IP	•
IP Ad	dress		192.16	8.0.1	
Netm	ask		255.25	5.255.0	
Gatev	way				
MTU			1500		
Prima	ary DNS Server				
Seco	ndary DNS Server	R.			
Enab	le NAT				
Multi	ple IP Address				
	IP Ad	dress	1	Netmask	Operati on
					B

Figure 4-2-1-3

Static IP				
ltem	Description	Default		
IP Address	Set the IP address which can access Internet. E.g. 192.168.1.2.	192.168.0.1		
Netmask	Set the Netmask for WAN port.	255.255.255.0		
Gateway	Set the gateway's IP address for WAN port.	192.168.0.2		
Multiple IP Address	Set the multiple IP addresses for WAN port.	Null		

Table 4-2-1-5 Static Parameters

2. DHCP Client

If the external network has DHCP server enabled and has assigned IP addresses to the Ethernet WAN interface, user can select "DHCP client" mode to obtain IP address automatically.

Port	WAN	LAN	VLAN Trunk	Cellular	Loopback
- WAN_	.1				
Enabl	e		×		
Port			GE 0		
Conne	ection Type		DHC	^o Client	¥
MTU			1500		
Use P	eer DNS				
Prima	ry DNS Server				
Secor	ndary DNS Serve	r,			
Enabl	e NAT				



Description	
Obtain peer DNS automatically during PPP dialing. DNS is necessary when visiting domain name.	

Table 4-2-1-6 DHCP Client Parameter

3. PPPoE

PPPoE refers to a point to point protocol over Ethernet. User has to install a PPPoE client on the basis of original connection way. With PPPoE, remote access devices can get control of each user.

Port	WAN	LAN	VLAN Trunk	Cellular	Loopback
- WAN_	1				
Enabl	e				
Port			GE 0		
Conne	ection Type		PPPo	E	•
Usern	ame				
Passv	vord				
Link D	etection Interval	s)	60		
Max F	Retries		0		
MTU			1500		
Use P	eer DNS				
Prima	ry DNS Server				
Secor	ndary <mark>DNS</mark> Serve	Ċ			
Enabl	e NAT		1		



ΡΡΡΟΕ	
Item	Description
Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
Link Detection Interval (s)	Set the heartbeat interval for link detection. Range: 1-600.
Max Retries	Set the maximum retry times after it fails to dial up. Range: 0-9.
Use Peer DNS	Obtain peer DNS automatically during PPP dialing. DNS is necessary when visiting domain name.

Table 4-2-1-7 PPoE Parameters

Related Configuration Example

Ethernet WAN Connection
4.2.1.3 LAN

1. LAN Settings

LAN setting is used for managing local area network devices which are connected to LAN ports of the UR75, allowing each of them to access the Internet.

Click \times to delete the existing LAN port setting. Click \pm to add a new LAN port.

Name	VLAN ID	IP Address	Netmask	MTU	Operation
bridge0	1	▼ 192.168.1.1	255 255 255.0	1500	

Figure 4-2-1-6

LAN		
ltem	Description	Default
Name	Set interface name of VLAN.	bridge0
VLAN ID	Select VLAN ID of the interface.	1
IP Address	Set IP address of LAN port.	192.168.1.1
Netmask	Set Netmask of LAN port.	255.255.255.0
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit of LAN port. Range: 68-1500.	1500

Table 4-2-1-8 LAN Parameters

Related Configuration Example

LAN Management

2. VLAN Settings

VLAN is a kind of new data exchange technology that realizes virtual work groups by logically dividing the LAN device into network segments.

Client 🔀 to delete the current VLAN setting. Click 🕂 to add a new VLAN port.

VLAN ID	GE 1/1	GE 1/2	GE 1/3	GE 1/4	CPU	Operation
1	Untagged	• Untagged •	Untagged •	Untagged •	Tagged	• 🛛

Figure 4-2-1-7

VLAN		
Item	Description	
VLAN ID	Set the label ID of the VLAN. Range: 1-4094.	
GE 1/1 - GE 1/4 Select status from "Tagged", "Untagged" and "Close" for Ethernet frame on trunk link.		
CPU	Control communication between VLAN and other networks.	
Table 4-2-1-9 VLAN Parameters		

4.2.1.4 WLAN (Only Applicable to Wi-Fi Version)

This section explains how to set the related parameters for Wi-Fi network. UR75 supports 802.11 b/g/n/ac, as AP or client mode. Wi-Fi is optional on UR75.

Port	WAN	LAN	VLAN Trunk	WLAN	Cellular	Loopback
WLAN						
Enable						
Work Mode		AP	0	•		
SSID Broado	cast	۲				
AP Isolation						
Radio Type		802	2.11ac	•		
Channel		Aut	0	•		
SSID		test				
BSSID		24:6	1.24.f0.00.f3			
Encryption M	1o <mark>de</mark>	No	Encryp <mark>t</mark> ion	•		
Bandwidth		801	MHz			
Max Client N	lumber	100				



IP Setting

Protocol	Static IP •
IP Address	192 168 232 1
Netmask	255.255.255.0

Figure 4-2-1-11

WLAN Settings	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable/disable WLAN.
Work Mode	Select router's work mode. The options are "Client" and "AP".
Scan	Click "Scan" button to search the nearby access point.
SSID	Show SSID.
Channel	Show wireless channel.
Signal	Show wireless signal.
BSSID	Show the MAC address of the access point.
Security	Show the encryption mode.
Frequency	Show the frequency of radio.
Join Network	Click the button to join the wireless network.
SSID	Fill in the SSID of the access point.
BSSID	Fill in the MAC address of the access point. Either SSID or BSSID can be filled to
	joint the network.
Encryption Mode	Select encryption mode. The options are "No Encryption", "WEP Open System", "WEP Shared Key", "WPA-PSK", "WPA2-PSK" and "WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK".
Cipher	Select cipher. The options are "Auto", "AES", "TKIP" and "AES/TKIP".
Кеу	Fill the pre-shared key of WPA encryption.
Max Client Number	Set the maximum number of client to access when the router is configured as AP.
	When SSID broadcast is disabled, other wireless devices can't not find the SSID,
SSID Broadcast	and users have to enter the SSID manually to access to the wireless network.
AP Isolation	When AP isolation is enabled, all users which access to the AP are isolated without communication with each other.
Radio Type	Select Radio type. The options are "802.11b (2.4 GHz)", "802.11g (2.4 GHz)", "802.11n (2.4 GHz)", "802.11n (5 GHz)" and "802.11ac (5 GHz).
Channel	Select wireless channel. The options are "Auto", "1", "2""13".
Bandwidth	Select bandwidth. The options are "20MHz" and "40MHz".
IP Setting	
Protocol	Set the IP address in wireless network.
IP Address	Set the IP address in wireless network.
Netmask	Set the netmask in wireless network.
Gateway	Set the gateway in wireless network.

Table 4-2-1-12 WLAN Parameters

Related Topic

Wi-Fi Application Example

4.2.1.5 Cellular

This section explains how to set the related parameters for cellular network. The UR75 cellular router has two cellular interfaces, namely SIM1 and SIM2. Only one cellular interface is active at one time. If both cellular interfaces are enabled, then SIM1 interface takes precedence by default.

A typical use case would be to have SIM1 configured as the primary cellular interface and SIM2 as a backup. If the UR75 cannot connect to the network via SIM1, it will automatically fail over to SIM2.

Port	WAN	LAN	VLAN Trunk	Cellular	Loopback
Cellular Se	etting				
		SIM1		SIM2	
Enable					
Network Typ	pe	Auto)	• Aut	• •
APN					
Username					
Password					
Access Nun	nber				
PIN Code					
Authenticati	ion Type	Auto)	• Aut	0 ¥
Roaming					
SMS Cente	r				



Connection Setting		
Dual SIM Strategy		
Enable NAT		
ICMP Server	8.8.8.8	
Secondary ICMP Server	114.114.114.114	
PING Times	5	
Packet Loss Rate	20	%
SMS Settings		
SMS Mode	PDU	T

Figure 4-2-1-14

General Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable	Check the option to enable the corresponding SIM card.	Enable	
	Select from "Auto", "4G First", "4G Only", "3G First", "3G		
	Only", "2G Frist", and "2G Only".		
	Auto: connect to the network with the strongest signal		
Network Type	automatically.	Auto	
	4G First: 4G network takes precedence.		
	4G Only: connect to 4G network only.		
	And so on.		
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection	Null	
	provided by local ISP.		
Username	Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection	Null	
	provided by local ISP.		
Password	Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection provided	Null	
	by local ISP.		
Access Number	Enter the dial-up center NO. For cellular dial-up connection	Null	
	provided by local ISP.	N. 11	
PIN Code	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code to unlock the SIM.	Null	
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP", and	Auto	
Туре	"MS-CHAPv2".		
Roaming	Enable or disable roaming.	Disable	
CMC Conton	Enter the local SMS center number for storing, forwarding,	NI-11	
SMS Center	converting and delivering SMS message.	Null	
Enable NAT	Enable or disable NAT function.	Enable	
ICMP Server	Set the ICMP detection server's IP address.	8.8.8.8	
Secondary ICMP	Set the secondary ICMP detection server's IP address.	114.114.114.114	
Server	Set the secondary four detection server's if address.	114.114.114.114	
PING Times	Set PING packet numbers in each ICMP detection.	5	
	Set packet loss rate in each ICMP detection. ICMP		
Packet Loss Rate	detection fails when the preset packet loss rate is exceeded.	20	

Table 4-2-1-13 Cellular Parameters

Connection Setting		
Connection Mode	Connect on Demand	
Redial Interval(s)	5	
Max Idle Time(s)	60	
Triggered by Call		
Triggered by SMS		
Triggered by IO		
Dual SIM Strategy		
Primary SIM Card	SIM1	¥
Switch to backup SIM card when ICM detection fails	P∕	
Swtich to backup SIM card when the connection fails		
Switch to backup SIM card when roaming is detected		

Figure 4-2-1-15

Connection Mode	
Item	Description
Connection Mode	Select from "Always Online" and "Connect on Demand".
Connect on	"Connect on Demand" includes "Triggered by Call", "Triggered by
Demand	SMS", and "Triggered by IO".
	The router will switch from offline mode to cellular network mode
Triggered by Call	automatically when it receives a call from the specific phone
	number.
Call Group	Select a call group for call trigger. Go to "System > General >
	Phone" to set up phone group.
	The router will switch from offline mode to cellular network mode
Triggered by SMS	automatically when it receives a specific SMS from the specific
	mobile phone.
SMS Group	Select an SMS group for trigger. Go to "System > General > Phone"
	to set up SMS group.
SMS Text	Fill in the SMS content for triggering.
	The router will switch from offline mode to cellular network mode
Triggered by IO	automatically when the DI status is changed. Go to "Industrial >
	I/O > DI" to configure trigger condition.

Table 4-2-1-14 Cellular Parameters

Dual SIM Strategy	Dual SIM Strategy				
Item	Description				
Current SIM Card	Select between "SIM1" and "SIM2" as a current SIM card used.				
Switch to backup SIM card when ICMP detection fails	The router will switch to the backup SIM card when packet loss rate in IMCP detection exceeds the preset value.				
Switch to backup SIM card when the connection fails	The router will switch to the backup SIM card when the primary one fails to connect with cellular network.				
Switch to backup SIM card when roaming is detected	The router will switch to the backup SIM card when the primary one is roaming.				

Table 4-2-1-15 Cellular Parameters

Related Topics

Cellular Network Connection Dual SIM Failover Application Example WAN Failover Application Example Phone Group DI Setting

4.2.1.7 Loopback

Loopback interface is used for replacing router's ID as long as it is activated. When the interface is DOWN, the ID of the router has to be selected again which leads to long convergence time of OSPF. Therefore, Loopback interface is generally recommended as the ID of the router.

Loopback interface is a logic and virtual interface on router. Under default conditions, there's no loopback interface on router, but it can be created as required.

Port	WAN	LAN	VLAN Trunk	Cellular	Loopback	
Loopback	Address					
IP Address		127.	0.0.1			
Netmask		255.	0.0.0			
Multiple IP	Addresses					
	IP A	ddress		Netm	ask	Operation
				255.255.255.255		×
						8

Figure 4-2-1-16

Loopback	Loopback				
Item	Description	Default			
IP Address	Unalterable	127.0.0.1			
Netmask	Unalterable	255.0.0.0			
Multiple IP Addresses	Apart from the IP above, user can configure other IP addresses.	Null			

Table 4-2-1-16 Loopback Parameters

4.2.2 Firewall

This section describes how to set the firewall parameters, including ACL, DMZ, Port Mapping and MAC Binding.

The firewall implements corresponding control of data flow at entry direction (from Internet to local area network) and exit direction (from local area network to Internet) according to the content features of packets, such as protocol style, source/destination IP address, etc. It ensures that the router operate in a safe environment and host in local area network.

4.2.2.1 ACL

Access control list, also called ACL, implements permission or prohibition of access for specified network traffic (such as the source IP address) by configuring a series of matching rules so as to filter the network interface traffic. When router receives packet, the field will be analyzed according to the ACL rule applied to the current interface. After the special packet is identified, the permission or prohibition of corresponding packet will be implemented according to preset strategy.

The data package matching rules defined by ACL can also be used by other functions requiring flow distinction.

tus	ACL	DMZ	Port Mapping	MAC Binding			
twork 🔫	ACL Setti		Accept	•			
Interface	Access C	ontrol List	1				
Firewall					Туре	extended	•
QoS					ID Action	n anna it	•
DHCP					Protocol	permit ip	*
DDNS					Source IP Source Wildcard Mask	0.0.0.0	
Link Failover					Destination IP		
Routing					Destination Wildcard Mask	0.0.0.0	
VPN					Description		
stem 🕨					Save	Cancel	
			Figure 4-2	2-2-1			
face List							
Interface			In ACL		Out ACL		Operation

Figure 4-2-2-2

Item	Description			
ACL Setting				
	Select from "Accept" and "Deny".			
Default Filter Policy	The packets which are not included in the access control list will be			
	processed by the default filter policy.			
Access Control List				
Туре	Select type from "Extended" and "Standard".			
ID	User-defined ACL number. Range: 1-199.			
Action	Select from "Permit" and "Deny".			
Protocol	Select protocol from "ip", "icmp", "tcp", "udp", and "1-255".			
Source IP	Source network address (leaving it blank means all).			
Source Wildcard Mask	Wildcard mask of the source network address.			
Destination IP	Destination network address (0.0.0.0 means all).			
Destination Wildcard	Wildcard mask of destination address.			
Mask	whice a mask of destination address.			
Description	Fill in a description for the groups with the same ID.			
ICMP Type	Enter the type of ICMP packet. Range: 0-255.			
ICMP Code	Enter the code of ICMP packet. Range: 0-255.			
Source Port Type	Select source port type, such as specified port, port range, etc.			
Source Port	Set source port number. Range: 1-65535.			
Start Source Port	Set start source port number. Range: 1-65535.			
End Source Port	Set end source port number. Range: 1-65535.			
Destination Port Type	Select destination port type, such as specified port, port range, etc.			
Destination Port	Set destination port number. Range: 1-65535.			
Start Destination Port	Set start destination port number. Range: 1-65535.			
End Destination Port	Set end destination port number. Range: 1-65535.			
More Details	Show information of the port.			
Interface List				
Interface	Select network interface for access control.			
In ACL	Select a rule for incoming traffic from ACL ID.			
Out ACL	Select a rule for outgoing traffic from ACL ID.			

Table 4-2-2-1 ACL Parameters

Related Configuration Example

Access Control Application Example

4.2.2.2 DMZ

DMZ is a host within the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those forwarded ports in port mapping.

ACL	DMZ	Port Mapping	MAC Binding
DMZ			
Enable			
DMZ Host]
Source Add	ress		



DMZ			
Item	Description		
Enable	Enable or disable DMZ.		
DMZ Host	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on the internal network.		
Source Address	Set the source IP address which can access to DMZ host. "0.0.0.0/0" means any address.		

Table 4-2-2-2 DMZ Parameters

4.2.2.3 Port Mapping

Port mapping is an application of network address translation (NAT) that redirects a communication request from the combination of an address and port number to another while the packets are traversing a network gateway such as a router or firewall.

Click 🛨 to add a new port mapping rules.

ACL	DMZ	Port Ma	ipping	MAC Bindin	9		
Port Mappi	ng						
Sour	CellP	ource [Port [Destination IP	Destinati on Port	Protocol	Description	Operation
0.0.0/0					TCP V		
							Œ

Figure 4-2-2-4

Port Mapping	Port Mapping				
Item	Description				
Course ID	Specify the host or network which can access local IP address.				
Source IP	0.0.0/0 means all.				
Course Dort	Enter the TCP or UDP port from which incoming packets are				
Source Port	forwarded. Range: 1-65535.				
Destination ID	Enter the IP address that packets are forwarded to after being				
Destination IP	received on the incoming interface.				

Destination Port	Enter the TCP or UDP port that packets are forwarded to after
	being received on the incoming port(s). Range: 1-65535.
Protocol	Select from "TCP" and "UDP" as your application required.
Description	The description of this rule.

Table 4-2-2-3 Port Mapping Parameters

Related Configuration Example

NAT Application Example

4.2.2.4 MAC Binding

MAC Binding is used for specifying hosts by matching MAC addresses and IP addresses that are in the list of allowed outer network access.

ACL	DMZ	Port Mapping	MAC Binding		
MAC Bi	inding List				
	MAC Address	IP Ad	dress	Description	Operation



MAC Binding List			
Item	Description		
MAC Address	Set the binding MAC address.		
IP Address	Set the binding IP address.		
Description	Fill in a description for convenience of recording the meaning of the binding rule for each piece of MAC-IP.		

Table 4-2-2-4 MAC Binding Parameters

4.2.3 QoS

Quality of service (QoS) refers to traffic prioritization and resource reservation control mechanisms rather than the achieved service quality. QoS is engineered to provide different priority for different applications, users, data flows, or to guarantee a certain level of performance to a data flow.

4.2.3.1 QoS (Download/Upload)

	(2 adr	nin
Status	QoS(Downloa	ad) Qo	oS(Upload)					
Network 🔻	Download Bar	ndwidth						
Interface	Enable Default Class)	¥				
Firewall		lwidth Capacity	0		oits/s			
QoS	Service Class							
DHCP	Nan	ie	Percent(%)	Max	BW(kbps)	Min BW(kbps)	Operation
DDNS								H
Link Failover	Service Class	Rules						
Routing	Name	Source IP	Source Port	Destination I	P Destinati on Port	Protocol	Service Class	Operation
VPN								Ð

Figure 4-2-3-1

QoS					
Item	Description				
Download/Upload					
Enable	Enable or disable QoS.				
Default Class	Select default class from Service Class list.				
Download/Upload	The download/upload bandwidth capacity of the network that				
Bandwidth Capacity	the router is connected with, in kbps. Range: 1-8000000.				
Service Classes					
Name	Give the service class a descriptive name.				
Percent (%)	The amount of bandwidth that this class should be guaranteed				
Percent (%)	in percentage. Range: 0-100.				
	The maximum bandwidth that this class is allowed to				
Max BW(kbps)	The maximum bandwidth that this class is allowed to consume, in kbps. The value should be less than the				
Max BW(kbps)					
Max BW(kbps) Min BW(kbps)	consume, in kbps. The value should be less than the				

Classification Rules	
Item	Description
Name	Give the rule a descriptive name.
Source IP	Source address of flow control (leaving it blank means any).

Source Port	Source port of flow control. Range: 0-65535 (leaving it blank means any).
Destination IP	Destination address of flow control (leaving it blank means any).
Destination Port	Destination port of flow control. Range: 0-65535 (leaving it blank means any).
Protocol	Select protocol from "ANY", "TCP", "UDP", "ICMP", and "GRE".
Service Class	Set service class for the rule.

Table 4-2-3-1 QoS (Download/Upload) Parameters

Related Application Example QoS Application Example

4.2.4 DHCP

DHCP adopts Client/Server communication mode. The Client sends configuration request to the Server which feeds back corresponding configuration information and distributes IP address to the Client so as to achieve the dynamic configuration of IP address and other information.

4.2.4.1 DHCP Server

The UR75 can be set as a DHCP server to distribute IP address when a host logs on and ensures each host is supplied with different IP addresses. DHCP Server has simplified some previous network management tasks requiring manual operations to the largest extent.

Status	DHCP Server DHCP Rel	ay		
Network	- DHCP Server_1			
	Enable	2		
Interface	Interface	bridge0 🔻		
Firewall	Start Address	192 168 1 100		
QoS	End Address	192.168.1.199		
DHCP	Netmask	255 255 255 0		
DDNS	Lesse Time(Min)	1440		
	Primary DNS Server	114.114.114.114		
Link Failover	Secondary DNS Server			
Routing	Windows Name Server			
VPN	Static IP			
System 🕨	MAC	Address	IP Address	Operation

Figure 4-2-4-1

DHCP Server		
ltem	Description	Default
Enable	Enable or disable DHCP server.	Enable

last a uf a sa	Calent interface of CE1	huide e O
Interface	Select interface, e.g. GE1.	bridge0
Start Address	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.	192.168.1.100
End Address	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.	192.168.1.199
Netmask	Define the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.	255.255.255.0
Lease Time (Min)	Set the lease time on which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server. Range: 1-10080.	1440
Primary DNS Server	Set the primary DNS server.	114.114.114.114
Secondary DNS Server	Set the secondary DNS server.	Null
Windows Name Server	Define the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.	Null
Static IP		
MAC Address	Set a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).	Null
IP Address	Set a static and specific IP address for the DHCP client (it should be outside of the DHCP range).	Null

Table 4-2-4-1 DHCP Server Parameters

4.2.4.2 DHCP Relay

The UR75 can be set as DHCP Relay to provide a relay tunnel to solve the problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server are not in the same subnet.

DHCP Server	DHCP Relay	
DHCP Relay		
Enable		
DHCP Server		

Figure 4-2-4-2

DHCP Relay				
Item	Description			
Enable	Enable or disable DHCP relay.			
DHCP Server	Set DHCP server, up to 10 servers can be configured; separate them by blank space or ",".			

Table 4-2-4-2 DHCP Relay Parameters

4.2.5 DDNS

Dynamic DNS (DDNS) is a method that automatically updates a name server in the Domain Name System, which allows user to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name.

DDNS serves as a client tool and needs to coordinate with DDNS server. Before starting configuration, user shall register on a website of proper domain name provider and apply for a domain name.

URSALINK											admin .	
Status		DDNS										
Network	-	DDNS Method List										
Interface		Namo	Interface	Service Type	Usemame	User ID	Password	Server	Server Path	Hostname	Append IP	Operati on
Firewall												8
QoS		Advanced Settings	1									
DHCP		Name		Provider	Check IP Server	Check IP Path	Check IP SSL	Check IP Command	Use HTTPS	Domain Wildcard	Opera	tion
DDNS											Œ	l.
Link Fallover		Other Settings										
Routing		Name	6	Period	Verify Address	Fake Address	Allow IPv6	Compulsory Update	Secure SSL	CA certificates PATH	Opera	tion
VPN 2											E	

Figure 4-2-5-1

DDNS	
Item	Description
Name	Give the DDNS a descriptive name.
Interface	Set interface bundled with the DDNS.
Service Type	Select the DDNS service provider.
Username	Enter the username for DDNS register.
User ID	Enter User ID of the custom DDNS server.
Password	Enter the password for DDNS register.
Server	Enter the name of DDNS server.
Hostname	Enter the hostname for DDNS.
Append IP	Append your current IP to the DDNS server update path.
	Table 4-2-5-1 DDNS Parameters

Item Description **Advanced Options** Name Select the DDNS name. Provider Enter DDNS server provider. **Check IP Server** Server used for periodic IP address changes. Check IP Path Optional server path for check IP server. This setting usually follows the SSL setting, but can be used to disable HTTPS for the IP address check. This might be needed Check IP SSL for some providers that only support HTTPS for the DNS record update. **Check IP Command** Shell command, or script for IP address update checking. **Use HTTPS** Use HTTPS or not.

Domain Wildcard	Enable/disable domain name wildcard of your domain name.
Other Options	
Name	Select the DDNS name.
Period (s)	Decide how often is the IP address checked, in seconds. The
renou (s)	default interval is 3600s. Range: 60-864000
Verify Address	Verify IP address, making sure the address is a valid Internet
Verify Address	address.
Fake Address	This option can be used to fake an address by updating with a
Take Address	"random" address in the 203.0.113.0/24 range.
Allow IPv6	Allow or discard IPv6 addresses.
	Decide how often the IP should be updated even if it is not
Forced Update (s)	changed, in seconds. The default interval is 2592000 s (30
	days).
	When this option is enabled, the DDNS update will be aborted
Secure SSL	before sending any credentials if the HTTPS certificate
	validation fails for a provider. When it's disabled, then will only
	a warning is issued.
CA Certificates PATH	Specify the path to a trusted set of CA certificates.
	Table 4 2 5 2 DDNS Parameters

Table 4-2-5-2 DDNS Parameters

4.2.6 Link Failover

This section describes how to configure link failover strategies, including VRRP strategies and WAN failover strategies between Ethernet WAN and cellular.

Configuration Steps

- 1. Define one or more SLA operations (ICMP probe).
- 2. Define one or more track objects to track the status of SLA operation.
- 3. Define applications associated with track objects, such as VRRP, WAN failover or static routing.

4.2.6.1 SLA

SLA setting is used for configuring link probe method. The default probe type is ICMP.

Status	SLA	Track	VRRP WA	N Failover							
Network	SLA Entry										
Interface	ID	Туре	Destination Address	Secondary Destination Address	Data Size	interval(s)	Timeout(ms)	PING Times	Packet Loss Rate	Start Time	Operation
Firewall	1	icmp-echo	• 114.114.114.114	8.8.8.8	56	30	5000	5	20	now 🔻	×
QoS											8
DHCP	Save										
DDNS											



SLA		
Item	Description	Default
ID	SLA index. Up to 10 SLA settings can be added. Range: 1-10.	1
Туре	ICMP-ECHO is the default type to detect if the link is alive.	icmp-echo
Destination Address	The detected IP address.	114.114.114.114
Secondary Destination Address	The secondary detected IP address.	8.8.8.8
Data Size	User-defined data size. Range: 0-1000.	56
Interval (s)	User-defined detection interval. Range: 1-608400.	30
Timeout (ms)	User-defined timeout for response to determine ICMP detection failure. Range: 1-300000.	5000
PING Times	Define PING packet numbers in each SLA probe. Range: 1-1000.	5
Packet Loss Rate	Define packet loss rate in each SLA probe. SLA probe fails when the preset packet loss rate is exceeded.	20
Start Time	Detection start time; select from "Now" and blank character. Blank character means this SLA detection doesn't start.	now

Table 4-2-6-1 SLA Parameters

4.2.6.2 Track

Track setting is designed for achieving linkage among SLA module, Track module and Application module. Track setting is located between application module and SLA module with main function of shielding the differences of various SLA modules and providing unified interfaces for application module.

Linkage between Track Module and SLA module

Once you complete the configuration, the linkage relationship between Track module and SLA module will be established. SLA module is used for detection of link status, network performance and notification of Track module. The detection results help track status change timely.

- For successful detection, the corresponding track item is Positive.
- For failed detection, the corresponding track item is Negative.

Linkage between Track Module and Application Module

After configuration, the linkage relationship between Track module and Application module will be established. When any change occurs in track item, a notification that requires corresponding treatment

will be sent to Application module.

Currently, the application modules like VRRP, WAN failover and static routing can get linkage with track module.

If it sends an instant notification to Application module, the communication may be interrupted in some circumstances due to routing's failure like timely restoration or other reasons. Therefore, user can set up a

period of time to delay notifying application module when the track item status changes.

SLA	Track	VRRP	WAN Failover			
Track Object						
ID	Туре	SLA ID	Interface	Negative Delay(s)	Positive Delay(s)	Operation
1	sla	• 1 •	cellular0 •	0] 1	
						0

Figure 4-2-6-2

Item	Description	Default
Index	Track index. Up to 10 track settings can be configured. Range: 1-10.	1
Туре	The options are "sla" and "interface".	SLA
SLA ID	Defined SLA ID.	1
Interface	Select the interface whose status will be detected.	cellular0
Negative Delay (s)	When interface is down or SLA probing fails, it will wait according to the time set here before actually changing its status to Down. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching).	0
Positive Delay (s)	When failure recovery occurs, it will wait according to the time set here before actually changing its status to Up. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching).	1

Table 4-2-6-2 Track Parameters

4.2.6.3 VRRP

The Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) is a computer networking protocol that provides automatic assignment of available Internet Protocol (IP) routers for participating hosts. This increases the availability and reliability of routing paths via automatic default gateway selections in an IP sub-network.

Increasing the number of exit gateway is a common method for improving system reliability. VRRP adds a group of routers that undertake gateway function into a backup group so as to form a virtual router. The election mechanism of VRRP will decide which router undertakes the forwarding task, and the host in LAN is only required to configure the default gateway for the virtual router.

In VRRP, routers need to be aware of failures in the virtual master router. To achieve this, the virtual master router sends out multicast "alive" announcements to the virtual backup routers in the same VRRP

group.

The VRRP router who has the highest number will become the virtual master router. The VRRP router number ranges from 1 to 255 and usually we use 255 for the highest priority and 100 for backup.

If the current virtual master router receives an announcement from a group member (Router ID) with a higher priority, then the latter will pre-empt and become the virtual master router.

VRRP has the following characteristics:

- The virtual router with an IP address is known as the Virtual IP address. For the host in LAN, it is only required to know the IP address of virtual router, and set it as the address of the next hop of the default route.
- The network Host communicates with the external network through this virtual router.
- A router will be selected from the set of routers based on its priority to undertake the gateway function. Other routers will be used as backup routers to perform the duties of gateway for the gateway router in the case of any malfunction, so as to guarantee uninterrupted communication between the host and external network.

When interface connected with the uplink is at the state of Down or Removed, the router actively lowers its priority so that priority of other routers in the backup group will be higher. Thus the router with the highest priority becomes the gateway for the transmission task.

SLA	Track	VRRP	WAN Failover
VRRP Stat	tus		
Status		DISAE	BLE
VRRP Sett	ings		
Enable			
Interface		GEO	0 *
Virtual Rou	ter ID		
Virtual IP			
Priority		100	
Advertisem	ent Interval(s)	1	
Preemption	i Mode		
Track ID			•

Figure 4-2-6-3

VRRP		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Enable or disable VRRP.	Disable
Interface	Select the interface of Virtual Router.	None
Virtual Router ID	User-defined Virtual Router ID. Range: 1-255.	None
Virtual IP	Set the IP address of Virtual Router.	None
Priority	The VRRP priority range is 1-254 (a bigger number indicates a higher priority). The router with higher priority will be more likely to become the gateway router.	100
Advertisement Interval (s)	Heartbeat package transmission time interval between routers in the virtual ip group. Range: 1-255.	1
Preemption Mode	If the router works in the preemption mode, once it finds that its own priority is higher than that of the current gateway router, it will send VRRP notification package, resulting in re-election of gateway router and eventually replacing the original gateway router. Accordingly, the original gateway router will become a Backup router.	Disable
Track ID	Trace detection, select the defined track ID or blank character.	None

Table 4-2-6-3 VRRP Parameters

Note: for UR75, if you select "bridge0" as interface, you must select a track ID, otherwise VRRP status won't show correctly.

Related Configuration Example

VRRP Application Example

4.2.6.4 WAN Failover

WAN failover refers to failover between Ethernet WAN interface and cellular interface. When service transmission can't be carried out normally due to malfunction of a certain interface or lack of bandwidth, the rate of flow can be switched to backup interface quickly. Then the backup interface will carry out service transmission and share network flow so as to improve reliability of communication of data equipment.

When link state of main interface is switched from up to down, system will have the pre-set delay works instead of switching to link of backup interface immediately. Only if the state of main interface is still down after delay, will the system switch to link of backup interface. Otherwise, system will remain unchanged.

SLA	Tr	ack	VRR	P WA	N Failover				
WAN Failove	r								
Main Interfa	ace	Backup In	terface	Startup Delay(s) Up Delay(s) Down D)elay(s)	Track ID	Operation
cellular0	•	GE0	•	3	0	0		1	•
									8



WAN Failover		
Parameters	Description	Default
Main Interface	Select a link interface as the main link.	Cellular0
Backup Interface	Select a link interface as the backup link.	GE0
Startup Delay (s)	Set how long to wait for the startup tracking detection policy to take effect. Range: 0-300.	3
Up Delay (s)	When the primary interface switches from failed detection to successful detection, switching can be delayed based on the set time. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching).	0
Down Delay (s)	When the primary interface switches from successful detection to failed detection, switching can be delayed based on the set time. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching).	0
Track ID	Track detection, select the defined track ID.	1

Table 4-2-6-4 WAN Failover Parameters

Related Configuration Example

WAN Failover Application Example

4.2.7 Routing

4.2.7.1 Static Routing

A static routing is a manually configured routing entry. Information about the routing is manually entered rather than obtained from dynamic routing traffic. After setting static routing, the package for the specified destination will be forwarded to the path designated by user.

Status	Static Routing	RIP	OSPF	Ro	uting Filtering			
Network	Static Routing							
	Destination	Net	mask	Interface	Gateway	Distance	Track ID	Operation
Interface	255.255.255.0	255.255.2	55.0	GE0 🔻	192.168.7.1	1	•	×
Firewall	0.0.0.0	255.255.2	55.0	GE0 V	192.168.7.1			×
QoS	L'anna an							n
DHCP								
DDNS	Save							
Link Failover								

Figure 4-2-7-1

Static Routing				
Item	Description			
Destination	Enter the destination IP address.			
Netmask	Enter the subnet mask of destination address.			
Interface	The interface through which the data can reach the destination address.			
Gateway	IP address of the next router that will be passed by before the input data reaches the destination address.			
Distance	Priority, smaller value refers to higher priority. Range: 1-255.			
Track ID	Track detection, select the defined track ID. You can leave it blank.			

Table 4-2-7-1 Static Routing Parameters

Related Topics

Static Routing Application Example Track Setting

4.2.7.2 RIP

RIP is mainly designed for small networks. RIP uses Hop Count to measure the distance to the destination address, which is called Metric. In RIP, the hop count from the router to its directly connected network is 0 and the hop count of network to be reached through a router is 1 and so on. In order to limit the convergence time, the specified metric of RIP is an integer in the range of 0 - 15 and the hop count larger than or equal to 16 is defined as infinity, which means that the destination network or host is unreachable. Because of this limitation, the RIP is not suitable for large-scale networks. To improve performance and

prevent routing loops, RIP supports split horizon function. RIP also introduces routing obtained by other routing protocols.

Each router that runs RIP manages a routing database, which contains routing entries to reach all reachable destinations.

Static Routing	RIP	OSPF	Rou	iting Filtering
RIP Settings				
Enable				
Update Timer	30			S
Timeout Timer	180			S
Garbage Collection Timer	120			s
Version	v2		•	
Show Advanced Options				
Default Information Original	e 📄			
Default Metric	1			
Redistribute Connected				
Redistribute Static				
Redistribute OSPF				



RIP	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable RIP.
Update Timer	It defines the interval to send routing updates. Range: 5-2147483647, in seconds.
Timeout Timer	It defines the routing aging time. If no update package on a routing is received within the aging time, the routing's Routing Cost in the routing table will be set to 16. Range: 5-2147483647, in seconds.
Garbage Collection Timer	It defines the period from the routing cost of a routing becomes 16 to it is deleted from the routing table. In the time of Garbage-Collection, RIP uses 16 as the routing cost for sending routing updates. If Garbage Collection times out and the routing still has not been updated, the routing will be completely removed from the routing table. Range: 5-2147483647, in seconds.
Version	RIP version. The options are v1 and v2.
Advanced Settings	
Default Information Originate	Default information will be released when this function is enabled.

Default Metric	The default cost for the router to reach destination. Range: 0-16
Redistribute Connected	Check to enable.
Metric	Set metric after "Redistribute Connected" is enabled. Range: 0-16.
Redistribute Static	Check to enable.
Metric	Set metric after "Redistribute Static" is enabled. Range: 0-16.
Redistribute OSPF	Check to enable.
Metric	Set metric after "Redistribute OSPF" is enabled. Range: 0-16.

Table 4-2-7-2 RIP Parameters

Distance/Metric	Management						
Distanc	e	IP Add	Iress	Netmas	k	ACL Name	Operation
							8
Metric	i -	Policy	In/Out	Interfac	e	ACL Name	Operation
							8
Filter Policy							
Policy Ty	/pe	Policy	Name	Policy In/	Dut	Interface	Operation
							Ð
Passive Interfac	e						
			Passive	Interface			Operation
							8
Interface							
Interface	Send Version	Receive Version	Split- Horizon	Authentication Mode	Authentication String	Authentication Key-chain	Operation
Neighbor							
			IP Ac	ldress			Operation
							Ð
Network							
	IP Addre	ISS			Netmask		Operation

Figure 4-2-7-3

Item	Description
Distance/Metric Manag	gement
Distance	Set the administrative distance that a RIP route learns. Range: 1-255.
IP Address	Set the IP address of RIP route.
Netmask	Set the netmask of RIP route.
ACL Name	Set ACL name of RIP route.
Metric	The metric of received route or sent route from the interface. Range: 0-16.
Policy in/out	Select from "in" and "out".
Interface	Select interface of the route.
ACL Name	Access control list name of the route strategy.
Filter Policy	
Policy Type	Select from "access-list" and "prefix-list".
Policy Name	User-defined prefix-list name.
Policy in/out	Select from "in" and "out".
Interface	Select interface from "cellular0", "GE1" and "GE0".
Passive Interface	
Passive Interface	Select interface from "cellular0" and "GE1", "GE0".
Interface	
Interface	Select interface from "cellular0", "GE1" and "GE0".
Send Version	Select from "default", "v1" and "v2".
Receive Version	Select from "default", "v1" and "v2".
Split-Horizon	Select from "enable" and "disable".
Authentication Mode	Select from "text" and "md5".
Authentication String	The authentication key for package interaction in RIPV2.
Authentication Key-chain	The authentication key-chain for package interaction in RIPV2.
Neighbor	
IP Address	Set RIP neighbor's IP address manually.
Network	
IP Address	The IP address of interface for RIP publishing.
Netmask	The netmask of interface for RIP publishing.

Table 4-2-7-3

Related Configuration Example

Dynamic Routing Application Example

4.2.7.3 OSPF

OSPF, short for Open Shortest Path First, is a link status based on interior gateway protocol developed by IETF.

If a router wants to run the OSPF protocol, there should be a Router ID that can be manually configured. If no Router ID configured, the system will automatically select an IP address of interface as the Router ID. The selection order is as follows:

- If a Loopback interface address is configured, then the last configured IP address of Loopback interface will be used as the Router ID;
- If no Loopback interface address is configured, the system will choose the interface with the biggest IP address as the Router ID.

Five types of packets of OSPF:

- Hello packet
- DD packet (Database Description Packet)
- LSR packet (Link-State Request Packet)
- LSU packet (Link-State Update Packet)
- LSAck packet (Link-Sate Acknowledgment Packet)

Neighbor and Neighboring

After OSPF router starts up, it will send out Hello Packets through the OSPF interface. Upon receipt of Hello packet, OSPF router will check the parameters defined in the packet. If it's consistent, a neighbor relationship will be formed. Not all matched sides in neighbor relationship can form the adjacency relationship. It is determined by the network type. Only when both sides successfully exchange DD packets and LSDB synchronization is achieved, the adjacency in the true sense can be formed. LSA describes the network topology around a router, LSDB describes entire network topology.

Static Routing	RIP	OSPF	Routing Filtering	
OSPF Settings				
Enable				
Router ID				
ABR Type	cisco		¥	
RFC1583 Compatibility				
OSPF Opaque-LSA				
SPF Delay Time	0		ms	
SPF Initial-holdtime	50		ms	
SPF Max-holdtime	5000		ms	
Reference Bandwidth	100		mbit	

Figure 4-2-7-4

OSPF				
Item	Description			
Enable	Enable or disable OSPF.			
Router ID	Router ID (IP address) of the originating LSA.			
ABR Type	Select from cisco, ibm, standard and shortcut.			
RFC1583 Compatibility	Enable/Disable.			
OSPF Opaque-LSA	Enable/Disable LSA: a basic communication means of the OSPF routing protocol for the Internet Protocol (IP).			
SPF Delay Time	Set the delay time for OSPF SPF calculations. Range: 0-6000000, in milliseconds.			
SPF Initial-holdtime	Set the initialization time of OSPF SPF. Range: 0-6000000, in milliseconds.			
SPF Max-holdtime	Set the maximum time of OSPF SPF. Range: 0-6000000, in milliseconds.			
Reference Bandwidth	Range: 1-4294967, in Mbit.			

Table 4-2-7-4 OSPF Parameters

Interface

Int	erface	Hello Interva	al(s) Dead Int	erval(s) Retrans	smit Interval(s)	Transmit Delay(s)	Operation
	•	10	40	5		1	
GE0	•	10	40	5		1	
face Advance	ed Options	V					
face Advance	ed Options Network	✓ Cost	Priority	Authentication	Key ID	Кеу	Operation
			Priority	Authentication	Key ID	Key	

Figure 4-2-7-5

Item	Description
Interface	
Interface	Select interface from "cellular0" and "GE0".
Hello Interval (s)	Send interval of Hello packet. If the Hello time between two adjacent routers is different, the neighbour relationship cannot be established. Range: 1-65535.
Dead Interval (s)	Dead Time. If no Hello packet is received from the neighbours within the dead time, then the neighbour is considered failed. If dead times of two adjacent routers are different, the neighbour relationship cannot be established.
Retransmit	When the router notifies an LSA to its neighbour, it is required to make

Interval (s)	acknowledgement. If no acknowledgement packet is received within the retransmission interval, this LSA will be retransmitted to the neighbour. Range: 3-65535.
Transmit Delay (s)	It will take time to transmit OSPF packets on the link. So a certain delay time should be increased before transmission the aging time of LSA. This configuration needs to be further considered on the low-speed link. Range: 1-65535
Interface Advance	ed Options
Interface	Select interface.
Network	Select OSPF network type.
Cost	Set the cost of running OSPF on an interface. Range: 1-65535.
Priority	Set the OSPF priority of interface. Range: 0-255.
Authentication	Set the authentication mode that will be used by the OSPF area. Simple: a simple authentication password should be configured and confirmed again. MD5: MD5 key & password should be configured and confirmed again.
Key ID	It only takes effect when MD5 is selected. Range 1-255.
Кеу	The authentication key for OSPF packet interaction.

Table 4-2-7-5 OSPF Parameters

	Passive	Interface		Operation
	1			
				×
				H
letwork				
IP Address	Net	mask	Area ID	Operation
	255.255.255.0			
Area				
Area ID	Area	No Summary	Authentication	Operation



Item	Description	
Passive Interface		
Passive Interface	Select interface from "cellular0", "GE0" and "GE1".	

Network	
IP Address	The IP address of local network.
Netmask	The netmask of local network.
Area ID	The area ID of original LSA's router.
Area	
Area ID	Set the ID of the OSPF area (IP address).
Area	Select from "Stub" and "NSSA". The backbone area (area ID 0.0.0.0) cannot be set as "Stub" or "NSSA".
No Summary	Forbid route summarization.
Authentication	Select authentication from "simple" and "md5".

Table 4-2--7-6 OSPF Parameters

Area Advance	ed Options	1							
Area Range									
Area	a ID	IP Add	ress	Netr	mask	No Advertise	Co	st	Operation
									Đ
Area Filter									
	Area ID			Filter Type			ACL Name		Operation
									Ð
Area Virtual I	Link								
Area ID	ABR Address	Authentica tion	Key ID	Key	Hello Interval	Dead Interval	Retransmit Interval	Transmit Delay	Operation
									Ð

Figure 4-2-7-7

Area Advanced Options						
Item	Description					
Area Range						
Area ID	The area ID of the interface when it runs OSPF (IP address).					
IP Address	Set the IP address.					
Netmask	Set the netmask.					
No Advertise	Forbid the route information to be advertised among different areas.					
Cost	Range: 0-16777215					
Area Filter						
Area ID	Select an Area ID for Area Filter.					
Filter Type	Select from "import", "export", "filter-in", and "filter-out".					
ACL Name	Enter an ACL name which is set on "Routing > Routing Filtering" webpage.					
Area Virtual Link						
Area ID	Set the ID number of OSPF area.					
ABR Address	ABR is the router connected to multiple outer areas.					

Authentication	Select from "simple" and "md5".
Key ID	It only takes effect when MD5 is selected. Range 1-15.
Кеу	The authentication key for OSPF packet interaction.
Hello Interval	Set the interval time for sending Hello packets through the interface. Range: 1-65535.
Dead Interval	The dead interval time for sending Hello packets through the interface. Range: 1-65535.
Retransmit Interval	The retransmission interval time for re-sending LSA. Range: 1-65535.
Transmit Delay	The delay time for LSA transmission. Range: 1-65535.

Table 4-2-7-7 OSPF Parameters

Redistribution					
Redistribution Type	Metric		Metric Type	Route Map	Operation
connected •		1	*		
					•
Redistribution Advanced Options					
Always Redistribute Default Route					
Redistribute Default Route Metric	0				
Redistribute Default Route Metric Type	1	•			
Distance Management					
Area Typ	e		Dist	ance	Operation
					H

Figure 4-2-7-8

Item	Description				
Redistribution					
Redistribution Type	Select from "connected", "static" and "rip".				
Metric	The metric of redistribution router. Range: 0-16777214.				
Metric Type	Select Metric type from "1" and "2".				
Route Map	Mainly used to manage route for redistribution.				
Redistribution Advanced (Dptions				
Always Redistribute	Sand redistribution default route after starting up				
Default Route	Send redistribution default route after starting up.				
Redistribute Default	Send redistribution default route metric. Range: 0-16777214.				
Route Metric	Send redistribution default route metric. Range. 0-10777214.				
Redistribute Default	Select from "0", "1" and "2".				
Route Metric Type					
Distance Management					
Area Type	Select from "intra-area", "inter-area" and "external".				
Distance	Set the OSPF routing distance for area learning. Range: 1-255.				

Table 4-2-7-8 OSPF Parameters

4.2.7.4 Routing Filtering

Static Routing	RIP	OSPF	Routing F	iltering				
ccess Control List								
Name		Action	Match Any	IP Addr	ess	Netmas	k	Operation
-	deny	•						×
								Ð
Prefix-List								
Name	Sequenc Number		Match Any	IP Address	<mark>Netmask G</mark>	E Length L	E Length	Operation
		deny 🔻						×
								8

Figure 4-2-7-9

Routing Filtering					
Item	Description				
Access Control List					
Name User-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and used. (_) are allowed.					
Action	Select from "permit" and "deny".				
Match Any	No need to set IP address and subnet mask.				
IP Address User-defined.					
Netmask	User-defined.				
IP Prefix-List					
Name	User-defined name, need to start with a letter. Only letters, digits and underline (_) are allowed.				
Sequence Number	A prefix name list can be matched with multiple rules. One rule is matched with one sequence number. Range: 1-4294967295.				
Action	Select from "permit" and "deny".				
Match Any	No need to set IP address, subnet mask, GE Length, and LE Length.				
IP Address	User-defined.				
Netmask	User-defined.				
GE Length	Specify the minimum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.				
LE Length	Specify the maximum number of mask bits that must be matched. Range: 0-32.				

Table 4-2-7-9 Routing Filtering Parameters

4.2.8 VPN

Virtual Private Networks, also called VPNs, are used to securely connect two private networks together so that devices can connect from one network to the other network via secure channels. UR75 supports DMVPN, IPsec, GRE, L2TP, PPTP, OpenVPN, as well as GRE over IPsec and L2TP over IPsec.

4.2.8.1 DMVPN

A dynamic multi-point virtual private network (DMVPN), combining mGRE and IPsec, is a secure network that exchanges data between sites without passing traffic through an organization's headquarter VPN server or router.

Status		DMVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	
letwork	-	DMVPN Settin	gs				
Interface		Enable					
Firewall		Hub Address	s				
QoS		GRE HUB IP A					
DHCP		GRE Local IP A	ddress				
DDNS		GRE Mask			255.255.255.0		
LALAND		GRE Key					
W010 -		Negotiation Mode			Main	1	
LALAND "		Authentication Algorithm			DES	•	
DUILO		Encryption Algorithm			MD5		
Link Failover		DH Group			MODP768-1		
Routing		Кеу					
VPN		Local ID Type			Default		
		IKE Life Time(s	IKE Life Time(s)				
system	•	SA Algorithm			DES-MD5	•	
ndustrial	•	PFS Group			NULL	•	
luusulai		Life Time(s)		3600			
laintenance	•	DPD Time Interval(s)			30		
		DPD Timeout(s)		150		
APP.		Cisco Secret					

Figure 4-2-8-1

DMVPN				
Item	Description			
Enable	Enable or disable DMVPN.			
Hub Address	The IP address or domain name of DMVPN Hub.			
Local IP address	DMVPN local tunnel IP address.			
GRE Hub IP Address	GRE Hub tunnel IP address.			

GRE Local IP Address	GRE local tunnel IP address.					
GRE Netmask	GRE local tunnel netmask.					
GRE Key	GRE tunnel key.					
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive".					
Authentication Algorithm	Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256".					
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "MD5" and "SHA1".					
DH Group	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5".					
Кеу	Enter the preshared key.					
Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN"					
IKE Life Time (s)	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400.					
SA Algorithm	Select from "DES_MD5", "DES_SHA1", "3DES_MD5", "3DES_SHA1", "AES128_MD5", "AES128_SHA1", "AES192_MD5", "AES192_SHA1", "AES256_MD5" and "AES256_SHA1".					
PFS Group	Select from "NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536-5".					
Life Time (s)	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400.					
DPD Interval Time (s)	Set DPD interval time					
DPD Timeout (s)	Set DPD timeout.					
Cisco Secret	Cisco Nhrp key.					
NHRP Holdtime (s)	The holdtime of Nhrp protocol.					

Table 4-2-8-1 DMVPN Parameters

4.2.8.2 IPSec

IPsec is especially useful for implementing virtual private networks and for remote user access through dial-up connection to private networks. A big advantage of IPsec is that security arrangements can be handled without requiring changes to individual user computers.

IPsec provides three choices of security service: Authentication Header (AH), Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP), and Internet Key Exchange (IKE). AH essentially allows authentication of the senders' data. ESP supports both authentication of the sender and data encryption. IKE is used for cipher code exchange. All of them can protect one and more data flows between hosts, between host and gateway, and between gateways.

DMVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP
IPsec Settings				
- IPsec_1				
Enable		V		
IPsec Gate	eway Address			
IPsec Mod	le	Т	unnel	*
IPsec Prot	tocol	E	SP	¥
Local Sub	net			
Local Sub	net <mark>Ma</mark> sk			
Local ID T	уре	D	efault	•
Remote S	ubn <mark>e</mark> t			
Remote S	ubnet Mask			
Remote ID) Туре	D	efault	T



IPsec						
Item	Description					
Enable	Enable IPsec tunnel. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed.					
IPsec Gateway Address	Enter the IP address or domain name of remote IPsec server.					
IPsec Mode	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport".					
IPsec Protocol	Select from "ESP" and "AH".					
Local Subnet	Enter the local subnet IP address that IPsec protects.					
Local Subnet Netmask	Enter the local netmask that IPsec protects.					
Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN".					
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet IP address that IPsec protects.					
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask that IPsec protects.					
Remote ID type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN".					

Table 4-2-8-2 IPsec Parameters

IKE Parameter		
IKE Version	IKEv1	۲
Negotiation Mode	Main	٠
Encryption Algorithm	DES	۲
Authentication Algorithm	MD5	•
DH Group	MODP768-1	Ť
Local Authentication	PSK	٠
Local Secrets		
XAUTH		
Lifetime(s)	10800	
SA Parameter		
SA Algorithm	DES-MD5	٠
PFS Group	NULL	•
Lifetime(s)	3600	
DPD Time Interval(s)	30	
DPD Timeout(s)	150	
Psec Advanced		
Enable Compression		
VPN Over IPsec Type	NONE	

Figure 4-2-8-3

IKE Parameter		
Item	Description	
IKE Version	Select from "IKEv1" and "IKEv2".	
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive".	
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256".	
Authentication Algorithm	Select from "MD5" and " SHA1"	
DH Group	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5".	
Local Authentication	Select from "PSK" and "CA".	
Local Secrets	Enter the pre-shared key.	
XAUTH	Enter XAUTH username and password after XAUTH is enabled.	
Lifetime (s)	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400.	
SA Parameter		

SA Algorithm	Select from "DES_MD5", "DES_SHA1", "3DES_MD5", "3DES_SHA1", "AES128_MD5", "AES128_SHA1", "AES192_MD5", "AES192_SHA1", "AES256_MD5" and "AES256_SHA1".
PFS Group	Select from "NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5".
Lifetime (s)	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400.
DPD Interval Time(s)	Set DPD interval time to detect if the remote side fails.
DPD Timeout(s)	Set DPD timeout. Range: 10-3600.
IPsec Advanced	
Enable Compression	The head of IP packet will be compressed after it's enabled.
VPN Over IPsec Type	Select from "NONE", "GRE" and "L2TP" to enable VPN over IPsec function.

Table 4-2-8-3 IPsec Parameters

4.2.8.3 GRE

Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a protocol that encapsulates packets in order to route other protocols over IP networks. It's a tunneling technology that provides a channel through which encapsulated data message could be transmitted and encapsulation and decapsulation could be realized at both ends.

In the following circumstances the GRE tunnel transmission can be applied:

- GRE tunnel could transmit multicast data packets as if it were a true network interface. Single use of IPSec cannot achieve the encryption of multicast.
- A certain protocol adopted cannot be routed.
- A network of different IP addresses shall be required to connect other two similar networks.
| DMVPN | IPsec | GRE | L2TP | PPTP |
|--------------|-----------------|-----|---------------------|------|
| GRE Settings | | | | |
| - GRE_1 | | | | |
| Enable | | V | | |
| Remote IF | Address | | | |
| Local IP A | ddress | 1 | | 0 |
| Local Virtu | ual IP Address | | | |
| Netmask | | [: | 255.255.255.0 | |
| Peer Virtu | al IP Address | | | |
| Global Tra | ffic Forwarding | 6 | [| |
| Remote S | ubnet | | | |
| Remote N | etmask | | | |
| MTU | | | 1 <mark>5</mark> 00 | |
| Key | | 1 | | 10 |
| Enable NA | AT | | | |

Figure 4-2-8-4

GRE			
Item	Description		
Enable	Check to enable GRE function.		
Remote IP Address	Enter the real remote IP address of GRE tunnel.		
Local IP Address	Set the local IP address.		
Local Virtual IP Address	Set the local tunnel IP address of GRE tunnel.		
Netmask	Set the local netmask.		
Peer Virtual IP Address	Enter remote tunnel IP address of GRE tunnel.		
Global Traffic	All the data traffic will be sent out via GRE tunnel when this		
Forwarding	function is enabled.		
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet IP address of GRE tunnel.		
Remote Netmask	Enter the remote netmask of GRE tunnel.		
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 64-1500.		
Кеу	Set GRE tunnel key.		
Enable NAT	Enable NAT traversal function.		

Table 4-2-8-4 GRE Parameters

4.2.8.4 L2TP

Layer Two Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is an extension of the Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) used

by an Internet service provider (ISP) to enable the operation of a virtual private network (VPN) over the Internet.

DMVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP
L2TP Setti	ngs			
— L2TP	_1			
Enab	le			
Remo	ote IP Address			
Userr	name			
Pass	word			
Authe	entication	A	Auto	•
Globa	al Traffic Forwarding			
Remo	ote Subnet			
Remo	ote Subnet Mask			
Key				

Figure 4-2-8-5

L2TP		
ltem	Description	
Enable	Check to enable L2TP function.	
Remote IP Address	Enter the public IP address or domain name of L2TP server.	
Username	Enter the username that L2TP server provides.	
Password	Enter the password that L2TP server provides.	
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAPv1" and	
	"MS-CHAPv2".	
Global Traffic	All of the data traffic will be sent out via L2TP tunnel after this	
Forwarding	function is enabled.	
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote IP address that L2TP protects.	
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask that L2TP protects.	
Кеу	Enter the password of L2TP tunnel.	

Table 4-2-8-5 L2TP Parameters

Advanced Settings	 Image: A start of the start of
Local IP Address	
Peer IP Address	
Enable NAT	
Enable MPPE	
Address/Control Compression	
Protocol Field Compression	
Asyncmap Value	fffffff
MRU	1500
MTU	1500
Link Detection Interval(s)	60
Max Retries	0
Expert Options	

Figure 4-2-8-6

Advanced Settings				
ltem	Description			
Local IP Address	Set tunnel IP address of L2TP client. Client will obtain tunnel IP			
	address automatically from the server when it's null.			
Peer IP Address	Enter tunnel IP address of L2TP server.			
Enable NAT	Enable NAT traversal function.			
Enable MPPE	Enable MPPE encryption.			
Address/Control	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.			
Compression	For PPP initialization. Oser can keep the default option.			
Protocol Field	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.			
Compression	For PPP initialization. Oser can keep the default option.			
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPP protocol initialization strings. User can keep			
	the default value. Range: 0-ffffffff.			
MRU	Set the maximum receive unit. Range: 64-1500.			
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 64-1500			
Link Detection Interval (s)	Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel			
Link Detection interval (S)	connection. Range: 0-600.			
Max Retries	Set the maximum times of retry to detect the L2TP connection			
	failure. Range: 0-10.			
Expert Options	User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this			
	field and separate the strings with blank space.			

Table 4-2-8-6 L2TP Parameters

4.2.8.5 PPTP

Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) is a protocol that allows corporations to extend their own corporate network through private "tunnels" over the public Internet. Effectively, a corporation uses a wide-area network as a single large local area network.

DMVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP
PPTP Setting	5			
- PPTP_1				
Enable				
Remote I	P Address			
Usernam	e			
Password	1			
Authentic	ation	A	Auto	•
Global Tr	affic Forwarding			P
Remote S	Subnet			
Remote S	Subnet Mask			

Figure 4-2-8-7

РРТР			
Item	Description		
Enable	Enable PPTP client. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed.		
Remote IP Address	Enter the public IP address or domain name of PPTP server.		
Username	Enter the username that PPTP server provides.		
Password	Enter the password that PPTP server provides.		
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAPv1", and "MS-CHAPv2".		
Global Traffic Forwarding	All of the data traffic will be sent out via PPTP tunnel once enable this function.		
Remote Subnet	Set the peer subnet of PPTP.		
Remote Subnet Mask	Set the netmask of peer PPTP server.		

Table 4-2-8-7 PPTP Parameters

Advanced Settings	
Local IP Address	
Peer IP Address	
Enable NAT	
Enable MPPE	
Address/Control Compression	
Protocol Field Compression	
Asyncmap Value	ffffff
MRU	1500
MTU	1500
Link Detection Interval(s)	60
Max Retries	0
Expert Options	

Figure 4-2-8-8

PPTP Advanced Settings			
Item	Description		
Local IP Address	Set IP address of PPTP client.		
Peer IP Address	Enter tunnel IP address of PPTP server.		
Enable NAT	Enable the NAT faction of PPTP.		
Enable MPPE	Enable MPPE encryption.		
Address/Control Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.		
Protocol Field Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.		
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPP protocol initialization strings. User can keep the default value. Range: 0-ffffffff.		
MRU	Enter the maximum receive unit. Range: 0-1500.		
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 0-1500.		
Link Detection Interval (s)	Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 0-600.		
Max Retries	Set the maximum times of retrying to detect the PPTP connection failure. Range: 0-10.		
Expert Options	User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with blank space.		

Table 4-2-8-8 PPTP Parameters

Related Configuration Example

PPTP Application Example

4.2.8.6 OpenVPN Client

OpenVPN is an open source virtual private network (VPN) product that offers a simplified security framework, modular network design, and cross-platform portability.

Advantages of OpenVPN include:

- Security provisions that function against both active and passive attacks.
- Compatibility with all major operating systems.
- High speed (1.4 megabytes per second typically).
- Ability to configure multiple servers to handle numerous connections simultaneously.
- All encryption and authentication features of the OpenSSL library.
- Advanced bandwidth management.
- A variety of tunneling options.
- Compatibility with smart cards that support the Windows Crypt application program interface (API).

VPN IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client	OpenVPN Server	Certif
VPN Client Settings						
OpenVPN_1						
Enable						
Protocol	UDP		¥			
Remote IP Address						
Port	1194					
Interface	tun		•			
Authentication	None	3	۲			
Local Tunnel IP						
Remote Tunnel IP						
Enable NAT						
Compression	LZO		¥			
Link Detection Interval(s)	60					
Link Detection Timeout(s)	300					
Cipher	None	9	•			
MTU	1500					
Max Frame Size	1500					
Verbose Level	ERR	ÖR	*			
Expert Options						
Local Route						
	Subnet			Subnet Mas	k	Operation
						Ŧ

Figure 4-2-8-9

OpenVPN Client	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable OpenVPN client. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed.
Protocol	Select from "UDP" and "TCP".
Remote IP Address	Enter remote OpenVPN server's IP address or domain name.
Port	Enter the listening port number of remote OpenVPN server. Range: 1-65535.
Interface	Select from "tun" and "tap".
Authentication	Select from "None", "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", "X.509 cert", and "X.509 cert+user".
Local Tunnel IP	Set local tunnel address.
Remote Tunnel IP	Enter remote tunnel address.
Global Traffic	All the data traffic will be sent out via OpenVPN tunnel when
Forwarding	this function is enabled.
Enable TLS Authentication	Check to enable TLS authentication.
Username	Enter username provided by OpenVPN server.
Password	Enter password provided by OpenVPN server.
Enable NAT	Enable NAT traversal function.
Compression	Select LZO to compress data.
Link Detection Interval (s)	Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 10-1800.
Link Detection Timeout (s)	Set link detection timeout. OpenVPN will be reestablished after timeout. Range: 60-3600.
Cipher	Select from "NONE", "BF-CBC", "DE-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES-128-CBC", "AES-192-CBC" and "AES-256-CBC".
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 128-1500.
Max Frame Size	Set the maximum frame size. Range: 128-1500.
Verbose Level	Select from "ERROR", "WARING", "NOTICE" and "DEBUG".
Expert Options	User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with blank space.
Local Route	
Subnet	Set the local route's IP address.
Subnet Mask	Set the local route's netmask.

Table 4-2-8-9 OpenVPN Client Parameters

4.2.8.7 OpenVPN Server

The UR75 supports OpenVPN server to create secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities.

DMVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client	OpenVPN Server
OpenVPN Ser	ver Settings					
Enable						
Protocol		UDP		*		
Port		1194				
Listening IP						
Interface		tun		Ŧ		
Authentication		None		*		
Local Virtual IP						
Remote Virtual	IP					
Enable NAT						
Compression		LZO		*		
Link Detection I	nterval	60				
Cipher		None		Ŧ		
MTU		1500				
Max Frame Size	e	1500				
Verbose Level		ERROR		Ŧ		
Expert Options						

Figure 4-2-8-10

Local Route			
	Subnet	Netmask	Operation
			Ξ
Account			
	Username	Password	Operation
			Ħ

Figure 4-2-8-11

ProtocolSelect fromPortFill in listenListening IPEnter WAN to all activeInterfaceSelect fromAuthenticationSelect from "X.509 certLocal Virtual IPThe local tu The remoteRemote Virtual IPThe remoteClient SubnetLocal subnet	able OpenVPN server. a TCP and UDP. ing port number. Range: 1-65535. IP address or LAN IP address. Leaving it blank refers WAN IP and LAN IP address. WAN IP and LAN IP address. " tun" and "tap". "None", "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", " and "X. 509 cert +user". Innel address of OpenVPN's tunnel. e tunnel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.
ProtocolSelect fromPortFill in listenListening IPEnter WANListening IPEnter WANInterfaceSelect fromAuthenticationSelect from"X.509 certLocal Virtual IPThe local tuThe remoteClient SubnetLocal subnet	TCP and UDP. ing port number. Range: 1-65535. IP address or LAN IP address. Leaving it blank refers WAN IP and LAN IP address. " tun" and "tap". "None", "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", " and "X. 509 cert +user". Innel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.
PortFill in listenListening IPEnter WAN to all activeInterfaceSelect from Select from "X.509 certAuthentication"X.509 cert The local tu Remote Virtual IPThe local tu Client SubnetLocal subnet	ing port number. Range: 1-65535. IP address or LAN IP address. Leaving it blank refers WAN IP and LAN IP address. " tun" and "tap". "None", "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", " and "X. 509 cert +user". unnel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.
Listening IPEnter WAN to all activeInterfaceSelect from "X.509 certAuthenticationSelect from "X.509 certLocal Virtual IPThe local tu The remoteRemote Virtual IPThe remoteClient SubnetLocal subnet	IP address or LAN IP address. Leaving it blank refers WAN IP and LAN IP address. " tun" and "tap". "None", "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", " and "X. 509 cert +user". Innel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.
Listening IP to all active Interface Select from Authentication Select from "X.509 cert Local Virtual IP The local tu Remote Virtual IP The remote Client Subnet Local subnet	e WAN IP and LAN IP address. " tun" and "tap". "None", "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", " and "X. 509 cert +user". unnel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.
to all activeInterfaceSelect fromAuthenticationSelect fromX.509 certLocal Virtual IPThe local tuThe remoteClient SubnetLocal subnet	" tun" and "tap". "None", "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", " and "X. 509 cert +user". Innel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.
AuthenticationSelect from "X.509 certLocal Virtual IPThe local tu The remoteRemote Virtual IPThe remoteClient SubnetLocal subnet	"None", "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", " and "X. 509 cert +user". Innel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.
Authentication"X.509 certLocal Virtual IPThe local tuRemote Virtual IPThe remoteClient SubnetLocal subnet	" and "X. 509 cert +user". Innel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.
"X.509 certLocal Virtual IPThe local tuRemote Virtual IPThe remoteClient SubnetLocal subnet	innel address of OpenVPN's tunnel.
Remote Virtual IPThe remoteClient SubnetLocal subnet	
Client Subnet Local subnet	tunnel address of Open//PNI's tunnel
	turner address of Openvilly's turner.
	et IP address of OpenVPN client.
Client Netmask Local netma	ask of OpenVPN client.
Renegotiation	for renegotiation. Range: 0-86400.
Interval(s)	Tor renegotiation. Range. 0-80400.
Max Clients Maximum (OpenVPN client number. Range: 1-128.
Enable CRL Enable CRL	
Enable Client to Client Allow acces	ss between different OpenVPN clients.
Enable Dup Client Allow multi	ple users to use the same certification.
Enable NAT Check to er	nable the NAT traversal function.
Compression Select "LZO	" to compress data.
Link Detection Interval Set link det Range: 10-2	ection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. 1800.
Cinker Select from	"NONE", "BF-CBC", "DES-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC",
Cipher "AES-128-C	BC", "AES-192-CBC" and "AES-256-CBC".
MTU Enter the m	naximum transmission unit. Range: 64-1500.
Max Frame Size Set the max	ximum frame size. Range: 64-1500.
Verbose Level Select from	"ERROR", "WARING", "NOTICE" and "DEBUG".
Expert Options User can er	nter some other PPP initialization strings in this field
and separa	te the strings with blank space.
Local Route	
Subnet The real loc	cal IP address of OpenVPN client.
Netmask The real loc	
Account	cal netmask of OpenVPN client.
Username & Password Set usernar	cal netmask of OpenVPN client.

Table 4-2-8-10 OpenVPN Server Parameters

4.2.8.8 Certifications

User can import/export certificate and key files for OpenVPN and IPsec on this page.

DMVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client	OpenVPN Server	Certifications
OpenVPN Clie	int						
- OpenVPN	l client_1						
CA				Browse	Import Export Delete	3	
Public Ke	У			Browse	Import Export Delete	3	
Private <mark>K</mark> e	ву 📕			Browse	Import Export Delete	3.	
TA				Browse	Import Export Delete	3	
Preshared	d Key			Browse	Import Export Delete	3	
PKCS12				Browse	Import Export Delete	3	

Figure 4-2-8-12

OpenVPN Client					
Item	Description				
СА	Import/Export CA certificate file.				
Public Key	Import/Export public key file.				
Private Key	Import/Export private key file.				
ТА	Import/Export TA key file.				
Preshared Key	Import/Export static key file.				
PKCS12	Import/Export PKCS12 certificate file.				

Table 4-2-8-11 OpenVPN Client Certification Parameters

OpenVPN Server				
- OpenVPN Server				
CA	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Public Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Private Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
DH	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
ТА	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
CRL	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Preshared Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete

Figure 4-2-8-13

OpenVPN Server					
Item	Description				
CA	Import/Export CA certificate file.				
Public Key	Import/Export public key file.				
Private Key	Import/Export private key file.				
DH	Import/Export DH key file.				
ТА	Import/Export TA key file.				
CRL	Import/Export CRL.				
Preshared Key	Import/Export static key file.				

Table 4-2-8-12 OpenVPN Server Parameters

| IPsec

- IPsec_1				
CA	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Client Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Server Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
Private Key	Browse	Import	Export	Delete
CRL	Browse	Import	Export	Delete

Figure 4-2-8-14

IPsec	
Item	Description
СА	Import/Export CA certificate.
Client Key	Import/Export client key.
Server Key	Import/Export server key.
Private Key	Import/Export private key.
CRL	Import/Export certificate recovery list.

Table 4-2-8-13 IPsec Parameters

4.3 System

This section describes how to configure general settings, such as administration account, access service, system time, common user management, SNMP, AAA, event alarms, etc.

4.3.1 General Settings

4.3.1.1 General

General settings include system info, access service and HTTPS certificates.

Status	General	Account	System Time	SMTP	Phone	Storage
Vetwork 🕨	System					
	Hostname		URSA			
System	Web Login Time	out(s)	1800			
General Settings	Access Service	8				
User Management	Servi	ice	Local	Port		Remote
SNMP	HTT	Ρ		80		0
AAA	HTTE	PS		8088		0
~~~	TELN	ET	۲	8023		
Events	SSI	ł	<b>e</b>	8022		
Industrial	HTTS Certificat	tes				
Maintenance	Certificate	https.crt	Browse	Import Export	Delete	

Figure 4-3-1-1

General					
ltem	Description	Default			
System					
Hostname	User-defined router name, needs to start with a letter.	URSA			
Web Login	You need to log in again if it times out. Range: 100-3600.	1800			
Timeout (s)	Tou need to log in again in it times out. Nange. 100-5000.	1800			
Access Service					
Local	Access the router locally.	Enable			
Port	Set port number of the services. Range: 1-65535.				
Remote	Access the router remotely.	Disable			
НТТР	Users can log in the device locally via HTTP to access and	80			
	control it through Web after the option is checked.	80			
	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via				
HTTPS	HTTPS to access and control it through Web after option	8088			
	is checked.				
TELNET	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via	8023			
	Telnet after the option is checked.	0020			
SSH	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via SSH	8022			
5511	after the option is checked.	0022			

Table 4-3-1-1 General Setting Parameters

ltem	Description	Default
HTTPS Certific	ates	
Certificate	Click "Browse" button, choose certificate file on the PC, and then click "Import" button to upload the file into router. Click "Export" button will export the file to the PC. Click "Delete" button will delete the file.	
Кеу	Click "Browse" button, choose key file on the PC, and then click "Import" button to upload the file into router. Click "Export" button will export file to the PC. Click "Delete" button will delete the file.	

Table 4-3-1-2 General Setting Parameters

# 4.3.1.2 Account Management

Here you can change the login username and password of the administrator. Note: it is strongly recommended that you modify them for the sake of security.

General	Account	System Time	SMTP	Phone	Storage
Change Accou	int Info				
Username		admin			
Old Password					
New Password					
Confirm New Pa	assword				

Figure 4-3-1-2

Account				
Item	Description			
Username	Enter a new username. You can use characters such as a-z, 0-9, "_", "-", "\$". The first character can't be a digit.			
Old Password	Enter the old password.			
New Password	Enter a new password.			
Confirm New Password	Enter the new password again.			

Table 4-3-1-3 Account Information

# **Related Configuration Example**

Account Info Management

# 4.3.1.3 System Time

This section explains how to set the system time including time zone and time synchronization type.

Note: to ensure that the router runs with the correct time, it's recommended that you set the system time when configuring the router.

General	Account	System Time	SMTP	Phone	Storage
System Time Se	ettings				
Current Time		2017-11-14 10:18	:14 Tues		
Time Zone		8 China (Beijing)	×		
Sync Type		Sync with Browser			
Browser Time		2017-11-14 10:18	:30 Tues		
		Figure 4-3-1	-3		
General	Account	System Time	SMTP	Phone	Storage
System Time Se	ttings				
Current Time		2017-11-14 10:18	54 Tues		
Time Zone		8 China (Beijing)	•		
Sync Type		Set up Manually	¥		
Date		2017-11-14			
Time		10 🔻 19	▼ 10 ▼		
		Figure 4-3-1	-4		
General	Account	System Time	SMTP	Phone	Storag
System Time Se	ettings	<u></u>			
Current Time		2017-11-14 10:19	:25 Tues		
Time Zone		8 China (Beijing)	•		
Sync Type		Sync with NTP S	erver 🔻		
NTP Server Addr	ess	1.cn.pool.ntp.org			
Enable NTP Serv	rer				

System Time			
Item	Description		
Current Time	Show the current system time.		
Time Zone	Click the drop down list to select the time zone you are in.		
Sync Type	Click the drop down list to select the time synchronization		

	type.
Sync with Browser	Synchronize time with browser.
Browser Time	Show the current time of browser.
Set up Manually	Manually configure the system time.
Sync with NTP Server	Synchronize time with NTP server so as to achieve time synchronization of all devices equipped with a clock on network.
Sync with NTP Server	
NTP Server Address	Set NTP server address (domain name/IP).
Enable NTP Server	NTP client on the network can achieve time synchronization with router after "Enable NTP Server" option is checked.

Table 4-3-1-4 System Time Parameters

# **Related Configuration Example**

System Time Management

# 4.3.1.4 SMTP

SMTP, short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol, is a TCP/IP protocol used in sending and receiving e-mail. This section describes how to configure email settings.

General	Account	System Time	SMTP	Phone	Storage
SMTP Client S	ettings				
Enable					
Email Address					
Password					
SMTP Server A	ddress	smtp.exmail.qq.co	ım		
Port		587			
Enable TLS					
Email Recipier	nts				
Email Address		Ð			
Save	Test				
		Figure 4-3-1-6			

SMTP	
Item	Description
SMTP Client Settings	

Enable	Enable or disable SMTP client function.
Email Address	Enter the sender's email account.
Password	Enter the sender's email password.
SMTP Server Address	Enter SMTP server's domain name.
Port	Enter SMTP server port. Range: 1-65535.
Enable TLS	Enable or disable TLS encryption.
Email Recipients	
Email Address	Add recipients' email address.
Test	Check if the recipients can get the mail from sender.

Table 4-3-1-5 SMTP Setting

## **Related Topics**

<u>DI Setting</u> <u>Events Setting</u>

**Events Application Example** 

## 4.3.1.5 Phone

Phone settings involve in call/SMS trigger and SMS alarm for events.

- 1. Add phone list.
- 2. Select phone numbers and add them to the phone group.
- Go to "Network > Interface > Cellular > Connection Mode > Connect on Demand > Trigger by Call / Trigger by SMS" or go to "System > Events > Event Settings > SMS" and then select the phone group ID.

General	Account	System Time	SMTP	Phone	Storage
hone Numbe	er List				
	Number		Des	scription	Operation
+86	313409876543		adm		
			12		
hone Group	List				
hone Group	List Group Descr		1 sms		
Phone Group	Group Descr Lis	iption st	sms	Selected	
hone Group	Group Descr	iption st		Selected	* *

Figure 4-3-1-7

Phone				
Description				
Enter the telephone number. Digits, "+" and "-" are allowed.				
The description of the telephone number.				
Set number for phone group. Range: 1-100.				
The description of the phone group.				
Show the phone list.				
Show the selected phone number.				

Table 4-3-1-6 Phone Settings

# **Related Topic**

**Connect on Demand** 

# 4.3.1.6 Storage

You can view Micro SD card and SSD storage information on this page.

Status	Available
Storage (Capacity/Available)	7.2G/6.8G(1%)
Format	
SSD	
SSD Status	Not Inserted

Figure 4-3-1-8

Storage	Storage				
Item	Description				
Status	Show the status of Micro SD card or SSD, such as "Available" or "Not Inserted".				
Storage (Capacity/Available)	The total capacity of the Micro SD Card or SSD.				
Format	Format the Micro SD card or SSD.				

Table 4-3-1-7 Storage Information

# 4.3.2 User Management

This section describes how to create common user accounts. The common user permission includes Read-Only and Read-Write.

Status	Î	User Management			
Network	¥.	User List			
	-	Usemame	Password	Permission	Operation
system 🛛		user		Read-Only •	×



User Management			
Item Description			
Username	Enter a new username. You can use characters such as a-z, 0-9, "_", "-", "\$". The first character can't be a digit.		
Password	Set password.		
Permission	<ul> <li>Select user permission from "Read-Only" and "Read-Write".</li> <li>Read-Only: users can only view the configuration of router in this level.</li> <li>Read-Write: users can view and set the configuration of router in this level.</li> </ul>		

Table 4-3-2-1 User Management

## **Related Configuration Example**

Common User Management

## 4.3.3 SNMP

SNMP is widely used in network management for network monitoring. SNMP exposes management data with variables form in managed system. The system is organized in a management information base (MIB) which describes the system status and configuration. These variables can be remotely queried by managing applications.

Configuring SNMP in networking, NMS, and a management program of SNMP should be set up at the Manager.

Configuration steps are listed as below for achieving query from NMS:

- 1. Enable SNMP setting.
- 2. Download MIB file and load it into NMS.
- 3. Configure MIB View.
- 4. Configure VCAM.

## **Related Configuration Example**

SNMP Application Example

### 4.3.3.1 SNMP

The UR75 supports SNMPv1, SNMPv2c and SNMPv3 version. SNMPv1 and SNMPv2c employ community name authentication. SNMPv3 employs authentication encryption by username and password.

URSALIN	К				
Status	SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Trap	MIB
Network	SNMP Settin	gs			
	Enable				
System 🔻	Port		161		
General Settings	SNMP Version	n	SNMPv2		¥
	Location Infor	mation	Xiamen_C	China	
User Management	Contact Inform	nation	Xiamen_U	Irsalink_co,.ltd	
SNMP		_			
AAA	Save				

Figure 4-4-3-1

SNMP Settings				
Item	Description			
Enable	Enable or disable SNMP function.			
Port	Set SNMP listened port. Range: 1-65535. The default port is 161.			
SNMP Version	Select SNMP version; support SNMP v1/v2c/v3.			
Location Information	Fill in the location information.			
<b>Contact Information</b>	Fill in the contact information.			

Table 4-4-3-1 SNMP Parameters

# 4.3.3.2 MIB View

This section explains how to configure MIB view for the objects.

SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Trap	MIB	
View List					
v	iew Name	View	Filter	View OID	Operation
All		Included		] [1	×
system		Included		1.3.6.1.2.1.1	
					+

Figure 4-4-3-2

MIB View			
Item	Description		
View Name	Set MIB view's name.		
View Filter	Select from "Included" and "Excluded".		
View OID	Enter the OID number.		
Included	You can query all nodes within the specified MIB node.		
Excluded	You can query all nodes except for the specified MIB node.		

Table 4-3-3-2 MIB View Parameters

# 4.3.3.3 VACM

This section describes how to configure VCAM parameters.

SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Trap	MIB		
SNMP v1 & v2	User List					
Commu	unity	Permission	MIB Vi	ew	Network	Operation
private	Read	-write 🔻	All	•	0.0.0/0	×
public	Read	-only 🔻	none	•	0.0.0/0	
						+

Figure 4-3-3-3

VACM	
Item	Description
SNMP v1 & v2 User List	
Community	Set the community name.
Permission	Select from "Read-Only" and "Read-Write".
MIB View	Select an MIB view to set permissions from the MIB view list.
Network	The IP address and bits of the external network accessing the MIB view.
Read-Write	The permission of the specified MIB node is read and write.
Read-Only	The permission of the specified MIB node is read only.
SNMP v3 User List	
Group Name	Set the name of SNMPv3 group.
Security Level	Select from "NoAuth/NoPriv", "Auth/NoPriv", and " Auth/Priv".
Read-Only View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-only" from the MIB view list.
Read-Write View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-write" from the MIB view list.
Inform View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Inform" from the MIB view list.

# 4.3.3.4 Trap

01110	MID MONT	10000	<b>T</b> 22.21	
SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Trap	MI
SNMP Trap				
Enable				
SNMP Version		SNMPv2		•
Server Addres	s			
Port				

This section explains how to enable network monitoring by SNMP trap.

Figure	4-3-3-4

SNMP Trap		
Item	Description	
Enable Enable or disable SNMP Trap function.		
SNMP Version	Select SNMP version; support SNMP v1/v2c/v3.	
Server Address	Fill in NMS's IP address or domain name.	
Port	Fill in UDP port. Port range is 1-65535. The default port is 162.	
Name	Fill in the group name when using SNMP v1/v2c; fill in the username when using SNMP v3.	
Auth/Priv Mode	Select from "NoAuth & No Priv", "Auth & NoPriv", and "Auth & Priv".	

Table 4-3-3-4 Trap Parameters

# 4.3.3.5 MIB

This section describes how to download MIB files. The last MIB file "URSA-ROUTER-MIB.txt" is for the UR75 router.



Figure 4-3-3-5

MIB		
Item	Description	
MIB File	Select the MIB file you need.	
Download	Click "Download" button to download the MIB file to PC.	

Table 4-3-3-5 MIB Download

#### 4.3.4 AAA

AAA access control is used for visitors control and the available corresponding services once access is allowed. It adopts the same method to configure three independent safety functions. It provides modularization methods for following services:

- Authentication: verify if the user is qualified to access to the network.
- Authorization: authorize related services available for the user.
- Charging: record the utilization of network resources.

### 4.3.4.1 Radius

Using UDP for its transport, Radius is generally applied in various network environments with higher requirements of security and permission of remote user access.

URSALIN	JK			
Status	Radius	Ta <mark>cacs+</mark>	LDAP	Authentication
Network	Radius Settir	ngs		
System 👻	Enable Server IP Add	ress		
General Settings	Server Port Key		1812	
User Management		_		
SNMP	Save			
AAA				

Figure 4-3-4-1

Radius	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable Radius.
Server IP Address	Fill in the Radius server IP address/domain name.
Server Port	Fill in the Radius server port. Range: 1-65535.
Кеу	Fill in the key consistent with that of Radius server in order to get connected with Radius server.

Table 4-3-4-1 Radius Parameters

## 4.3.4.2 TACACS+

Using TCP for its transport, TACACS+ is mainly used for authentication, authorization and charging of the access users and terminal users by adopting PPP and VPDN.

Radius	Tacacs+	LDAP	Authentication
Tacacs+ Sett	ings		
Enable			
Server IP Add	ress		
Server Port		49	
Key			



TACACS+				
Item	Description			
Enable	Enable or disable TACACS+.			
Server IP Address	Fill in the TACACS+ server IP address/domain name.			
Server Port	Fill in the TACACS+ server port. Range: 1-65535.			
Кеу	Fill in the key consistent with that of TACACS+ server in order to get connected with TACACS+ server.			

Table 4-3-4-2 TACACS+ Parameters

### 4.3.4.3 LDAP

A common usage of LDAP is to provide a central place to store usernames and passwords. This allows many different applications and services to connect the LDAP server to validate users.

LDAP is based on a simpler subset of the standards contained within the X.500 standard. Because of this relationship, LDAP is sometimes called X.500-lite as well.



Figure 4-3-4-3

LDAP					
Item	Description				
Enable	Enable or Disable LDAP.				
Server IP Address	Fill in the LDAP server's IP address/domain name. The				
Server IP Address	maximum count is 10.				
Server Port	Fill in the LDAP server's port. Range: 1-65535				
Base DN	The top of LDAP directory tree.				
Security	Select secure method from "None", "StartTLS" and "SSL".				
Username	Enter the username to access the server.				
Password	Enter the password to access the server.				

Table 4-3-4-3 LDAP Parameters

# 4.3.4.4 Authentication

AAA supports the following authentication ways:

- None: uses no authentication, generally not recommended.
- Local: uses the local username database for authentication.
  - > Advantages: rapidness, cost reduction.
  - > Disadvantages: storage capacity limited by hardware.
- Remote: has user's information stored on authentication server. Radius, TACACS+ and LDAP supported for remote authentication.

When radius, TACACS+, and local are configured at the same time, the priority level is: 1 >2 >3.

Radius Tacacs+		LDAP	Authentication	
Authenticatic	on Settings			
Se	rvice	1	2	3
Co	nsole	None •	None v	None *
۷	Veb	None •	None •	None •
Te	Inet	None •	None •	None 🔻
S	SH	None •	None 🔻	None 🔻

Figure 4-3-4-4

Authentication				
Item	Description			
Console	Select authentication for Console access.			
Web	Select authentication for Web access.			
Telnet	Select authentication for Telnet access.			
SSH	Select authentication for SSH access.			

Table 4-3-4-4 Authentication Parameters

## 4.3.5 Device Management

Status	DeviceHub	
Network •	DeviceHub	
	Status	Disconnected
System	Activation Server Address	192.168.23.77
General Settings	DeviceHub Server Address	http://192.168.23.77:8080/acs
11	Activation Method	By Authentication Code
User Management	Authentication Code	
AAA		5
Device Management	Connect	

You can connect the device to the DeviceHub on this page so as to manage the router.

Figure 4-3-5-1

DeviceHub				
Item	Description			
Status	Show the connection status between the router and the DeviceHub.			
Disconnected	Click this button to disconnect the router from the DeviceHub.			
Activation Server Address	IP address or domain of the DeviceHub.			
DeviceHub Server Address	The URL address for the device to connect to the DeviceHub, e.g. http://220.82.63.79:8080/acs.			
Activation Method	Select activation method to connect the router to the DeviceHub server, options are "By Authentication ID" and "By ID".			
Authentication Code	Fill in the authentication code generated from the DeviceHub.			
ID Password	Fill in the registered DeviceHub account (email) and password.			

Table 4-3-5-1

## 4.3.6 Events

Event feature is capable of sending alerts by Email when certain system events occur.

# 4.3.6.1 Events

You can view alarm messages on this page.

<b>UR</b>	5ALINK	C				👤 admin
Status		Events	Events Sett	ings		
Network	•	Mark as Rea	d Delete	Mark All a	s Read Delete All Ala	rms
System	-		Status	Туре	Time	Message
General Se	ettings	< > 10	Go to:	GO		
User Mana	agement					
SNMP						
AAA						
Events						

#### Figure 4-3-6-1

Events	
Item	Description
Mark as Read	Mark the selected event alarm as read.
Delete	Delete the selected event alarm.
Mark All as Read	Mark all event alarms as read.
Delete All Alarms	Delete all event alarms.
Status	Show the reading status of the event alarms, such as "Read" and "Unread".
Туре	Show the event type that should be alarmed.
Time	Show the alarm time.
Message	Show the alarm content.

Table 4-3-6-1 Events Parameters

# 4.3.6.2 Events Settings

In this section, you can decide what events to record and whether you want to receive email and SMS notifications when any change occurs.

Events	Events Settin	ngs			
Events Settings					
Enable Phone Group List				]	
	Events		Record	Email Email Setting	SMS SMS Setting
C	ellular Up				
Cel	llular Down				
N N	WAN Up				
W	'AN Down				
2	VPN Up				
V	PN Down				

Figure 4-3-6-2

Event Settings			
Item	Description		
Enable	Check to enable "Events Settings".		
Cellular Up	Cellular network is connected.		
Cellular Down	Cellular network is disconnected.		
WAN Up	Ethernet cable is connected to WAN port.		
WAN Down	Ethernet cable is disconnected to WAN port.		
VPN Up	VPN is connected.		
VPN Down	VPN is disconnected.		
Record	The relevant content of event alarm will be recorded on		
Record	"Event" page if this option is checked.		
Email	The relevant content of event alarm will be sent out via email if		
LIIIdii	this option is checked.		
Email Setting	Click and you will be redirected to the page "SMTP" to		
	configure the sender's & recipients' info.		
SMS	The relevant content of event alarm will be sent out via SMS if		
	this option is checked.		
SMS Setting	Click and you will be redirected to the page of "Phone" to		
Sivis Setting	configure phone group list.		
Phone Group List	Select phone group to receive SMS alarm.		

Table 4-3-6-2 Events Parameters

### **Related Topics**

Email Setting Events Application Example

# 4.4 Industrial Interface

The UR75 router is capable of connecting with terminals through industrial interfaces so as to realize wireless communication between terminals and remote data center.

There are two types of the router's industrial interface: serial port (RS232 and RS485) and I/O (digital input and digital output).



Figure 4-4-1 Pinouts

PIN	RS232*1	RS485*1	DI*2	DO*2	Description
1	TXD				Transmit Data
2	RXD				Receive Data
3		А			Data +
4		В			Data -
5	GND		GND		Ground
6			IN1		Digital Input1
7			IN2		Digital Input2
8				OUT1	Digital Output1
9				OUT2	Digital Output2
10				COM	Common Ground

Table 4-4-1 Pinouts Definition

RS232 adopts full-duplex communication. It's generally used for communication within 20m.

RS485 adopts half-duplex communication to achieve transmission of serial communication data with distance up to 1200 m.

Digital input of I/O interface is a logical variable or switch variable with only two values of 0 and 1. "0" refers to low level and "1" refers to high level .

# 4.4.1 I/O

## 4.4.1.1 DI

This section explains how to configure monitoring condition on digital input, and take certain actions once the condition is reached.

Status	DI DO			
Network	DI_1 Setting			
	Enable			
System	Mode	High Level		
	Duration(ms)	100		
ndustrial	Action	SMS Email DO1	🔲 DO2	📄 Cellular Ul
VO	DI_2 Setting			
Serial Port	Enable	Ø		
Modbus TCP	Mode	High Level 🔹		
000	Duration(ms)	100		
GPS	Action	SMS Email DO1	D02	🔲 Ce <mark>llular U</mark> F

DI	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable DI.
Mode	Options are "High Level", "Low Level", and "Counter".
Duration (ms)	Set the duration of high/low level in digital input. Range: 1-10000.
Condition	Select from "Low->High", and "High-> Low".
Low->High	The counter value will increase by 1 if digital input's status changes from low level to high level.
High->Low	The counter value will increase by 1 if digital input's status changes from high level to low level.
Counter	The system will take actions accordingly when the counter value reach the preset one, and then reset the counter value to 0. Range: 1-100.
Action	Select the corresponding actions that the system will take when digital input mode meets the preset condition or duration.
SMS	Check to enable SMS alarm.
Phone	Set phone number to receive SMS alarm.
Content	Set the content of SMS alarm.
Email	Check to enable Email alarm.
D01	Control output status of DO1.
DO2	Control output status of DO2.
Cellular UP	Trigger the router to switch from offline mode to cellular network mode.

Table 4-4-1-1 DI Parameters

# **Related Topics**

DO Setting Email Setting Connect on Demand

# 4.4.1.2 DO

This section describes how to configure digital output mode.

DI	DO				
DO_1 Sett	ing				
Enable					
Mode		High Level		•	
Duration(*1	0ms)	100			
Alarm Sour	ce	DI1	🔲 DI2		
DO_2 Sett	ing				
Enable					
Mode		High Level	l.	•	
Duration(*1	0ms)	100			
Alarm Sour	се		🔲 DI2		

Figure 4-4-1-2

DO			
Description			
Enable or disable DO.			
Select from "High Level", "Low Level", and "Pulse".			
Set duration of high/low level on digital output. Range: 1-10000.			
Select high level or low level as the initial status of the pulse.			
Set the duration of pulse's high level. Range: 1-10000.			
Set the duration of pulse's low level. Range: 1-10000.			
Set the quantity of pulse. Range: 1-100.			
Select alarm source between "DI1" and "DI2".			

Table 4-4-1-2 DO Settings

### **Related Topics**

**DI Setting** 

# 4.4.2 Serial Port

Serial 1 is used for RS232 and Serial 2 for RS485 by default.

This section explains how to configure serial port parameters to achieve communication with serial terminals, and configure work mode to achieve communication with the remote data center, so as to achieve two-way communication between serial terminals and remote data center.

Status	Serial 1	Serial 2	
Network	Serial Settings		
	Enable		
System	Serial Type	RS232	Ţ
	Baud Rate	9600	•
dustrial	Data Bits	8	
vo	Stop Bits	1	•
Serial Port	Parity	None	•
	Software Flow Con	trol	
Modbus TCP	Serial Mode	DTU Mode	•
GPS	DTU Protocol	None	

Figure 4-4-2-1

Serial Settings			
ltem	Description	Default	
Enable	Enable or disable serial port function.	Disable	
Serial Type	Serial Port 1 is a RS232 port. Serial Port 2 is a RS485 port.		
Baud Rate	Range is 300-230400. Same with the baud rate of the connected terminal device.	9600	
Data Bits	Options are "8" and "7". Same with the data bits of the connected terminal device.	8	
Stop Bits	Options are "1" and "2". Same with the stop bits of the connected terminal device.	1	
Parity	Options are "None", "Odd" and "Even". Same with the parity of the connected terminal device.	None	
Software Flow Control	Enable or disable software flow control.	Disable	
Serial Mode	Select work mode of the serial port. Options are "DTU Mode" and "GPS".	Disable	
DTU Mode	In DTU Mode, the serial port can establish communication with the remote server/client.		
GPS	In GPS mode, go to "Industrial > GPS > GPS Serial Forwarding" to select corresponding Serial Type, then GPS data will be forwarded to this serial port.		

Table 4-4-2-1 Serial Parameters

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Serial Mode	DTU Mode	¥		
DTU Protocol	Transparent	•		
Protocol	ТСР	¥		
Keepalive Interval	75	s		
Keepalive Retry Times	9			
Packet Size	1024	Bytes		
Serial Frame Interval	100	ms		
Reconnect Interval	10	s		
Specific Protocol				
Register String				
Destination IP Address	S			
Server Ad	Idress	Server Port	Status	Operatio
				8

### Figure 4-4-2-2

DTU Mode				
Item	Description	Default		
DTU Protocol	<ul> <li>Select from "None", "Transparent", "Modbus", and "TCP server".</li> <li>Transparent: the routed is used as TCP client/UDP and transmits data transparently.</li> <li>TCP server: the router is used as TCP server and transmits data transparently.</li> <li>Modbus: the router will be used as TCP server with modbus gateway function, which can achieve conversion between Modbus RTU and Modbus TCP.</li> </ul>			
TCP Server				
Listening port	Set the router listening port. Range: 1-65535.	502		
Keepalive Interval	After TCP connection is established, client will send heartbeat packet regularly by TCP to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600 in seconds.	75		
Keepalive Retry Times	When TCP heartbeat times out, router will resend heartbeat. After it reaches the preset retry times, TCP connection will be reestablished. The retry times range is 1-16.	9		
Packet Size	Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when preset frame size is reached. The size range is 1-1024. The unit is byte.	1024		
Serial Frame Interval	The interval that the router sends out real serial data stored in the buffer area to public network. The range is 10-65535, in milliseconds. Note: data will be sent out to public network when real serial data size reaches the preset packet size, even though it's within the serial frame interval.	100		

ltem	Description	Default	
Transparent			
Protocol	Select "TCP" or "UDP" protocol.	ТСР	
Keepalive Interval	After TCP client is connected with TCP server, the client will send		
	heartbeat packet by TCP regularly to keep alive. The interval range	75	
(s)	is 1-3600, in seconds.		
Keepalive Retry	When TCP heartbeat times out, the router will resend heartbeat.		
Times	After it reaches the preset retry times, router will reconnect to	9	
	TCP server. The range is 1-16.		
Packet Size	Set the size of the serial data frame. Packet will be sent out when	1024	
	preset frame size is reached. The range is 1-1024. The unit is byte.	102 .	
	The interval that the router sends out real serial data stored in the		
	buffer area to public network. The range is 10-65535, in		
Serial Frame	milliseconds.	100	
Interval	Note: data will be sent out to public network when real serial data		
	size reaches the preset packet size, even though it's within the		
	serial frame interval.		
Reconnect Interval	After connection failure, router will reconnect to the server at the	10	
	preset interval, in seconds. The range is 10-60.		
Specific Protocol	By Specific Protocol, the router will be able to connect to the TCP2COM software.		
Heartbeat Interval	By Specific Protocol, the router will send heartbeat packet to the server regularly to keep alive. The interval range is 1-3600, in	30	
Hear (Deat Interval	seconds.	50	
	Define unique ID of each router. No longer than 63 characters		
ID	without space character.		
Register String	Define register string for connection with the server.	Null	
Server Address	Fill in the TCP or UDP server address (IP/domain name).	Null	
Server Port	Fill in the TCP or UDP server port. Range: 1-65535.	Null	
Status	Show the connection status between the router and the server.		
Modbus			
Local Port	Set the router listening port. Range: 1-65535. 502		

Table 4-4-2-3 DTU Parameters

# **Related Configuration Example**

DTU Application Example

# 4.4.3 Modbus TCP

This section describes how to achieve I/O status via Modbus TCP and Modbus RTU over TCP.

#### 4.4.3.1 Modbus TCP

You can define the address of the DI and DO ports so as to poll DI's status and control DO's status via Modbus TCP protocol.

Status	Modbus TCP		
Network •	Modbus TCP		
	Enable		
System 🕨	Port	502	
	DI_1 Address	0	
Industrial 🔻	DI_2 Address	1	
I/O	DO_1 Address	0	
Serial Port	DO_2 Address	1	
Modbus TCP	Save		



Modbus TCP					
Item	Description	Default			
Enable	Enable/disable Modbus TCP.	Disable			
Port	Set the router listening port. Range: 1-65535.	502			
DI_1 Address	Define the address of DI_1, range: 0-255.	0			
DI_2 Address	Define the address of DI_2, range: 0-255.	1			
DO_1 Address	Define the address of DO_1, range: 0-255.	0			
DO_2 Address	Define the address of DO_2, range: 0-255.	1			

Table 4-4-3-1 Modbus TCP Parameters

## 4.4.4 Modbus Master

UR75 router can be set as Modbus Master to poll the remote Modbus Slave and send alarm according to the response.

### 4.4.4.1 Modbus Master

You can configure Modbus Master's parameters on this page.

URSAL	.INK			
Status	*	Modbus Master	Channel	
Network	•	Modbus Master		
System	•	Enable Read Interval/s	0	S
Industrial	-	Max Retries Max Response Time/ms	3	ms
VO		Exection Interval/ms	50	ms
Serial Port		Save		
Modbus TCP				
Modbus Master				



Modbus Master				
Item Description				
Enable	Enable/disable Modbus master.			
Read Interval/s	Set the interval for reading remote channels. When the read cycle ends, the commands which haven't been sent out will be discard, and the new read cycle begins. If it is set to 0, the device will restart the new read cycle after all channels have been read. Range: 0-600.	0		
Max. Retries	Set the maximum retry times after it fails to read, range: 0-5.	3		
Max. Response Time/ms	Set the maximum response time that the router waits for the response to the command. If the device does not get a response after the maximum response time, it's determined that the command has timed out. Range: 10-1000.	500		
Execution Interval/ms	The execution interval between each command. Range: 10-1000.	50		

Table 4-4-4-1

# 4.4.4.2 Channel

You can add the channels and configure alarm setting on this page, so as to connect the router to the remote Modbus Slave to poll the address on this page and receive alarms from the router in different conditions.

Modbus Master		Channe	6							
Channel Setting										
Channel Setting										
Name	Slave ID	Addres s	Number	Туре	Туре		IP Address	Port	Sign	Operation
test1	1	40	1	Holding Regis	TCP	•	192.168.23.3	500		×
										Ð

Figure 4-4-4-2

Channel Setting				
Item	Description			
Name	Set the name to identify the remote channel. It cannot be blank.			
Slave ID	Set Modbus slave ID.			
Address	The starting address for reading.			
Number	The address number for reading.			
Туре	Read command, options are "Coil", "Discrete", "Holding Register (INT16)", "Input Register (INT16)", "Holding Register (INT32)" and "Holding Register (Float)".			
Link	Select TCP for transportation.			
IP address	Fill in the IP address of the remote Modbus device.			
Port	Fill in the port of the remote Modbus device.			
Sign	To identify whether this channel is signed. Default: Unsigned.			

Table 4-4-4-2
Modbus Master	Channel			
larm Setting				
		Name	test1	•
		Condition	GE(>)	•
		Max. Threshold	0	
		Alarm	SMS	
		Phone Group		•
		Normal Content	Note: \$YEAR/\$MON/\$DAY \$TIME, get NORMAL data \$VALUE from address \$ADDRESS of channel \$NAME. (Abnormal scope is	*
		Abnormal Content	Note: \$YEAR/\$MON/\$DAY \$TIME, get ABERRANT data \$VALUE from address \$ADDRESS of channel \$NAME. (Abnormal scope is	*
		Continuous Alarm		

Figure 4-4-4-3

Alarm Setting		
Item	Description	
Name	Set the same name with the channel name to identify the remote channel.	
Condition	The condition that triggers alert.	
Min. Threshold	Set the min. value to trigger the alert. When the actual value is less than this value, the alarm will be triggered.	
Max. Threshold Set the max. value to trigger the alert. When the actual value is more than value, the alarm will be triggered.		
Alarm	Alarm Select the alarm method, e.g SMS.	
Operation		
SMS	The preset alarm content will be sent to the specified phone number.	
Phone Group	Select the phone group to receive the alarm SMS.	
Normal Content	When the actual value is restored to the normal value from exceeding the threshold value, the router will automatically cancel the abnormal alarm and send the preset normal content to the specified phone group.	
Abnormal Content	When the actual value exceeds the preset threshold, the router will automatically trigger the alarm and send the preset abnormal content to the specified phone group.	
Continuous Alarm	Once it is enabled, the same alarm will be continuously reported. Otherwise, the same alarm will be reported only one time.	

# 4.4.5 GPS

This section gives you a detailed introduction to GPS settings, including GPS IP forwarding and GPS serial forwarding.

#### 4.4.5.1 GPS

When you want to receive GPS data, you should enable GPS function on this page.

Status		GPS	GPS GPS IP Forwarding	GPS GPS IP Forwarding GPS Serial Forwading
Network	۲	Enable	Enable	Enable
System	۲	Save	Save	Save
Industrial	-			
VO.				
Serial Port				
Modbus TCP				
GPS				

Figure 4-4-5-1

Status	GPS (	SPS IP Forwarding	GPS Serial Forwading	
Network	GPS IP Forwardi	ng		
	Enable			
System )	Туре	Client	•	
	Protocol	TCP Protocol	•	
Industrial	Keepa <mark>li</mark> ve Interval	75	s	
I/O	Keepalive Retry	9	times	
Serial Port	Reconnect Interval	10	s	
	Report Interval	30	s	
Modbus TCP	Include RMC	×.		
GPS	Include GSA			
	Include GGA			
Maintenance )	Include GSV			
	Message Prefix			
APP	Message Suffix			

# 4.4.5.2 GPS IP Forwarding

GPS IP forwarding means that GPS data can be forwarded over the Internet.

Figure 4-4-5-2

Destination IP Address			
Server Address	Server Port	Status	Operation

Figure 4-4-5-3

GPS IP Forwar	ding	
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Forward the GPS data to the client or server.	Disable
Туре	Select connection type of the router. The options are "Clien and "Server".	t" Client
Protocol	Select protocol of data transmission. The options are "TCP" and "UDP".	ТСР
Keepalive Interval	After it's connected with server/client, the router will send heartbeat packet regularly to the server/client to keep alive The interval range is 1-3600, in seconds.	e. 75
Keepalive Retry	When TCP heartbeat times out, the router will resend heartbeat. After it reaches the preset retry times, router wi reconnect to TCP server. The range is 1-16.	ill 9
Local Port	Set the router listening port. Range: 1-65535.	
Reconnect Interval	After connection failure, router will reconnect to the server at the preset interval, in seconds. The range is 10-60.	. 10
Report Interval	Router will send GPS data to the server/client at the preset interval, in seconds. The range is 1-60.	30
Include RMC	Whether include RMC in GPS data.	
Include GSA	Whether include GSA in GPS data.	
Include GGA	Whether include GGA in GPS data.	
Include GSV	Whether include GSV in GPS data.	
Message Prefix	Add a prefix to the GPS data.	Null
Message Suffix	Add a suffix to the GPS data.	Null
<b>Destination IP</b>	Address	
Server	Fill in the server address to receive GPS data (IP/domain	
Address	name).	
Server Port	Fill in the port to receive GPS data. Range: 1-65535.	
Status	Show the connection status between the router and the server.	

Table 4-4-5-1 GPS IP Forwarding Parameters

# 4.4.5.3 GPS Serial Forwarding

GPS IP forwarding means that GPS data can be forwarded to the serial port.

Status		GPS	GPS IP Forwarding	GPS Serial Forwading	
Network	*	GPS Serial Fo	prwading		
System		Enable Serial Type	✓ serial 1	¥	
Industrial	-	Trap Interval Include RMC	30		
VO		Include GSA			
Serial Port		Include GGA	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>		
Modbus TCP		Save			
GPS		Save			

Figure 4-4-5-4

GPS Serial Forwarding				
Item	Description Default			
Enable	Forward the GPS data to the preset serial port. Disable			
Serial Type	Select the serial port to receive GPS data. The options are "serial 1" and "serial 2".			
Report	Router will forward the GPS data to the serial port at the	30		
Interval	preset interval, in seconds. The range is 1-60.	50		
Include RMC	Whether include RMC in GPS data.			
Include GSA	Whether include GSA in GPS data			
Include GGA	Whether include GGA in GPS data			
Include GSV	Whether include GSV in GPS data.			

Table 4-4-5-2 GPS Serial Forwarding Parameters

# 4.5 Maintenance

This section describes system maintenance tools and management.

# 4.5.1 Tools

Troubleshooting tools includes ping and traceroute.

# 4.5.1.1 Ping

Ping tool is engineered to ping outer network.

Status		Ping	Traceroute	
Network	×.	IP Ping		
System	×	Host		Ping Stop
Industrial	×			
Maintenance	~			
Tools				

PING			
Item	Description		
Host Ping outer network from the router.			
	Table 4-5-1-1 IP Ping Parameters		

# 4.5.1.2 Traceroute

Traceroute tool is used for troubleshooting network routing failures.

URS	ALINI	<			
Status		Ping	Traceroute		
Network	۲	Traceroute	ř		0
System	×	Host		Trace	Stop
Industrial	۲				
Maintenance	-				
Tools					

#### Figure 4-5-1-2

Traceroute	
Item	Description
Host	Address of the destination host to be detected.

Table 4-5-1-2 Traceroute Parameters

# 4.5.2 Schedule

This section explains how to configure scheduled reboot on the router.

<b>CURS</b>	ALINH	(				2	admin
Status		Schedule					
Network	Þ	Schedule					
System	×	Schedule		equency	Hour	Minute	Operation
		reboot	Every D	ay 🔹 🚺	· · · ·	0	
Industrial	•						
Maintenance	•	Save					
Tools							
Schedule							

Figure 4-5-2-1

Schedule			
Item	Description		
Schedule	Select schedule type.		
Reboot	Reboot the router regularly.		
Frequency	Select the frequency to execute the schedule.		
Hour & Minute	Select the time to execute the schedule.		

Table 4-5-2-1 Schedule Parameters

#### **Related Configuration Example**

**Schedule Application Example** 

# 4.5.3 Log

The system log contains a record of informational, error and warning events that indicates how the system processes. By reviewing the data contained in the log, an administrator or user troubleshooting the system can identify the cause of a problem or whether the system processes are loading successfully. Remote log server is feasible, and router will upload all system logs to remote log server such as Syslog Watcher.

#### **Related Configuration Example**

Logs and Diagnostics

#### 4.5.3.1 System Log

This section describes how to download log file and view the recent log on web.

Status		System Log Log :	Settings		
letwork	•	Download			
	140	File	Log File	Download	
ystem		Log			
ndustrial		View recent(lines)	20	*	
Tools Schedule		Tue Oct 31 10:15:53 2017 dae Tue Oct 31 10:15:53 2017 dae Tue Oct 31 10:16:03 2017 dae Tue Oct 31 10:16:03 2017 dae Tue Oct 31 10:16:12 2017 dae	mon.warn zebra[1164]. [1609 mon.warn zebra[1164]. libgsi mon.warn zebra[1164]. [1609 mon.warn zebra[1164]. [1609	4416145.366771] GSM Event: sim f 4416153.913374] GSM Event: sim f m/gsm.c.376 yeastar_mobile_handl 4416153.531890] GSM Event: sim f 4416172.75885] GSM Event: sim f 4416172.75885] GSM Event: sim f an/gsm.c.376 yeastar_mobile_handl	ailed! e_event.fail_count 2! ailed! iled!
Log		Tue Oct 31 10:16:21 2017 dae Tue Oct 31 10:16:30 2017 dae	mon.warn zebra[1164]: [1509 mon.warn zebra[1164]: [1509	416181.925775] GSM Event: sim f 416190.474367] GSM Event: sim f	ailed! ailed!
Upgrade		Tue Oct 31 10:16:39 2017 dae	mon.warn zebra[1164]: [1509	n/gsm.c:376 yeastar_mobile_handi )416199.822249] GSM Event: sim f )416208.932086] GSM Event: sim i	alied
Backup and Re	store	Tue Oct 31 10:17:15 2017 das	mon info zebra[1164]: Try to		I dchan is up!
Reboot		Tue Oct 31 10:17:18 2017 dat	mon.info.ntpd[1506]: Listen r mon.info.ntpd[1506]: Listen r	ormally on 12 cellular0 10 53 241 1 ormally on 13 cellular0 [fe80: 9417	
				2 24 local addr 10 53 241 18 -> 2 24 local addr 10 53 241 18 ->	

Figure 4-5-3-1

System Log	
Item	Description
Download	Download log file.
View recent (lines)	View the specified lines of system log.
Clear Log	Clear the current system log.

Table 4-5-3-1 System Log Parameter

# 4.5.3.2 Log Settings

This section explains how to enable remote log server and local log setting.

System Log	Log Settings			
Remote Log Server				
Enable				
Syslog Server Address	•			]
Port		514		]
Local Log File				
Storage		local	Ŧ	
Size		1024		КВ
Log Severity		Info	•	]

Figure 4-5-3-2

Log Settings				
Item	Description			
Remote Log Server				
Enable	With "Remote Log Server" enabled, router will send all system			
спаріе	logs to the remote server.			
Syslog Server Address	Fill in the remote system log server address (IP/domain name).			
Port	Fill in the remote system log server port.			
Local Log File				
Storage	User can store the log file in memory or TF card.			
Size	Set the size of the log file to be stored.			
Log Severity	The list of severities follows the syslog protocol.			

Table 4-5-3-2 System Log Parameters

# 4.5.4 Upgrade

This section describes how to upgrade the router firmware via web. Generally you don't need to do the firmware upgrade.

Note: any operation on web page is not allowed during firmware upgrade, otherwise the upgrade will be interrupted, or even the device will break down.

URSAL	-INK				💄 admin
Status		Upgrade			
Network	۲	Upgrade			
System	Þ	Firmware Version Reset Configuration to Factory Default	2.0.0.15		
Industrial	×	Upgrade Firmware	-	Browse	Upgrade
Maintenance	~				
Tools					
Schedule					
Log					
Upgrade					

Figure 4-5-4-1

Upgrade			
Item	Description		
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version.		
<b>Reset Configuration</b>	When this option is checked, the router will be reset to factory defaults after		
to Factory Default	upgrade.		
	Click "Browse" button to select the new firmware file, and click "Upgrade" to		
Upgrade Firmware	upgrade firmware.		

Table 4-5-4-1 Upgrade Parameters

# **Related Configuration Example**

Firmware Upgrade

# 4.5.5 Backup and Restore

This section explains how to create a complete backup of the system configurations to a file, restore the config file to the router and reset to factory defaults.

URSA	INK
Status	Backup and Restore
Network	Restore Config
System	Config File Browse Import
Industrial	Backup Running-config
Maintenance	Restore Factory Defaults
Tools	Reset
Schedule	
Log	
Upgrade	
Backup and Res	ге

Figure 4-5-5-1

Backup and Restore	
Item	Description
	Click "Browse" button to select configuration file, and then
Config File	click "Import" button to upload the configuration file to the
	router.

Backup	Click "Backup" to export the current configuration file to the PC.
Reset	Click "Reset" button to reset factory default settings. Router will restart after reset process is done.
	Table 4.5.5.4 Dealers and Deaters Descurators

Table 4-5-5-1 Backup and Restore Parameters

# **Related Configuration Example**

Backup and Restore Configuration Restore Factory Defaults

# 4.5.6 Reboot

On this page you can reboot the router and return to the login page. We strongly recommend clicking "Save" button before rebooting the router so as to avoid losing the new configuration.

CURSALIN	K
Status	Reboot
Network 🕨	Reboot
System 🕨	
Industrial 🕨 🕨	
Maintenance	
Tools	
Schedule	
Log	
Upgrade	
Backup and Restore	
Reboot	

Figure 4-5-6-1

# 4.6 APP

# 4.6.1 Python

Python is an object-oriented programming language that has gained popularity because of its clear syntax

and readability.

As an interpreted language, Python has a design philosophy that emphasizes code readability, notably using whitespace indentation to delimit code blocks rather than curly brackets or keywords, and a syntax that allows programmers to express concepts in fewer lines of code than it's used in other languages such as C++ or Java. The language provides constructs and intends to enable writing clear programs on both small and large scale.

Users can use Python to quickly generate the prototype of the program, which can be the final interface of the program, rewrite it with a more appropriate language, and then encapsulate the extended class library that Python can call.

This section describes how to view the relevant running status such as App-manager, SDK version, extended storage, etc. Also you can change the App-manager configuration, and import the Python App package from here.

# 4.6.1.1 Python

Micro SD card/SSD must be installed for Python App.

Status	Python AppManager	r Configuration	Python APP
Network 🕨	Python		
System 🕨	AppManager Status SDK Version	Uninstalled	
Industrial 🕨	SDK Path Available Storage		Ŧ
Maintenance 🕨	SDK Upload		Browse Install
АРР			
Python			



Python		
Item	Description	
AppManager Status	Show AppManager's running status, like "Uninstalled",	
	"Running" or "Stopped".	
SDK Version	Show the version of the installed SDK.	
SDK Path	Show the SDK installation path.	
Available Storage	Select available storage such as Micro SD or SSD to install SDK.	
SDK Upload	Upload and install SDK for Python.	
Uninstall	Uninstall SDK.	
View	View application status managed by AppManager.	

Table 4-6-1-1 Python Parameters

# 4.6.1.2 App Manager Configuration

Python	AppManager Configuration	Python APP	
AppManager			
Enable			
App Management			
ID	App Comma	nd Logfile Size(MB)	Uninstall
App Status			
Арр	Name	App Version	SDK Version

Figure 4-6-1-2

AppManager Configuration	
Description	
After enabling Python AppManager, user can click "View" button on the "Python" webpage to view the application status managed by AppManager.	
Show the ID of the imported App.	
Show the name of the imported App.	
User-defined Logfile size. Range: 1-50.	
Uninstall APP.	
Show the name of the imported App.	
Show the version of the imported App.	
Show the SDK version which the imported App is based on.	

Table 4-6-1-2 APP Manager Parameters

# 4.6.1.3 Python App

Python	AppManager Configuration	Python APP
Import App P	ackage	
App Package		Browse Import
Import App C	onfiguration	
App Name		¥
App Configura	tion	Browse Import
Debug Script		
Debug File		Export
Debug Script		Browse Import

Figure 4-6-1-3

Python APP	
Item	Description
App Package	Select App package and import.
App Name	Select App to import configuration.
App Configuration	Select configuration file and import.
Debug File	Export script file.
Debug Script	Select Python script to be debugged and import.

Table 4-6-1-3 APP Parameters

# **Chapter 5 Application Examples**

# 5.1 Account Info Management

It is strongly recommended that you change the default username and password of the administrator account when you log in Ursalink Router's WEB GUI page at first time for the sake of security.

Example: change the username and password of administrator account to "uradmin" and "URpassword". The configuration procedures are listed as below.

- 1. Go to "System > General Settings > Account".
- 2. Modify the username to "uradmin", fill in the old Password "password", and set the new Password "URpassword".

Click "Save" button, and then you will be asked to login again with the new username and password.

<b>VRSALINK</b>						
Status		General	Account	2	System Time	SMTP
Network	×	Change Account l	nfo			
System	•	Username Old Password		(3) <	uradmin	
General Settings	1	New Password Confirm New Passw	ord	0	•••••	
User Management						)

#### **Related Topic**

Account Management

# 5.2 Common User Management

The UR75 router is capable of creating up to 5 common user accounts that have different authorities, including "Read-Only" and "Read-Write" to manage the router.

"Read-Only" refers to the authority that user is only allowed to view the configuration;

"Read-Write" refers to the authority that user can view and modify all the parameters.

Example: create 2 common user accounts listed below.

Username	Password	Permission
ur_user1	UR_password1	Read-Only
ur_user2	UR_password2	Read-Write

Configuration procedures are listed as blow.

- 1. Go to "System > User Management > User Management".
- 2. Click "
  to add a new common user.
- 3. Set "Username", "Password", and "Permission" as below.

	NK		5 Apply	admin E
Status	User Management			
Network 🕨	User List			
	Username	Password	Permission	Operation
System 🔻	ur_user1		Read-Only	▼ ×
General Settings	3 ur_user2		Read-Write	•
User Managemert				<b>H</b>
SNMP	Save (4)			
AAA	Save 4			

Click "Save" button, and then click "Apply" on the top-right corner to make the changes take effect.

# **Related Topic**

User Management

# 5.3 System Time Management

There are 3 ways to synchronize the system time: "Sync with Browser", "Set up Manually", and "Sync with NTP Server".

# Note: to ensure that the router runs with correct time, it's recommended that you set the system time when you configure the router.

In the following part we take UTC+8 time zone as an example.

# A. Synchronize time with browser

Go to "System > General Settings > System Time", set time zone as "8 China (Beijing)" and Sync Type as "Sync with Browser". And Click "Save" button.

System Time Settings	
Current Time	2017-11-09 09:17:40 Thur
Time Zone	8 China (Beijing)
Sync Type	(1) Sync with Browser
Browser Time	2017-11-09 09:18:29 Thur
Save (2)	

# B. Set up time by manual

- 1. Go to "System > General Settings > System Time", set time zone as "8 China (Beijing)" and Sync Type as "Set up Manually".
- 2. Select the correct local time. And click "Save" button.

System Time Settings	
Current Time	2017-11-09 09:18:16 Thur
Time Zone	8 China (Beijing)
Sync Type	Set up Manually
Date	2017-11-09
Time	9 <b>v</b> 19 <b>v</b> 4 <b>v</b>
Save 3	

# C. Synchronize time with NTP server

- Go to "System > General Settings > System Time", set time zone as "8 China (Beijing)" and Sync Type as "Sync with NTP Server".
- Configure an available NTP server address such as "time.windows.com". Click "Save" button.

System Time Settings	
Current Time	2017-11-09 09:19:27 Thur
Time Zone	8 China (Beijing)
Sync Type	(1) Sync with NTP Server
NTP Server Address	time.windows.com
Enable NTP Server	
Save 3	

Related Topic
System Time Setting

# 5.4 Backup and Restore Configuration

#### A. Backup Configuration

- 1. Go to "Maintenance > Backup and Restore > Backup and Restore".
- 2. Click "Backup" button under "Backup running-config".

Then the current configuration file will be downloaded to the "Downloads" folder of the PC.

Status	Backup and Restore
Network	Restore Config
System	Config File Import
Industrial 🕨 🕨	Backup Running-config Backup 3
Maintenance 🔹	Restore Factory Defaults
Tools	Reset
Schedule	
Log	
Upgrade	
Backup and Restore $(1)$	

# B. Restore Configuration

- 1. Go to "Maintenance > Backup and Restore > Backup and Restore".
- 2. Click "Browse" button under the "Restore" to select configuration file from PC.
- 3. Click "Import" to import the selected configuration file to the router.

ÚRSALINK	
Status	Backup and Restore
Network	Restore Config 3 4
System	Config File Browse Import Backup Running-config
Industrial 🕨	Backup
Maintenance 🔻	Restore Factory Defaults
Tools	Reset
Schedule	
Log	
Upgrade	
Backup and Restore ①	

Related Topic
Backup and Restore

# **5.5 Restore Factory Defaults**

# 5.5.1 Via Web Interface

- 1. Log in web interface, and go to "Maintenance > Backup and Restore".
- 2. Click "Reset" button under the "Restore Factory Defaults".

You will be asked to confirm if you'd like to reset it to factory defaults. Then click "Reset" button.

Status	Backup and Restore
Network	Restore Config
System	Config File Browse Import
Industrial 🕨	Backup Running-config Backup
Maintenance 🔻	Restore Factory Defaults
Tools	Reset 3
Schedule	
Log	
Upgrade	
Backup and Restore $(1)$	
Backup Running-config	
Backup	
Restore Factory Defaults	
Reset	
	×
	Reset operation will erase all configuration data on Router and reset the system to factory defaults. Continue?
	Reset Cancel

Then the router will reboot and restore to factory settings immediately.

Restore Config	
Config File	Browse
Backup Running-config	
Backup	Reset, please do not power off
Restore Factory Defaults	
Reset	

Please wait till the login page pops up again, which means the router has already been reset to factory defaults successfully.



Related Topic

**Restore Factory Defaults** 

# 5.5.2 Via Hardware



Locate the reset button on the router, and take corresponding actions based on the status of STATS LED.

STATUS LED	Action
Blinking	Press and hold the reset button for more than 15 seconds.
Static Green $\rightarrow$	Release the button and wait.
Rapidly Blinking	
$Off \rightarrow Blinking$	The router is now reset to factory defaults.

# 5.6 Firmware Upgrade

It is suggested that you contact Ursalink technical support first before you upgrade router firmware. After getting firmware file from Ursalink technical support, please refer to the following steps to complete the upgrade.

- 1. Go to "Maintenance > Upgrade".
- 2. Click "Browse" and select the correct firmware file from the PC.
- 3. Click "Upgrade" and the router will check if the firmware file is correct. If it's correct, the firmware will be imported to the router, and then the router will start to upgrade.

URSA	NK	
Status	Upgrade 2	
Network	Upgrade	
System	Firmware Version Reset Configuration to Factor	2.0.0.19 y Default 3 4
Industrial	Upgrade Firmware	Browse Upgrade
Maintenance		
Tools		
Schedule		
Log		
Upgrade		



<b>VIRSA</b>	IK	2
Status	Upgrade	
Network	Upgrade	
System	Firmware Version Reset Configuration to Factory Default	2.0.0.19
Industrial	Upgrade Firmware	C:\fakepath\2.0.0.19.bin Browse Upgrade 😯 Importing firmware. Please stay on this page till upgrade is finished.
Maintenance		
Tools		
Schedule	Please keep t	he power on during upgrade.
Log		
Upgrade		

**Related Topic** 

**Upgrade** 

# **5.7 Events Application Example**

# Example

In this section, we will take an example of sending alarm messages by email when the following events occur and recording the event alarms on the Web GUI.

Events	Actions to make events occur (for test)
Cellular network is connected.	Insert SIM card.
Cellular network is disconnected.	Remove SIM card.
WAN cable is connected.	Plug WAN cable.
WAN cable is disconnected.	Unplug WAN cable.

# **Configuration Steps**

- 1. Go to "System > Events > Events Settings" and enable Event settings.
- Check corresponding events for record and email alarm, and then click "Save" button as below. Click "Email Settings" and go to SMTP settings.

Status	Events Events Settings	2)		
Network	Events Settings			
System 👻	Enable 🥑 🤇	3)		
General Settings	Events	Record	Email Email Setting 6	SMS SMS Setting
User Management	Cellular Up			
	Cellular Down			
SNMP	WAN Up		ø	
AAA	WAN Down			
Events ①	VPN Up			
Ŭ	VPN Down			
Industrial 🕨 🕨				
Maintenance	Save 5			

 Configure the corresponding parameters including email sending settings and recipients as below. Click "Save" and "Apply" button to make the changes take effect.

	(13) Apply
Status	General Account System Time SMTP (8) Phone Storage
Network 🕨	SMTP Client Settings
System 🔻	Email Address support@ursalink.com
General Settings (7)	Password SMTP Server Address
User Management	Port 178
SNMP	Enable TLS
ААА	Email Recipients
Events	Email Address adm@ursalink.com
Industrial 🕨 🕨	
Maintenance >	D Save Test

To test the functionality of Alarm, please take the corresponding actions listed above.
 It will send an alarm e-mail to you when the relevant event occurs.
 Refresh the web GUI, go to "Events > Events", and you will find the events records.

Events Set	tings		
Mark as Read Delete	Mark All a	s Read Delete All Ala	rms
Status	Туре	Time	Message
< > 10 • Go to:	GO		

# **Related Topics**

Events Email Setting

# 5.8 Schedule Application Example

Through schedule configuration, the UR75 can be set to reboot at preset time every day.

# Example

Configure router to reboot at 0:00 every day.

# **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to "Maintenance > Schedule > Schedule".

- 2. Click "
  "
  to set up a new schedule task as below.
- 3. Click "Save" and "Apply" button.

<b>VRS</b>		JK			y 💄 adr	nin E
Status		Schedule 2				
Network	Þ	Schedule				
		Schedule	Frequency	Hour	Minute	Operation
System	•	3 { reboot	• Every Day •	0 • (	) 🔻	×
Industrial	×					E
Maintenance	•	Save (4)	1			
Tools						
Schedule	1					

# **Related Topic**

Schedule Setting

# **5.9 Logs and Diagnostics**

System log of the UR75 supports 3 types of output method, including Web and Remote Log Server. Application 1

Obtain system log on Web.

Go to "Maintenance > Log > System log", and you will see the log is listed in the box.

		admin
Status	System Log (2) Log Settings	
Network	Download	
System 🕨	File Log File	
	Log	
Industrial 🕨 🕨	View recent(lines) 20	
Maintenance 🔻	Thu Nov 2 09:33:56 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]; [1509586436.196318] GSM Event: SIM 1 dchan is down! Thu Nov 2 09:34:01 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]; [1509586441.264493] GSM Event: SIM 1 dchan is down! Thu Nov 2 09:34.03 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]; [1509586443.323906] GSM Event: SIM 1 dchan is down!	!
Tools	Thu Nov 2 09:34:12 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [1509586452.671092] GSM Event: sim failed! Thu Nov 2 09:34:20 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [1509586460.948779] GSM Event: sim failed!	
Schedule	Thu Nov 2 09:34:21 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: libgsm/gsm.c:377 yeastar_mobile_handle_event: fail_ou Thu Nov 2 09:34:31 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [1509586471.305038] GSM Event: Sim inserted! Thu Nov 2 09:34:44 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [1509586484.538713] GSM Event: SIM 1 dchan is down!	
Log ①	Thu Nov 2 09:34-49 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [1509586489.610319] GSM Event: SIM 1 dchan is down! Thu Nov 2 09:34-50 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [1509586490.663912] GSM Event: SIM 1 dchan is down! Thu Nov 2 09:35-04 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [1509586504.391406] GSM Event: SIM 1 dchan is down!	!
Upgrade	Thu Nov 2 09:35:12 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [150536505197322] GSM Event: sim failed! Thu Nov 2 09:35:13 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [lbgsn/gsm.c:377 yeastar_mobile_handle_event: fail_cou	unt 2!
Backup and Restore	Thu Nov 2 09:35-22 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [1509586522.984902] GSM Event: sim inserted! Thu Nov 2 09:35:36 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [1509586536 260947] GSM Event: SIM 1 dchan is down	
Reboot	Thu Nov 2 09:35:41 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]; [1509586541.326197] GSM Event. SIM 1 dchan is down! Thu Nov 2 09:35:43 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]; [1509586543.379108] GSM Event. SIM 1 dchan is down! Thu Nov 2 09:35:52 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]; [1509586552.870213] GSM Event. sim failed!	
APP 🕨	Thu Nov 2 09:36:01 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: [1509586561.139046] GSM Event: sim failed! Thu Nov 2 09:36:01 2017 daemon.warn zebra[1287]: libgsm/gsm.c:377 yeastar_mobile_handle_event: fail_cou	unt 2!
	Clear Log	

# **Application 2**

Send the system log to the remote syslog server. Server IP: 110.22.14.43; Port: 514 Go to "Maintenance > Log > Log Settings" to configure the parameters as below.

	.INK					5 Apply	💄 admin
Status		System Log	Log Settings	2			
Network	•	Remote Log Server					
System	•	Enable Syslog Server Address	3 <	110.22.14.43			
Industrial	•	Port		514	J		
Maintenance	•	Storage		local v			
Tools		Size		1024	KB		
Schedule		Log Severity		Info 🔻			
Log	1	Save (4)					

Then click "Save" and "Apply" button.

# **Related Topic**

System Log

# 5.10 SNMP Application Example

Before you configure SNMP parameters, please download the relevant "MIB" file from the UR75's WEB GUI first, and then upload it to any software or tool which supports standard SNMP protocol. Here we take "ManageEngine MibBrowser Free Tool" as an example to access the router to query cellular information.

1. Go to "System > SNMP > MIB" and download the MIB file "URSA-ROUTER-MIB.txt" to PC.

	NK					
Status		SNMP	MIB View	VACM	Тгар	мів (2)
Network	×	MIB Download				
System	-	MID FIIE		(3) URSA-RO	UTER-MIE V	Download (4)
General Settings						
User Management						
SNMP	(1)					

 Start "ManageEngine MibBrowser Free Tool" on the PC. Click "File > Load MIB" on the menu bar. Then select "BURSA-ROUTER-MIB.txt" file from PC and upload it to the software.

MarageEngine MibBrowser	er Free Tool				_		×
<u>File</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>O</u> perations <u>H</u>	<u>H</u> elp						
🗞 📥 🗈 🍪  🖶 🎒	- 🖻 🔁 🦷	n 🗊 🔊   🧠 🏹 🛍	🎟  🐞 🛫 🐵	🧼 🗵	Oou Dou More F	inload ree Tools	
Loaded MibModules	Host Community Set Value Device Type Device Type Ider Suggested OIDs Object ID	Iocalhost ****** Intified Not Available None URSA MIBURSA-ROUTER-MIB.bd	Vrite Community	161	Reload		

Click the "+" button beside "URSA-ROUTER-MIB", which is under the "Loaded MibModules" menu, and find "usCellularinfo". And then you will see the OID of cellular info is ".1.3.6.1.4.1.50234", which will be filled in the MIB View settings.

🞽 ManageEngine MibBrowser Free Too	I			_		×
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>O</u> perations <u>H</u> elp						
🗞 🌜 🗉 ጰ  🖬 🚳	b 🐚 🗊 🔊 🍳	👦 🏹 🖄 🛅 🕯	🕷 🛫 🐵 🏼 🧇	: 🔀 🚺 🚺 More	ownload Free Tools	
Loaded MibModules URSA-ROUTER-MIB enterprises usManage usRebootDevice usCellularInfo usCellularSignalL usCellularNetServ usCellularNetServ usCellularNetServ usCellularNetServ usCellularNetServ usCellularNetServ usCellularSignalL usCellularNetServ usCellularSignalL usCellularNetServ usCellularSignalL usCellularSignalL usCellularSignalL usCellularSignalL usCellularSignalL usCellularSignalL usCellularSignalL usCellularNetServ usCellularSignalL usCellularNetServ usCellularNetServ usCellularSignalL usCellularNetServ	Community *** Set Value Device Type Device Type Device Type Identifie Suggested OIDs Object ID .iso Loading MIBs "E:\UR: MIB(s) Loaded Succe Description MultiV Syntax Access Index	d Not Available None . org. dod. internet. priva SA MIBURSA-ROUTER-M ssfully		C	F Reload	
Global View	Description					

3. Go to "System > SNMP > SNMP" on the WEB GUI. Check "Enable" option, then click "Save" button.

	К
Status	SNMP 6 MIB View VACM Trap MIB
Network	SNMP Settings
System	Enable Port I61
General Settings	SNMP Version
User Management	Location Information     Xiamen_China       Contact Information     Xiamen_Ursalink_co,.ltd
SNMP (5	
AAA	Save (8)

- 4. Go to "System > SNMP > MIB View". Click + to add a new MIB view and define the view to be accessed from the outside network. Then click "Save" button.
- 5. Go to "System > SNMP > VACM". Click 🛨 to add a new VACM setting to define the access authority

	NK		Apply a	admin 🔁
Status	SNMP MIB View 9	VACM Trap	MIB	
Network 🕨	View List			
	View Name	View Filter	View OID	Operation
System 🔻	10 Cellular	Included •	1.3.6.1.4.1.50234.1.6	
General Settings				Ħ
User Management	Save (11)			
SNMP				

6. for the specified view from the specified outside network. Click "Save" and "Apply" to make the changes take effect.

	NK (5 Apply 2 admin	E
Status	SNMP MIB View VACM D Trap MIB	
Network 🕨	SNMP v1 & v2 User List	
Quetom 🔻		peration
System 🔻	Image: state	×
General Settings		8
User Management	Save 14	
SNMP		

7. Go to MibBrowser, enter host IP address, port and community. Right click "usCellular CurrentSim" and then click "GET". Then you will get the current SIM info on the result box. You can get other cellular info in the same way.



# **Related Topic**

<u>SNMP</u>

# 5.11 LAN Management

In LAN Settings, you can configure IP and other parameters of the Ethernet ports which are set as "LAN". **Example** 

GE 1 port of UR75 is configured as "LAN". Parameters are listed below.

Interface	IP Address	Netmask	MTU
GE 1	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	1500

# **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to "Network > Interface > LAN" to set parameters as below.

	ALIN	IK							<b>a</b> dr	nin	Ð
Status			Port	WAN	LAN	2	VLAN Trunk	Cellular	Loopback		
Network	•	ļ.	LAN Settings								
Interface	1		Port		IP Ad	dress	Netmask		MTU	Operation	1
intornatio	U	3	GE1	٣	192.168.1.1		255.255.255.0		1500	×	
Firewall									L		
QoS										Ð	
DHCP			Save & Apply	4							

2. Click "Save & Apply" button to make the changes take effect.

# **Related Topics**

LAN Setting

LAN Status

### 5.12 Network Connection

# 5.12.1 Cellular Connection

The UR75 routers have two cellular interfaces, named SIM1 & SIM2. Only one cellular interface is active at one time. If both cellular interfaces are enabled, SIM1 interface takes precedence as default.

#### Example

We are about to take an example of inserting a SIM card into SIM1 slot of the UR75 and configuring the router to get Internet access through cellular.

# **Configuration Steps**

- 1. Go to "Network > Interface > Cellular > Cellular Setting" and configure the cellular info.
- 2. Enable SIM1.
- 3. Choose relevant network type. "Auto", "4G First", "4G Only", "3G First", "3G Only", "2G First" and "2G only" are optional.



								Apply
Status	Port W	AN LAI	N	WLAN	Cellular	r Lo	oopbac 5	) Apply
Network 🔻	Cellular Setting		SIM1			SIM2		
Interface	Enable							
Firewall	Network Type		Auto		•	Auto		v
QoS	APN							
	Username							
DHCP	Password							
DDNS	Access Number							
Link Failover	PIN Code							
Routing	Authentication Type	)	Auto		•	Auto		*
	Roaming							
VPN	SMS Center							
System	Connection Settin							
	Dual SIM Strategy Enable NAT							
Industrial 🕨 🕨	ICMP Server		✓ 8.8.8.8					
Maintenance	Secondary ICMP S	erver	114.114.11	4.114				
	PING Times		5					
APP 🕨	Packet Loss Rate		20		%			
	SMS Settings							
	4 Save		PDU		•			
	Save							

Click "Save" and "Apply" for configuration to take effect.

Note:

If you select "Auto", the router will obtain ISP information from SIM card to set APN, Username, and Password automatically. This option will only be taken effect when the SIM card is issued from well-known ISP.

If you select "4G First" or "4G Only", you can click "Save" to finish the configuration directly.

If you select "3G First", "3G Only", "2G First" or "2G Only", you should manually configure APN, Username, Password, and Access Number.

4. Check the cellular connection status by WEB GUI of router.

Click "Status > Cellular" to view the status of the cellular connection. If it shows 'Connected', SIM1 has dialed up successfully.

	К								
Status		Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host List	GPS
Network	۰ I	lodem							
		Status		Ready					
System	<b>۲</b>	Model		U9300C					
Industrial	•	Current SIM		SIM1					
	:	Signal Level		29asu (-56dBm)					
Maintenance	<b>ا</b>	Register Status		Registered (Home I	network)				
		MSI		460070615219248					
APP		CCID		898602E61315320	19248				
		SP		CHINA MOBILE					
		Network Type		LTE					
		PLMN ID		46007					
		_AC		fffe					
		Cell ID		f700e28					
		MEI		862808032459987					
	[1	letwork		_					
		Status		Connected	Connecte	d			
		P Address		10.39.128.14					
		Netmask		255.255.255.252					
		Gateway		10.39.128.13					
		ONS		211.143.147.120					
		Connection Duration		0 days, 00:15:35				Manual Refresh 🔻	Refresh

5. Check out if network works properly by browser on PC.

Open your preferred browser on PC, type any available web address into address bar and see if it is able to visit Internet via the UR75 router.

# **Related Topic**

Cellular Setting Cellular Status

# 5.12.2 Ethernet WAN Connection

When both "WAN" and "Cellular" interfaces are enabled and available, cellular interfaces will take precedence by default.

### Example

GE 0 of the UR75 is configured as "WAN", and the port is connected with Ethernet cable to get Internet access.

# **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to "Network > Interface > Cellular" and disable "SIM1" and "SIM2". Then click "Save" button.

<b>VRSALINK</b>									
Status		Port	WAN	LAN	VLAN Trunk	Cellular (2)	Loopback		
Network	•	Cellular Se	tting						
Interface	1	Enable		SIM1		SIM2			
Firewall		Network Typ	e	Auto		▼ Auto	Ŧ		

2. Go to "Network > Interface > WAN" to configure WAN parameters. The following examples of static IP type, DHCP Client type, and PPPoE type are listed for your reference.

# (1) Static IP

	IK	
Status	Port WAN (5) LAN VLAN Trunk	Cellular Loopback
Network 👻	— WAN_1	
Interface (4)	Enable	
Firewall	Port GE 0	
QoS	Connection Type Static IP •	
DHCP	IP Address 192.168.2.81	
DDNS	Netmask         255.255.255.0           Gateway         192.168.2.1	
Link Failover	MTU 1500	
Routing	Primary DNS Server 8.8.8.8	
VPN	Secondary DNS Server 4.4.4.4	
System	Enable NAT	
	Multiple IP Address	
Industrial 🕨 🕨	IP Address	Netmask
Maintenance		
АРР	Save & Apply	

# (2) DHCP Client

	К			
Status	Port WAN (5)	LAN VLAN Trunk	Cellular	Loopback
Network 🔫	— WAN_1			
Interface (4)	Enable			
Firewall	Port	GE 0		
QoS	Connection Type	DHCP Client	•	
DHCP	мти 6	1500		
DDNS	Use Peer DNS Primary DNS Server	8.8.8.8		
Link Failover	Secondary DNS Server	4.4.4.4		
Routing	Enable NAT	✓		
VPN				
System 🕨	Save & Apply			

# (3) PPPoE

Status	Port WAN (5) LAN VLAN Trunk Cellula	ar Loopback
Network	— WAN_1	
Interface (4)	Enable	
Firewall	Port GE 0	
QoS	Connection Type PPoE	
DHCP	Username 059293684762	
DDNS	Password	
Link Failover	Link Detection Interval(s) Max Retries	
Routing	МТU 1500	
VPN	Use Peer DNS	
System	Primary DNS Server     8.8.8.8       Secondary DNS Server     4.4.4.4	
Industrial 🕨	Enable NAT	
Maintenance	Save & Apply (7)	

Note: if you select PPPoE type, please check the "Username" & "Password" with your local ISP. Click "Save & Apply" button to make the changes take effect.

### **Related Topic**

WAN Setting WAN Status

# 5.13 WAN Failover/Backup Application Example

# 5.13.1 Dual SIM Backup

### Example

In this section we will take an example of inserting two SIM cards into the UR75. When one SIM fails, router will try to connect with the other SIM as backup link.

# **Configuration Steps**

 Go to "Network > Interface > Cellular" to enable SIM1 and SIM2. Leave the network type as "Auto" by default.

	ζ.				
Status	Port WAN	LAN	VLAN Trunk	Cellular 2	Loopback
Network 👻	Cellular Setting				
Interface (1)	Enable	sim (3) ₪		SIM2	
Firewall	Network Type		to	<ul> <li>Auto</li> </ul>	•
QoS	APN				
DHCP	Username				
DDNS	Password				
	Access Number				
Link Failover	PIN Code				
Routing	Authentication Type	Au	to	• Auto	τ.
VPN	Roaming				
	SMS Center				
System 🕨	Connection Setting				
	Dual SIM Strategy				

2. Enable "Dual SIM Strategy", and configure the corresponding options as below. ICMP server can be configured as any reachable IP address.

							8 Apply
Status	Port	WAN	LAN	V	LAN Trunk	Cellular	Loopback
Network 🔻	Roaming SMS Center						
Interface	Connection 9	0		_			
Firewall	Dual SIM Stra Primary SIM (		5	SIM1		•	
QoS		kup SIM card wł	hen ICMP				
DHCP	detection fails Swtich to back	kup SIM card wł	hen the			> 6	
DDNS	connection fai	ls					
Link Failover	Switch to back roaming is det	kup SIM card wh tected	hen				
Routing	Enable NAT						
Routing	ICMP Server			8.8.8.8			
VPN	Secondary IC	MP Server		114.114.114	.114		
System 🕨	PING times			5			
	Packet Loss F	Rate		20		%	
Industrial 🕨 🕨	SMS Setting	s					
Maintenance	SMS Mode			PDU		•	
APP 🕨	Save	7					

Then click "Save" and "Apply" button.

3. Go to "Status > Cellular", and you will see the router is connected to the network via SIM1.

<b>VRSALINK</b>								
Status	Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN	Routing			
Network 🕨	Modem							
	Status	Ready	Ready					
System 🕨	Model	EC25	EC25					
Industrial	Current SIM		SIM1					
	Signal Level		15asu (-83dBm	15asu (-83dBm)				
Maintenance	Register Status		Registered (Ho	me network)				
	IMSI		460019987103	071				
APP 🕨	ICCID	898601178380	89860117838019196629					
	ISP		CHN-UNICOM					
	Network Type		LTE					

Network	
Status	Connected
IP Address	10.105.39.33

4. You can remove SIM1 to make the router fail to connect to network via it. Go to "Status > Cellular" again, and you will see the router is connected to the network through SIM2.

	LINK						
Status		Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN	Routing	
Network	Þ	Modem					
		Status		Ready			
System	•	Model		EC25			
		Current SIM	SIM2	SIM2			
Industrial	•	Signal Level		15asu (-83dBm	15asu (-83dBm)		
Maintenance	•	Register Status		Registered (Ho	me network)		
		IMSI		460019987103	071		
APP	•	ICCID		898601178380	19196629		
		Network					
		Status		Connected	)		
		IP Address		10.63.223.44			

Now SIM2 becomes the main SIM, and SIM1 runs as the backup.

The router won't reconnect via SIM1 until SIM2 fails.

# **Related Topic**

**Cellular Setting** 

Cellular Status

# 5.13.2 WAN Failover

WAN failover involves in Ethernet WAN interface and cellular interface. Either can be used as main WAN interface. If the main interface fails, the router will automatically failover to the backup interface until the main interface functions properly again.

# **Application Example**

An UR75 router is connected with PC via GE 1 (LAN) port, and GE 0 (WAN) of the UR75 is connected to Internet via wired network. Configure WAN failover in the router so that it can failover to cellular to get Internet access in case of the malfunction of wired network and failback to wired network when it's available again. Please refer to the topological graph below.


# **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WAN" and configure wired WAN connection as below.

		Apply adm
Status Network  Interface	Port WAN 2 LAN VLAN Trunk     - WAN_1     Enable   Port   Connection Type   IP Address   Netmask   Gateway   IS2.168.6.1   MTU   Primary DNS Server   Secondary DNS Server   Enable NAT	Cellular Loopback
System	Multiple IP Address	
Industrial	IP Address	Netmask Operation
APP	Save & Apply (4)	

When configuration is done, click "Save & Apply" button. Then confirm if it is able to visit Internet on PC through the UR75.

2. Go to "Network > Interface > Cellular", enable cellular settings and click "Save" button.

ÛRSALI	NK								
Status		Port	WAN	LAN	4	VLAN Trunk	С	ellular 5	Loopback
Network	-				SIM1			SIM2	
Interface		Enable		6	1			•	
Firewall		Network Type APN	•		Auto		T	Auto	•
QoS		Username							
DHCP		Password							
DDNS		Access Numb	ber						
Link Failover		PIN Code Authentication	n Type		A.4-		•		
Routing		Roaming	птуре		Auto		•	Auto	•
VPN		SMS Center							
System	•	Connection							
-,		Dual SIM Str	ategy						
Industrial	•	ICMP Server			8.8.8.8				
Maintenance	•	Secondary IC	MP Server		114.114	.114.114			
		PING times			5				
APP	•	Packet Loss I	Rate		20		%		
		SMS Setting	IS						
		SMS Mode			PDU		Ŧ		
		Save	7						

3. Go to "Network > Link Failover > SLA" and configure SLA probe. The default probe type is ICMP. The destination address is the host address which can be probed by ICMP in public network or private network. Other parameters can be kept as default value.

itatus	SLA	Track	VRRP W	AN Failover							
letwork 👻	SLA Entry	6									
Interface	ID	Туре	Destination Address	Secondary Destination Address	Data Size	interval(s)	Timeout(ms)	PING Times	Packet Loss Rate	Start Time	Operation
Firewall	1	lcmp-echo	• 114.114.114.114	8.8.8.8	58	30	5000	5	20	now 🔻	×
QoS											٥
DHCP	Save										
DONS											

4. Go to "Network > Link Failover > Track" for Track parameters configuration. You can use the default

Status	SLA	Track	VRRP	WAN Fa	illover		
Network 🔻	Track Obje	ect					
	ID	Туре	SLA ID	Interface	Negative Delay(s)	Positive Delay(s)	Operation
Interface	1	sla	1 .	cellular0 🔻	0	1	×
Firewall							Ð
QoS							
DHCP	Save						

5. Go to "Network > Link Failover > WAN Failover" and select "GEO" as main interface, "cellularO" as backup interface. Other parameters can be kept as default value.

	NK	12 Apply & admin E
Status	SLA Track VRRP WAN Failover	9
Network 🔻	WAN Failover	
Interface	Main Interface Backup Startup Delay(s) Up Delay(s	s) Down Delay(s) Track ID Operation
Firewall	① GE0 ▼ cellular0 ▼ 3 0	
QoS		8
DHCP	Save ①	
DDNS		
Link Failover (8)		

After all configurations are done, click "Apply" button.

6. Login the router via SSH, and use command "show ip route" to check the route table. And you will see the router access to the network via GEO interface (wired network).



- 7. Check how WAN failover functions.
- (1) Unplug the Ethernet cable from GE 0 port of the router. Check the route table, and you will see the router access to the network via cellular0 interface (SIM).

```
URSA> show ip route
Codes: K - kernel route, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP,
0 - OSPF, I - IS-IS, B - BGP, P - PIM, A - Babel,
> - selected route, * - FIB route
S>* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 10.163.64.164, cellular0
C>* 10.163.64.160/29 is directly connected, cellular0
C>* 127.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, lo
C>* 192.168.66.0/24 is directly connected, GE1
```

(2) Plug the Ethernet cable to GE 0 port again. Check the route table, and you will see the router access to the network via GE0 interface (wired network) again.

```
URSA> show ip route
Codes: K - kernel route, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP,
0 - 0SPF, I - IS-IS, B - BGP, P - PIM, A - Babel,
> - selected route, * - FIB route
S>* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 192.168.6.1, GE0
C>* 10.163.64.160/29 is directly connected, cellular0
C>* 127.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, lo
C>* 192.168.6.0/24 is directly connected, GE0
C>* 192.168.66.0/24 is directly connected, GE1
```

# **Related Topics**

WAN Setting Cellular Setting Track Setting SLA Setting WAN Failover Setting

# 5.14 Wi-Fi Application Example (Only Applicable to Wi-Fi Version)

#### 5.14.1 AP Mode

#### **Application Example**

Configure UR75 as AP to allow connection from users or devices.

#### **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WLAN" to configure wireless parameters as below.

	c					5 Apply
Status	Â	Port WAN	LAN VLAN Trunk	WLAN 2 Cellular	Loopback	
Network	-	WLAN				
Interface	1	Enable Work Mode	AP T			
Firewall		SSID Broadcast AP Isolation	2			
QoS		Radio Type Channel	802.11n(2.4GHz)			
DHCP		SSID	Wi-Fi Test			
DDNS		BSSID Encryption Mode	24:e1:24:f0:00:f3	3		
Link Failover		Cipher	Auto 🔻			
Routing		Key Bandwidth	20MHz V			
VPN		Max Client Number	100			
System	•	IP Setting				
Industrial	•	Protocol IP Address	Static IP         v           192.168.232.1         192.168.232.1			
Maintenance	•	Netmask	255.255.255.0			
APP	+ -	Save 4				

The IP address must be in different network segment from the LAN IP address.

Click "Save" and "Apply" button after all configurations are done.

2. Use a smart phone to connect by SSID "Wi-Fi Test". Go to "Status > WLAN", and you can check the AP

settings and information of the connected client/user.

Status		Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host List	GP9			
Network		WLAN Status										
		Wireless Status		Er	abled							
System	•	MAC Address		24	e1 24:10 00:13							
ndustrial		Interface Type		A	2							
nduana	<u> </u>	SSID		W	-FI Test							
Maintenance		Channel		13								
		Encryption Type		W	PA2-PSK							
APP:	•	Cipher		A	ito							
		Status		Lip	n).							
		IP Address		19	2 168 232 1							
		Netmask		25	5.255.255.0							
		Connected Time		0	days, 00 11 40							
		Associated Station	15									
		IP Addr	955	MAC Add	lress	Sign	al	RX Packets	Receive Rate	TX Packets	Send Rate	Connected Time
		192.168.2	32.4	shaffarit	dia .	-79dE	lm	593	5.5 MBit/s	437	1.0 MBit/s	19 seconds

# 5.14.2 Client Mode

# **Application Example**

Configure UR75 as Wi-Fi client to connect to an access point to have Internet access.

# **Configuration Steps**

<ol> <li>Go to "Network &gt; Interface &gt; WLAN" to configure wireless as below</li> </ol>	w.
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----

URSA	LINK		5 Apply
Status		Port WAN LAN WLAN (2) Cellular Loopback	
Network	1.	WLAN	
System	۲	Enable Work Mode Client  Scan	
Industrial	×	SSID Wi-Fi BSSID	
Maintenance	۰	Encryption Mode Cipher	
APP	•	Cipher Auto v Key	
		IP Setting	
		Protocol DHCP Client	
		Save (4)	

Click "Save" and "Apply" button after all configurations are done.

2. Go to "Status > WLAN", and you can check the wireless settings, connection status and the information of the access point.

Status		Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN	VPN	Routing	Host Lis	GPS			
Network	•	WLAN Status										
		Wireless Status		Er	abled							
System	•	MAC Address		24	e1:24:10:00:13							
ndustrial		Interface Type		CI	ient							
IGU SE IEI	10	SSID		W	i-Fi							
taintenance	6	Channel		A	ito							
		Encryption Type		W	PA2-PSK							
(PP		Clpher		A	ito							
		Status		Di	sconnected							
		IP Address										
		Netmask										
		Connected Time		0	days, 00:25:03							
		Associated Stati	ions									
		IP Ad	dress	MAC Add	iress	Sign	nal	RX Packets	Receive Rate	TX Packets	Send Rate	Connected Time

**Related Topic** 

WLAN Setting

WLAN Status

# 5.15 VRRP Application Example

# **Application Example**

A Web server requires Internet access through the UR75 router. To avoid data loss caused by router breakdown, two UR75 routers can be deployed as VRRP backup group, so as to improve network reliability.

VRRP group:

GE 0 ports of the UR75 Router A and Router B are connected to the Internet via wired network. And GE 1 ports of them are connected to a switch.

Virtual IP is 192.168.1.254/24.

UR75 Router	Virtual Router ID (Same for A and B)	Port connected with switch	LAN IP Address	Priority	Preemption Mode
А	1	GE 1	192.168.1.1	110	Enable
В	1	GE 1	192.168.1.2	100	Disable

Refer to the topological below.



# **Configuration Steps**

# **Router A Configuration**

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WAN" and configure wired WAN connection as below.

		Apply 🙎 admi
Status	Port WAN 2 LAN VLAN Trunk Cellular	Loopback
Network 🔻	— WAN_1	
Interface ①	Enable	
Firewall	Port GE 0	
QoS	Connection Type Static IP •	
DHCP	IP Address 10.10.0.11	
DDNS	Netmask         255.255.0           Gateway         10.10.0.1	
Link Failover	MTU 1500	
Routing	Primary DNS Server 8.8.8.8	
VPN	Secondary DNS Server 4.4.4.4	
System	Enable NAT	
	Multiple IP Address	
Industrial 🕨 🕨	IP Address Netr	nask Operation
Maintenance		Œ
APP 🕨	Save & Apply	

 Go to "Network > Link Failover > SLA" and configure SLA probe. The default probe type is ICMP. The destination address is the host address which can be probed by ICMP in public network or private network. Other parameters can be kept as default value.

Status		SLA	Track	VRRP V	WAN Failover							
Network	*	SLA Entry										
Interface		ID	Туре	Destination Addres	ss Secondary Destination Address	Data Size	Interval(s)	Timeout(ms)	PING Times	Packet Loss Rate	Start Time	Operation
Firowall		1	icmp-echo	▼ 114.114.114.114	8.8.8	56	30	5000	5	20	now 🔻	×
QoS												63
DHCP		Sava										
DDNS												
Link Failover												

 Go to "Network > Link Failover > Track" and configure link track parameters. You can use the default Track settings.

Status	SLA	Track	VRRP	WAN Failover			
Network 🔻	Track Object						
	ID	Туре	SLA ID	Interface	Negative Delay(s)	Positive Delay(s)	Operation
Interface	1	sla	• 1 •	cellular0 •	0	1	
Firewall							æ
QoS							
DHCP	Save						
DDNS							
Link Failover							

4. Go to "Network > Link Failover > VRRP" and configure VRRP parameters as below.

	K	Apply
Status	SLA Track VRRP 6 WAN Fai	lover
Network 🔻	VRRP Status Status BACKUP	
Interface	VRRP Settings	
Firewall	Enable	
QoS	Virtual Router ID GE1	
DHCP	Virtual IP 192.168.1.254	
DDNS	Priority (7)	
Link Failover 5	Advertisement Interval(s)	
Routing	Preemption Mode  Track ID 1	<b>v</b>
VPN	Save 8	

# **Router B Configuration**

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WAN" and configure wired WAN connection as below.

		Apply 2 adm
Status	Port WAN (2) LAN VLAN Trunk Ce	ellular Loopback
Network 👻	— WAN_1	
Interface ①	Enable	
Firewall	Port GE 0	
QoS	Connection Type Static IP •	
DHCP	IP Address 10.10.0.12	
DDNS	Netmask         3         255.255.255.0           Gateway         10.10.0.1	
Link Failover	MTU 1500	
Routing	Primary DNS Server 8.8.8.8	
VPN	Secondary DNS Server 4.4.4.4	
System 🕨	Enable NAT	
Industrial 🕨	IP Address	Netmask Operation
Maintenance		Ð
APP 🕨	Save & Apply (4)	

2. Go to "Network > Link Failover > SLA" and configure SLA probe. The default probe type is ICMP. The destination address is the host address which can be probed by ICMP in public network or private network. Other parameters can be kept as default value.

Status	SLA	Track	VRRP WA	N Fallover							
letwork	SLA Entry										
Interface	ID	Туре	Destination Address	Secondary Destination Address	Data Size	Interval(s)	Timeout(ms)	PING Times	Packet Loss Rate	Start Time	Operation
Firewall	1	icmp-echo	• 114.114.114.114	8.8.8.8	56	30	5000	5	20	now 🔻	×
QoS											8
DHCP	Sava										
DDNS											

 Go to "Network > Link Failover > Track" and configure link track parameters. You can use the default Track settings.

Status	SLA	Track	VRRP	WAN Failove	r		
Network 🔻	Track Object						
Interface	ID	Туре	SLA ID	Interface	Negative Delay(s)	Positive Delay(s)	Operation
	1	sla	• <u>1</u> •	cellular0 v	0	] [1	
Firewall							Ð
QoS		_					
DHCP	Save						
DDNS							

4. Go to "Network > Link Failover > VRRP" and configure VRRP parameters as below.

		9 Apply
Status	SLA Track VRRP 6 WAN	Failover
Network 🔻	VRRP Status Status DISABLE	
Interface	VRRP Settings	
Firewall	Enable	
QoS	Interface GE1	
DHCP	Virtual IP	
DDNS	Priority (7)	
Link Failover 5	Advertisement Interval(s)           Preemption Mode	
Routing	Track ID	•
VPN	Save 8	

Once you complete all configurations, click "Apply" button on the top-right corner to make changes take effect.

**Result**: normally, A is the master router, used as the default gateway. When the power of Router A is down or Router A suffers from failure, Router B will become the master router, used as the default gateway. With Preemption Mode enabled, Router A will be master and Router B will demote back to be the backup once Router A can access the Internet again.

# **Related Topics**

VRRP Setting

Track Setting

SLA Setting

# 5.16 Static Routing Application Example

Static routing can build up the communication between 2 different private networks.

# **Application Example**

The UR75 Router A and the UR75 Router B are connected with GE 0 (WAN) port as shown in the following topological graph.



Add static routing in A and B to make PC1 and PC2 communicate with each other.

# **Configuration Steps**

# Configure the Router A

- 1. Go to "Network > Routing > Static Routing".
- 2. Click "
  "
  to set a new static routing parameters as below. Track ID can be null.

	_INK					5	Apply	💄 adn	nin E
Status		Static Routing	RIP	OSPF	Ro	outing Filtering			
Network	-	Static Routing							
		Destination	Ne	etmask	Interface	Gateway	Distance	Track ID	Operation
Interface	3 <	192.168.2.0	255.255	.255.0	GE0 T	10.10.0.12	1	T	
Firewall						[			
QoS		0.0.0	255.255	.255.0	GE0 V	10.10.0.1	1	•	×
									Ð
DHCP									
DDNS		Save	4)						
Link Failover									
Routing	1								

Click "Save" and "Apply" button.

# **Configure the Router B**

Repeat the above configuration steps on the Router B and configure the routing parameters as below.

Status		Static Routing	2	RIP	OSPF	F	Routing Filtering			
Network	. 1	Static Routing								
		Destinatio	n	Netma	isk	Interface	Gateway	Distance	Track ID	Operation
Interface	3 <	192.168.1.0		255 255 255	0	GE0 •	10.10.0.11	1	•	
Firewall		0.0.0		255 255 255	.0	GE0 🔻	10.10.0.1	1	•	
QoS										8
DHCP										
DDNS		Save	4							
Link Failover										

Click "Save" and "Apply" button.

# **Related Topic**

**Static Routing** 

# 5.17 Dynamic Routing Application Example

#### Example

The UR75 Router A and the UR75 Router B are connected with GE 0 (WAN) port. Refer to the below topological graph.



Add dynamic routing in Router A and Router B to establish communication between PC1 and PC2.

# Configuration Steps

# **Router A Configuration**

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WAN" and configure WAN parameters.

_	WAN_1	
	Enable	•
	Port	GE 0
	Connection Type	Static IP 🔹
	IP Address	192.168.2.24
	Netmask	255.255.255.0
	Gateway	192.168.2.1
	MTU	1500
	Primary DNS Server	8.8.8.8
	Secondary DNS Server	
	Enable NAT	•

2. Go to "Network > Interface > LAN" and configure LAN parameters.

Port	IP Address	Netmask	MTU	Operation
SE1 •	192.168.1.3	255.255.255.0	1500	

3. Go to "Network > Routing > RIP" and configure dynamic routing parameters.

30	s	
180	s	
120	s	
v2	•	
	Netmask	Operation
	255.255.255.0	
	255.255.255.0	×
	30 180 120 v2	30 S 180 S 120 S √2 ▼ Netmask

Click "Save" and "Apply" button.

# **Router B Configuration**

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WAN" and configure WAN parameters.

2. Go to "Network > Interface > LAN" and configure LAN parameters.

L	AN Settings					
	Port IF	Address	Netmask		MTU	Operation
[	GE1 • 192.168.3	.1	255.255.255.0	1500	]	×
-	WAN_1					
	Enable	•				
	Port	GE 0				
	Connection Type	Static IP	•			
	IP Address	192.168.2.55				
	Netmask	255.255.255.0				
	Gateway 192.168.2.1			J		
	MTU	1500				
	Primary DNS Server	8.8.8.8				
	Secondary DNS Server					
	Enable NAT					

3. Go to "Network > Routing > RIP" and configure dynamic routing parameters.

nable		
Update Timer	30	s
Timeout Timer	180	s
Garbage Collection Timer	120	s
Version	v2	*

IP Address	Netmask	Operation
192.168.3.0	255.255.255.0	×
192.168.2.0	255.255.255.0	

#### Click "Save" and "Apply" button.

Once you complete all configurations, PC1 and PC2 can communicate with each other.

#### **Related Topic**

**RIP Setting** 

# 5.18 NAT Application Example

# Example

An UR75 router can access Internet via cellular. GE 1 port is connected with a Web server whose IP address is 192.168.1.2 and port is 8000. Configure the router to make public network access the server.

#### **Configuration Steps**

Go to "Firewall > Port Mapping" and configure port mapping parameters.

URSA	LIN	<					5	Apply	<b>a</b> dmin
Status		ACL	DMZ	Port N	lapping (2)	MAC Binding			
Network	-	Port Mapp	ing						
Interface		Sc	urce IP	Source Port	Destinatio	n IP Destination Port	on Protocol	Descriptio	on Operation
Firewall	1	3 ( 0.0.0/0		8000	192.168.1.2	8000	TCP •	server	
QoS									Ð
DHCP		Save	4						

Click "Save" and "Apply" button.

# **Related Topic**

Port Mapping

## 5.19 Access Control Application Example

### **Application Example**

GE 1 port of the UR75 is set as LAN with IP 192.168.1.0/24. Then configure the router to deny accessing to Google IP 198.98.108.64 from local device with IP 192.168.1.12.

# **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to "Network > Firewall > ACL" to configure access control list. Click "+" button to set parameters as below. Then click "Save" button.

Status	ACL 2 DMZ	Port Mapp	ing MAC Binding	9	
Network	ACL Setting Default Filter Policy				
Interface	Access Control List	Accept	T		
Firewall 1		(	Туре	extended	•
QoS			ID	100	
DHCP			Action	deny	•
DDNS			Protocol	ip	•
		3	Source IP	192.168.1.12	
Link Failover			Source Wildcard Mask	0.0.0.255	
Routing			Destination IP	198.98.108.64	
VPN			Destination Wildcard Mask	0.0.255	
			Description	google	
System			(4) Save	Cancel	

2. Configure interface list. Then click "Save" and "Apply" button.

	[						7	Apply	💄 admin 🛛 🗧
Status		ACL	DMZ	Port Mapping	MAC Binding				
Network 👻		ACL Setting							
Interface		Default Filter Po		Accept	T				
Firewall		ID	Action	Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	More Detail	Description	Operation
QoS		100	deny	ip	192.168.1.12/0.0.0.255	198.98.108.64/0.0.0.255		google	×
DHCP									Ŧ
DDNS	Ð	nterface List							
Link Failover			Interface		In /	ACL	Out /	ACL	Operation
Routing	5	GE1		•	100	¥		•	×
VPN									Ŧ
System 🕨		Save	6						

# **Related Topic**

<u>ACL</u>

# 5.20 QoS Application Example

# Example

Configure the UR75 router to distribute local preference to different FTP download channels. The total download bandwidth is 75000 kbps.

Note: the "Total Download Bandwidth" should be less than the real maximum bandwidth of WAN or cellular interface.

FTP Server IP & Port	Percent	Max Bandwidth(kbps)	Min Bandwidth(kbps)
110.21.24.98:21	40%	30000	25000
110.32.91.44:21	60%	45000	40000

# **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to "Network > QoS > QoS(Download)" to enable QoS and set the total download bandwidth.

Download Bandwidth		
Enable		
Default Class	•	]
Download Bandwidth Capacity	75000	kbits/s

2. Please find "Service Classes" option, and click "⁺" to set up service classes.

# Note: the percents must add up to 100%.

Name	Percent(%)	Max BW(kbps)	Min BW(kbps)	Operation
1	40	30000	25000	
2	60	45000	40000	×

3. Please find "Classification Rules" option, and click "
"
to set up rules."

Name	Source IP	Source Port	Destination IP	Destination Port	Proto	col	Servio	e Class	Operatio
ftp1	110.21.24.98	21			ANY	~	1	~	×
ftp2	110.32.91.44	21			ANY	~	2	~	X

Click "Save" and "Apply" button.

Note: IP/Port: null refers to any IP address/port.

# **Related Topic**

**QoS Setting** 

# 5.21 DTU Application Example

Example

PLC is connected with the UR75 via RS232. Then enable DTU function of the UR75 to make a remote TCP server communicate with PLC. Refer to the following topological graph.

RS232	LTE Router		Server IP: Server	Server 110.87.98.58 Port:7087 92.168.2.27
	Serial Parameters of	f the PLC		
	Baud Rate	9600		
	Data Bit	8		
	Stop Bit	1		
	Parity	None		

# **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to "Industrial > Serial Port > Serial 1" and configure serial port parameters. The serial port parameter shall be kept in consistency with those of PLC, as shown in figure below.

URSA	LINK	
Status		Serial 1 2 Serial 2
Network	۲.	Serial Settings
		Enable 🖉
System	•	Serial Type RS232 v
		Baud Rate 9600 v
Industrial	•	Data Bits
I/O		Stop Bits 1
Serial Port	(1)	Parity None •
		Software Flow Control

2. Configure Serial Mode as "DTU Mode". The UR75 is connected as client in "Transparent" protocol.

System •	Serial Mode	DTU Mode	•
Industrial	DTU Protocol	Transparent	
	Protocol	ТСР	•
VO	Keepalive Interval	75	S
Serial Port	Keepalive Retry Times	9	
Modbus TCP	Packet Size	1024	Bytes
	Serial Frame Interval	100	ms
GPS	Reconnect Interval	10	s
Maintenance	Specific Protocol		
	Register String	modem1	

3. Configure TCP server IP and port.

Server Address	Server Port	Status	Operation
110.87.98.58	7087		×
	·		Ð

4. Once you complete all configurations, click "Save" and "Apply" button.

	Apply	admin 🙎	Ð	
Destination IP Address				
Server Address	Server Port		Status	Operation
110.87.98.58	7087		Connected	
				<b>H</b>

5. Start TCP server on PC.

Take "Netassist" test software as example. Make sure port mapping is already done.



6. Connect the UR75 to PC via RS232 for PLC simulation. Then start "sscom" software on the PC to test communication through serial port.

ComNum	COM9	•	CloseCom
BaudRa	9600	-	DTR 🗆
DataBi	8	•	Send eve 10
StopBi	1	-	SendHEX 🗌
Verifyl	None	•	Data input:
FlowCon	None	-	helllo
and the state of the		0.0	e le ce

7. After connection is established between the UR75 and the TCP server, you can send data between sscom and Netassit.

# PC side



# **TCP** server side

	NetAssist (V3.7) 🛛 🔶 – 🗆 🗙
Settings	Data Receive
(1) Protocol	[Receive from 220.249.163.119 : 19049]:
TCP Server 💌	ursalink_modem1hellohellohellohellohellohellohellohell
(2) Local host IP	
192.168.2.27	
(3) Local host por	
7087	
• Disconnect	
Recv Options	
🔲 Receive to file	
🥅 Add line return	
🔲 Receive As HEX	
🗖 Receive Pause	
<u>Save</u> <u>Clear</u>	
Send Options	
🔲 Data from file	
🔲 Auto Checksum	
🔲 Auto Clear Input	
🔽 Send As Hex	
🗖 Send Cyclic	Peers: All Connections 💌
Interval 1000 ms	test
Load Clear	Send
🎯 Ready!	Send : 208 Recv : 177 Reset

8. After serial communication test is done, you can connect PLC to RS232 port of the UR75 for test.

# **Related Topic**

# Serial Port

### 5.22 PPTP Application Example

#### Example

Configure the UR75 as PPTP client to connect to a PPTP server in order to have data transferred securely. Refer to the following topological graph.



## **Configuration Steps**

 Go to "Network > VPN > PPTP", configure PPTP server IP address, username and password provided by PPTP server.

Note: If you want to have all data transferred through VPN tunnel, check "Global Traffic Forwarding" option.

Status	DI	MVPN	IPsec	GRE	L2TP	PPTP
Network 🔻	Ce	ertifications				
Interface	PP'	TP Settings				
Firewall	-	- PPTP_1				
QoS		Enable				
DHCP		Remote IP /	Address		110.87.98.58	
DDNS		Username Password			pptpserver	
Link Failover		Authenticati	on		Auto	
Routing		Global Traff	ic Forwarding			
VPN		Remote Sul	bnet			
System 🕨		Remote Sul Advanced S				

If you want to access peer subnet such as 192.168.3.0/24, you need to configure the subnet and mask to add the route.

Remote Subnet	192.168.3.0	
Remote Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	

2. Check "Show Advanced" option, and you will see the advanced settings.

DMVPN IP	sec (	GRE L2TP	PPTP	OpenVPN Client	OpenVPN Server	Certifications
Show Advanced						
Local IP Address						
Peer IP Address						
Enable NAT						
Enable MPPE						
Address/Control C	ompression					
Protocol Field Con	npression					
Asyncmap Value		fffffff				
MRU		1500				
мти		1500				
Link Detection Inte	erval (s)	60				
Max Retries		0				
Expert Options						

If the PPTP server requires MPPE encryption, then you need to check "Enable MPPE" option.

Enable MPPE	
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If the PPTP server assigns fixed tunnel IP to the client, then you can fill in the local tunnel IP and remote tunnel IP, shown as below.

Local IP Address	205.205.0.100	
Peer IP Address	205.205.0.1	

Otherwise PPTP server will assign tunnel IP randomly.

Click "Save" button when you complete all settings, and then the advanced settings will be hidden again. Then click "Apply" button to have the configurations take effect.

3. Go to "Status > VPN" and check PPTP connection status.

PPTP is established as shown below.

Local IP: the client tunnel IP.

Remote IP: the server tunnel IP.

	ALIN	к					💄 admin	
Status		Overview	Cellular	Network	VPN	Routing	Host List	
Network	•	PPTP Tunnel						
			Name	Status	Local IP		Remote IP	
System			pptp_1	Connected	120.205.0.100		205.205.0.1/32	
Industrial	•		pptp_2	Disconnected	-		-	
Maintenance	•		pptp_3	Disconnected	-			

Related Topics
PPTP Setting
PPTP Status

[END]